# **Developments of Islamic Banking in Bangladesh**

October- December, 2016

Quarterly Report Preparation Committee<sup>1</sup>

Chairman

Dr. Md. Akhtaruzzaman Economic Adviser

# Coordinator

Md. Abdul Awwal Sarker General Manager

## **Team Member**

Nazmun Nahar Mily Deputy General Manager Razeul Islam Assistant Director

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Report has been prepared by Internal and Islamic Economics Division, Research Department, Bangladesh Bank (Central Bank of Bangladesh). Feedbacks are welcome. Feedbacks may be sent to Nazmun Nahar Mily, Deputy General Manager, Research Department, Bangladesh Bank. E-mail: <u>nazmun.mily@bb.org.bd</u>, Razeul Islam, Assistant Director, Research Department, Bangladesh Bank. E-mail: <u>nazmun.mily@bb.org.bd</u>, Razeul Islam, Assistant Director, Research Department, Bangladesh Bank. E-mail: <u>nazmun.mily@bb.org.bd</u>, Razeul Islam, Assistant Director, Research Department, Bangladesh Bank. E-mail: <u>nazmun.mily@bb.org.bd</u>, Razeul Islam, Assistant Director, Research Department, Bangladesh Bank. E-mail: <u>nazwol.siam@bb.org.bd</u>,

## **Developments of Islamic Banking Industry in Bangladesh during October-December 2016**

Islamic banking is one of the fastest growing segments of the financial market industry, operating in over 75 countries through 300 institutions. The introduction of interest-free and equity-based Islamic banking system, proved its significance in the country's money market which continued to show strong growth since its inception in 1983 in tandem with the growth in the economy, as reflected by the increased market share as well as in mobilizing deposits and financing key sectors of the economy in Bangladesh. This report gives an overview of the Islamic Banking Industry regarding the developments taking place during the October-December 2016 quarter. As at the end of December 2016, 8 full-fledged Islamic banks are operating with 1047 branches out of total 9654 branches of the banking industry; in addition, 18 Islamic banking branches of 9 conventional commercial banks and 25 Islamic banking windows of 8 conventional commercial banks are also providing Islamic financial services in Bangladesh. At the end of October-December 2016 quarter, deposits, investments and the investment deposit ratio of Islamic banking industry grew by 5.37%, 6.36% and 0.95% respectively while surplus liquidity and remittances collection declined by 6.05% and 2.23% respectively compared to the previous quarter. Islamic Banking Industry accounted for more than one-fifth share of the entire banking industry in terms of deposits and investments at the end of the quarter under review.

## Highlights on Islamic Banking Sector in Bangladesh, October-December 2016

- ✓ Total Deposits in Islamic banking industry reached at Tk. 187694.90 crores at the end of October-December 2016 quarter, which increased by Tk. 9557.66 crores or by 5.37% compared to previous quarter and by Tk. 24599.66 crores or by 15.08% compared to corresponding quarter of the last year.
- ✓ Total Investments (Loans in conventional sense) in Islamic banking sector stood at Tk. 168957.48 crores at the end of October-December 2016 quarter, which went up by Tk. 10104.91 crores or by 6.36% and by Tk. 25757.01 crores or by 17.99% compared to previous quarter and same quarter of the preceding year respectively.
- ✓ Investment-Deposit Ratio (Credit-Deposit Ratio in conventional sense) reached at 0.90 in October-December 2016 quarter which was 0.89 at the previous quarter and 0.88 at the end of December 2015.
- ✓ Surplus Liquidity of Islamic banking industry stood at Tk. 10415.44 crores at the end of October-December 2016 quarter, which was lower by Tk. 670.16 crores (6.05%) and Tk. 2700.36 crores (20.59%) compared to the previous quarter and corresponding quarter of the preceding year respectively.
- ✓ Total Remittances mobilized by the Islamic banking sector stood at Tk. 9169.64 crores at the end of October-December 2016 quarter, which was lower by Tk. 208.95 crores or by 2.23% and Tk. 609.27 crores or by 6.23% compared to previous quarter and same quarter of the preceding year respectively.
- ✓ The Number of Branches of Islamic banking sector including Islamic branches/windows of conventional commercial banks stood at 1090 at the end of the quarter under review which was 1049 during the previous quarter and 1009 during the same quarter of the last year.
- ✓ Total Manpower in Islamic banking sector was 29176 in number at the end of the quarter under review which was greater by 332 persons than that of the last quarter and by 1507 persons compared to the same quarter of the last year.

Table 1: Islamic Dan	0		0 /	JCIODCI-L		2010	
	December- 16#	September- 16	December- 15	Cha	nges	% Cha	
	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter		0		Ŭ
	-		-	Quarterly	Annual	Quarterly	Annual
Total Deposits* ( Taka in Crore)	<b>187694.90</b>	178137.24	163095.24	9557.66	24599.66	5.37	15.08
a) Full-fledged Islamic Banks	178861.93	169608.57	155023.25	9253.36	23838.68	5.46	15.38
b) Conventional banks having Islamic banking branches	5284.57	5163.46	5189.24	121.10	95.33	2.35	1.84
c) Islamic banking windows	3548.40	3365.20	2882.76	183.20	665.65	5.44	23.09
Total Investments* (Taka in Crore)	168957.48	158852.57	143200.46	10104.91	25757.01	6.36	17.99
a) Full-fledged Islamic Banks	160831.13	151698.47	134989.46	9132.67	25841.67	6.02	19.14
b) Conventional banks having Islamic banking	5185.84	4388.02	6147.85	797.83	-962.00	18.18	-
branches							15.648
c) Islamic banking windows	2940.50	2766.08	2063.15	174.42	877.34	6.31	42.52
Investment/Deposit Ratio	0.90	0.89	0.88	0.01	0.02	0.95	2.52
a) Full-fledged Islamic Banks	0.90	0.89	0.87	0.00	0.03	0.54	3.26
b) Conventional banks having Islamic banking	0.98	0.85	1.18	0.13	-0.20	15.47	-17.17
branches							
c) Islamic banking windows	0.83	0.82	0.72	0.01	0.11	0.82	15.79
Liquidity Surplus(+)/Deficit(-) (Taka in Crore)	10415.44	11085.60	13115.80	-670.16	-2700.36	-6.05	-20.59
a) Full-fledged Islamic Banks	9510.71	9688.56	12091.97	-177.85	-2581.26	-1.84	-21.35
b) Conventional banks having Islamic banking branches	472.51	710.20	542.45	-237.69	-69.94	-33.47	-12.89
c) Islamic banking windows	432.22	686.84	481.39	-254.62	-49.16	-37.07	-10.21
Total Remittances (Taka in Crore)	9169.64	9378.59	9778.91	-208.95	-609.27	-2.23	-6.23
a) Full-fledged Islamic Banks	9074.99	9301.68	9685.17	-226.69	-610.18	-2.44	-6.30
b) Conventional banks having Islamic banking branches	85.80	73.50	91.99	12.30	-6.19	16.73	-6.73
c) Islamic banking windows	8.85	3.41	1.75	5.44	7.10	159.49	405.61
Total Branches	1090	1049	1009	41	81	3.91	8.03
a) Full-fledged Islamic Banks	1047	1006	965	41	82	4.08	8.50
b) Conventional banks having Islamic banking	18	18	19	0	-1	0.00	-5.26
branches							
c) Islamic banking windows	25	25	25	0	0	0.00	0.00
Total Manpower	29176	28844	27669	332	1507	1.15	5.45
a) Full-fledged Islamic Banks	28323	28278	27087	45	1236	0.16	4.56
b) Conventional banks having Islamic banking branches	395	399	421	-4	-26	-1.00	-6.18
c) Islamic banking windows	171	167	161	4	10	2.40	6.21
-,		- 07		•	10	=	

## Table 1: Islamic Banking Activities in Bangladesh, October-December2016

\* = Excluding Inter-Bank Items

# Provisional

	October-December 2016 #					
Items	All Banks	Islamic Banks	Share of Islamic Banks Among All Banks			
	1	2	3=(2/1*100)			
Total Deposits (In Crore Taka)	840268.20	187694.90	22.34			
Total Credit (In Crore Taka)	713113.00	168957.48	23.69			
Remittances (In Crore Taka)	22953.14	9169.64	39.95			
Total Excess Liquidity (In Crore Taka)	125951.87	10415.44	8.27			
Total Number of Bank Branches	9654	1090	11.29			
Total Agricultural Credit (In Crore Taka)	9933.05	878.88	8.85			

## Table 2: Islamic Banking Activities compared with all banks in Bangladesh

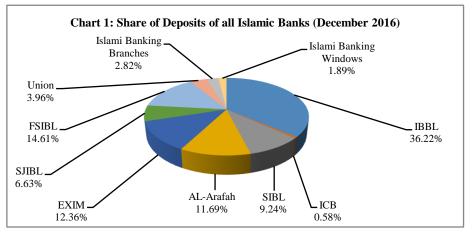
Source: Statistics Department, DOS & BRPD, Bangladesh Bank. # Provisional

## **Mobilization of Deposits**

Total deposits of Islamic banking industry stood at Tk. 187694.90 crores at the end of the quarter October-December 2016, which was higher by 9557.66 crores (5.37%) and by Tk. 24599.66 crores or by 15.08% respectively as compared to the previous quarter and the corresponding quarter of the preceding year. Among total deposits, demand deposit was Tk. 21384.09 crores and time deposit was Tk. 166310.81 crores. The share of total deposits of Islami banks accounted for 22.34% among all banks during the period under review.

Total deposits of the eight fullbanks fledged Islamic accounted for 95.29% of deposits of the Islamic banking industry. Deposits of 8 fullfledged Islamic banks stood at Tk. 178861.93 crores as on end December 2016.

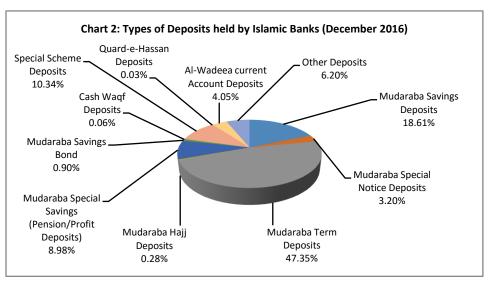
Among Islamic banks, Islami Bank Bangladesh Limited accounted for the biggest share of deposits (36.22%) [chart-1],



followed by First Security Islami Bank Ltd.(14.61%), Exim Bank Ltd. (12.36%), Al-Arafah Islami Bank Ltd. (11.69%), Social Islami Bank Ltd. (9.24%), Shahjalal Islami Bank Ltd. (6.63%), Union Bank Limited (3.96%), Islami banking branches (2.82%), Islami banking windows (1.89%) and ICB Islamic Bank Limited (0.58%).

## **Types of Deposits**

Among different types of of the Islamic deposits Banking industry, Mudaraba Term Deposits secured the highest position (47.35%) [chart-2] followed by Mudaraba Savings Deposits (MSD) (18.61%), Special Scheme Deposit (10.34%), Mudaraba Special Savings pension/profit) Deposits (8.98%),Other deposits (6.20%), Current Account Deposits (4.05%), Mudaraba



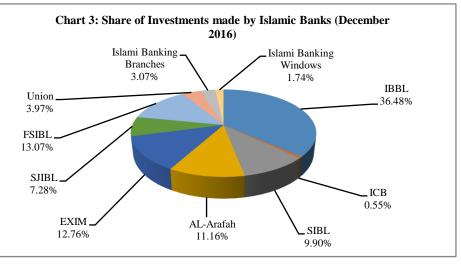
Special Notice Deposits (3.20%), Mudaraba Savings Bond (0.90%) etc.

## Investments

Total amount of investments in Islamic Banking industry reached at Tk. 168957.48 crores at the end of the quarter October-December 2016. During the quarter under review, investments increased by 6.36% and 17.99% respectively as compared to the previous quarter and the corresponding quarter of the

preceding year. The share of total Investment of Islamic banks accounted for 23.69% among all banks.

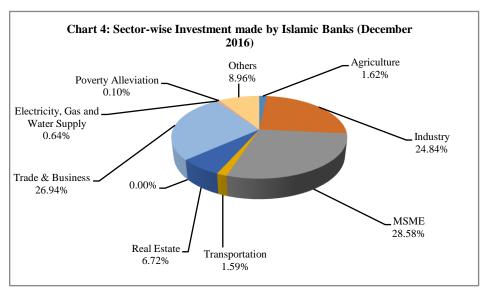
Among total investments of Islami banks, 95.19% were made by 8 full-fledged Islamic 3.07% banks, by the Islamic scheduled banks' banking branches and the rest the 1.74% by scheduled banks' Islamic banking windows. As in the case of Islami Bank deposits,



Bangladesh Ltd. attained the highest share in investments which was 36.48% at the end of the quarter October-December 2016, (chart-3). The share of investments made by other Islamic banks included First Security Islami Bank Ltd (13.07%), EXIM Bank Ltd. (12.76%), Al Arafah Islami Bank Ltd. (11.16%), Social Islami Bank Ltd (9.90%), Shahjalal Islami Bank (7.28%), Union Bank (3.97%), Islami banking branches (3.07%), Islami banking windows (1.74%) and ICB Islami Bank Ltd (0.55%).

#### **Sector-wise Investments**

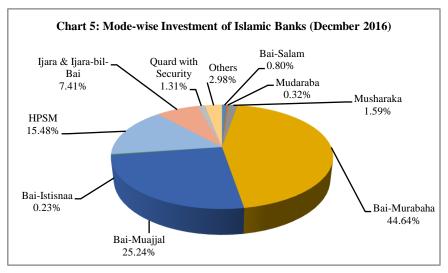
After analyzing the sectorwise investment, it can be observed that investment in the MSME (Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises) sector was the highest among all sectors which stood at 28.58% (chart-4) at the end of the quarter October-December 2016. The next position was occupied by Business & Trade sector (26.94%)followed bv Industrial sector (24.84%), others (8.96%), Real Estate



(6.72%), Agriculture (1.62%), Transportation (1.59%), Electricity, Gas and Water supply (0.64%) and Poverty Alleviation (0.10%).

#### **Mode-wise Investments**

The analysis mode-wise of investment revealed that the highest investments was made Bai-Murabaha through mode (44.64%) at the end of the quarter October-December 2016, [chart-5] followed by **Bai-Muajjal** (25.24%), HPSM (15.48%), Ijara & Ijara-bil-Bai (7.41%), others (2.98%), Musharaka (1.59%),Quard with Security (1.31%), Bai-Salam (0.80%), Mudaraba (0.32%) and Bai-Istisna (0.23%).



## Investment situation in the Agricultural sector

Islamic Banking Industry has made tangible contributions in sectors and sub-sectors of agricultural and rural investment programs. During October-December 2016 quarter, investments in agricultural sector made by Islamic banking Industry reached at Tk.878.88 crores which was higher by Tk. 128.85 crores and by Tk. 231.10 crores than the previous quarter and the same quarter of the preceding year respectively. The share of total agricultural investment of Islamic banks accounted for 8.85% among all

banks during the quarter under review. Summary of Investments in Agricultural Sector under the Islamic banking framework is provided in table-3:

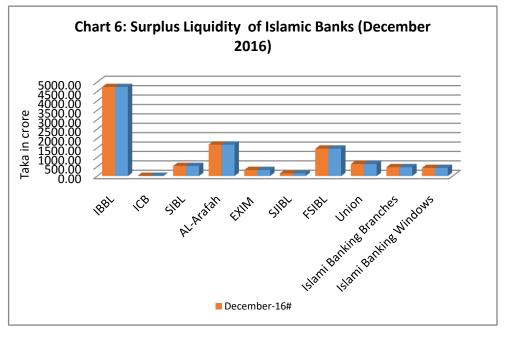
	Total In							ta in crore)	
		vestment	Agricultural Sector						
	Target	Actual Investment	Investment Target	Actual Investmen t/Disburse ment	Recovery	Investment/ Outstanding	Overdue Investment	Classified Investme nt	
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
ber-16#	28125.18	50666.87	497.79	878.88	652.61	2740.57	265.99	913.53	
mber-16	28147.97	42197.28	490.72	750.03	544.83	2420.68	296.99	1114.25	
December-15		55602.90	439.77	647.78	590.82	2374.88	526.46	821.54	
arterly	-22.79	8469.59	7.07	128.85	107.78	319.89	-31.00	-200.73	
nual	-11001.10	-4936.03	58.02	231.10	61.79	365.69	-260.47	91.99	
n	nber-16 nber-15 arterly	2 ber-16# 28125.18 nber-16 28147.97 nber-15 39126.29 arterly -22.79	2 3   per-16# 28125.18 50666.87   nber-16 28147.97 42197.28   nber-15 39126.29 55602.90   arterly -22.79 8469.59	Investment Target   2 3 4   per-16# 28125.18 50666.87 497.79   nber-16 28147.97 42197.28 490.72   nber-15 39126.29 55602.90 439.77   arterly -22.79 8469.59 7.07	Investment Target Investment/Disburse ment   2 3 4 5   per-16# 28125.18 50666.87 497.79 878.88   aber-16 28147.97 42197.28 490.72 750.03   aber-15 39126.29 55602.90 439.77 647.78   arterly -22.79 8469.59 7.07 128.85	Investment Target Investment   2 3 4 5 6   per-16# 28125.18 50666.87 497.79 878.88 652.61   aber-16 28147.97 42197.28 490.72 750.03 544.83   aber-15 39126.29 55602.90 439.77 647.78 590.82   arterly -22.79 8469.59 7.07 128.85 107.78	Investment Target Investmen t/Disburse ment Outstanding   2 3 4 5 6 7   per-16# 28125.18 50666.87 497.79 878.88 652.61 2740.57   aber-16 28147.97 42197.28 490.72 750.03 544.83 2420.68   aber-15 39126.29 55602.90 439.77 647.78 590.82 2374.88   arterly -22.79 8469.59 7.07 128.85 107.78 319.89	Investment Target Investmen t/Disburse ment Outstanding Investment   2 3 4 5 6 7 8   ber-16# 28125.18 50666.87 497.79 878.88 652.61 2740.57 265.99   nber-16 28147.97 42197.28 490.72 750.03 544.83 2420.68 296.99   nber-15 39126.29 55602.90 439.77 647.78 590.82 2374.88 526.46   arterly -22.79 8469.59 7.07 128.85 107.78 319.89 -31.00	

**Table-3: Summary of Investments in Agricultural Sector** 

<sup>#</sup> Provisional

#### **Liquidity Situation**

At the end of the quarter October-December 2016. surplus liquidity in the Islamic banking sector Tk.10415.44 stood at crores which was lower by Tk. 670.16 crores or by 6.05% and by Tk. 2700.36 crores or by 20.59% than the last quarter and the quarter same of the previous year respectively. The surplus liquidity of 8 Islamic banks, Islamic banking branches of conventional

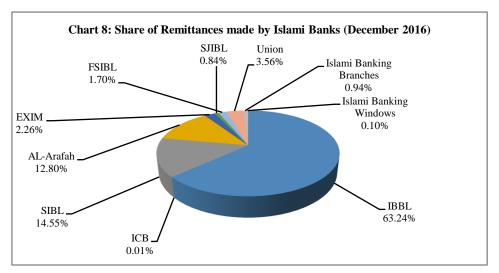


banks and Islamic windows of 7 conventional banks stood at Tk. 9510.71 crores, Tk. 472.51 crores and Tk. 432.22 crores respectively. Actually Islamic banks in Bangladesh have been facing excess liquidity problem since long as they could not invest in Government Treasury Bills and Bonds because of the very interest bearing nature of those monetary instruments. For this, the amount of surplus liquidity of most of the Islamic banks is increasing day by day which have been affecting their net profit and increasing the cost of fund. The share of total excess liquidity of Islamic banks accounted for 6.89% among all banks during the period under review. Summary of liquidity situation in the Islamic Banking sector is shown in chart 6.

#### **Remittances Mobilized by the Islamic Banking Sector**

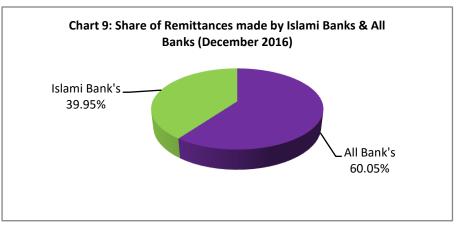
Islamic Banking Industry is playing a vital role in collecting foreign remittances and disbursing the

transferring among same beneficiaries across the country. During October-December 2016 amount of remitances reached at Tk. 9169.64 crores which was lower by Tk. 208.95 crores or by 2.23% and Tk. 609.27 crores or by 6.23% than the previous quarter and the corresponding quarter of the respectively. last year Among the Islamic banks, Islami Bank Bangladesh Ltd.



occupied the top position (63.24%) in respect of remittance collection at the end of December 2016. The shares of remittance of other Islamic banks included Social Islami Bank Ltd (14.55%), Al Arafah Islami Bank Ltd. (12.80%), Union Bank Ltd (3.56%), EXIM Bank Ltd. (2.26%), First Security Islami Bank Ltd (1.70%), Shahjalal Islami Bank (0.84%) and Islamic banking branches(0.94%).

The Islamic Banking Industry accounted for 39.95% share of remittances collected by the entire banking industry at the end of the quarter under review. Remittance collections of all scheduled banks, all Islamic banks and Islamic banking branches/windows of conventional banks are provided in chart-8.



#### **Expansion of Branches**

The number of Islamic Banking branches (including Islamic branches of conventional banks and windows) stood at 1090 at the end of the quarter under review which was 1049 at the end of the previous quarter and was 1009 at the end of the preceding quarter of December 2015. At the end of October-December 2016 quarter, among the Islamic Banking Industry, 8 full-fledged Islamic banks had 1047 branches, 9 conventional commercial banks had 18 and 7 conventional banks had 25 windows. The share of total bank branches of Islami banks among all scheduled banks accounted for 11.29% at the end of the quarter under review is shown in Table-4.

Name of the Bank		Urban	Rural*	Total	
<b>A</b> )	Full-fledged Islamic Banks	629	418	1047	
1	Islami Bank Bangladesh Limited *	224	94	318	
2	ICB Islamic Bank Limited	28	5	33	
3	Social Islami Bank Limited *	67	58	125	
4	Al-Arafah Islami Bank Limited	71	69	140	
5	EXIM Bank Limited	63	50	113	
6	Shahjalal Islami Bank Limited	65	38	103	
7	First Security Islami Bank Limited	82	76	158	
8	Union Bank Limited	29	28	57	
<b>B</b> )	Islamic banking branches of Conventional banks	17	1	18	
1	The City bank Limited	1	0	1	
2	AB Bank Limited	1	0	1	
3	Dhaka Bank Limited	2	0	2	
4	Premier Bank Limited	1	0	1	
5	Prime Bank Limited	5	0	5	
6	Southeast Bank Limited	4	1	5	
7	Jamuna Bank Limited	2	0	2	
8	Bank Alfalah Limited	1	0	1	
9	HSBC Limited			0	
C)	Islamic banking windows of Conventional banks	25	0	25	
1	Sonali Bank Limited	5	0	5	
2	Janata Bank Limited**				
3	Agrani Bank Limited	5	0	5	
4	Pubali Bank Limited	2	0	2	
5	Trust Bank Limited	5	0	5	
6	Standard Bank Limited	2	0	2	
7	Bank Asia Limited	5	0	5	
8	Standard Chartered Bank	1	0	1	
<b>D</b> )	Total=A+B+C	671	419	1090	

Table-4: Number of Bank Branches of Islamic Banks (October-December, 2016)

\* Including SME \*\*Janata Bank Limited has obtained permission for starting Islamic Banking window from Bangladesh Bank, but not yet started.

## **Corporate Social Responsibility**

Islamic banks undertake and implement various types of social programs under Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities. Sources of funds of Islamic banks available for CSR activities include Zakat, compensation charges (penal charges from defaulting investment clients) and Sharia'h-permitted other sources of earnings. These funds are spent among different types of education, training, health and charity-based organizations in Bangladesh. Islamic banks serve the deprived and disadvantaged segments of people, who, because of extreme poverty, remain outside the purview of the conventional banking system; the banks make financial transactions based on human necessities and embark upon productivity-oriented projects or activities to reduce the incidence of poverty. Expenditure on CSR activities increased by 3.14% in this quarter compared to the previous quarter. At the end of October-December 2016 quarter, total expenditure on CSR activities of Islamic Banking Industry stood at Tk.43.92 crores which was Tk. 40.78 crores and Tk.65.01 crores during the previous quarter and preceding quarter of December 2015 respectively.

## Events Organized by the Islamic banks during the quarter

Islamic banks' Sharia'h Supervisory Boards have inspected 278 branches and 22 meetings held during the quarter October-December 2016. Total numbers of publications published by the Islamic banks are 23 including Islami Bank Bangladesh Ltd. 19 (4 Books, 02 in house Magazine & 13 Brochure) and First Security Islami Bank Ltd.4 during the quarter under review. Besides, Islamic banks have organized 13 seminar/workshop/conference and 72 training course in home and the participants of foreign training course is 9 in number for boost up the Sharia'h based knowledge of its employees during October-December 2016 quarter.

## **Concluding Remarks and Recommendations**

The Islamic banking in our country continued to grow at a rapid pace which is reflected by the increasing branch network of Islamic Banking Institutions. Islamic banking has been thriving in the vibrantly growing Bangladesh economy with avid participation of the Islamic banks in the financial inclusion campaign. Islamic Banking Industry in Bangladesh has been highly contributing to encourage economic growth and generate employment in the country to fulfill the vision of the government to reach the country at a Middle Income Level by the year 2021. Thereby, this banking industry with more than 20% market share and 29176 employees have been playing a very dominant role in mobilizing deposits and financing in the real sector industries, services and other key sectors of the economy and collecting 39.95% of total foreign remittances in Bangladesh.

During the quarter under review it is observed that, total profit of Islamic banking industry increased significantly due to increased their total deposit and investment compared to the previous quarter. Total investment increased this quarter mainly in the sector like Agriculture, Industry, Transport and Real Estate sector through the operational mechanism of different modes like Bai-Murabaha, Bai-Muajjal, Quard-e-Hassan without Service charge, Ijara-bil-Bai and HPSM (Hire Purchase under Sirkatul Melk). Despite the continuous growth of Islamic banking in the country, a large portion of the population remains unbanked, thus the full potential of the budding industry has not only to be unlocked yet but

also the numbers of rural branches of full-fledged Islamic banks have not increased as per expectation, and the activities of Islamic banking branches/windows of conventional banks as well are also not being expanded to the reach of the rural people. Besides, since SME financing is given highest importance as an important engine of economic growth and as a potential sector of investment in banking industry, most of the full-fledged Islamic banks have not yet fully utilized the refinance facilities extended by the Bangladesh Bank. Their branch activities should be redesigned as per Bangladesh Bank guidelines on sustainable green finance.

Role of the Islamic Banking industry, as a whole, in respect of Islamic Microfinance is not prominent. Since the core objectives of Islamic banking industry is to fulfill the Maqasid-al-Sharia'h i.e. to help expedite the financial inclusion drives with Islamic financial literacy programs to associate the poor and disadvantaged people of the country in small types of income generating activities so that they can get a space to live as a respectable human being. As the bulk of the investments made by Islamic banks have been concentrated in trade and rent-related sectors, they should invest more in socially desirable and sustainable real sectors especially in micro, share-cropping, non-traditional agriculture and small enterprises.

Islamic banking sector of the country may conduct some empirical research and surveys to redesign their investment policies because the investments made by these banks in true modes like Mudaraba and Musharaka are at a minimal level (only 1.91% of total investments). They should pay more attention in R & D to devising the proper guidelines and policies to promoting investments under Mudaraba and Musharaka modes. Furthermore, to strengthening the knowledge-base of manpower they should also introduce cutting-edge leadership development training programs combining with Sharia'h, finance and economics as well as on emerging country economic and financial issues in their training institutes. They may also consider to have cross-border experiences of Islamic banking to enrich their knowledge and experiences through arranging seminar and conferences on regular basis.

Lastly, the role of Islamic banking provides a new outlook in promoting investment, productive activities, influencing distribution of income and economic stability in Bangladesh. Islamic banks through profit and loss sharing mode of investment including Zakat, Awkalf and charitable activities can be an alternative pathway to reduce poverty in Bangladesh. As the people of Bangladesh have strong desire to abide by the rules and principles set by Sharia'h, so the demand for interest free banking in Bangladesh is increasing tremendously. As sharia'h is the backbone of the Islamic banking industry, a comprehensive Islamic legal infrastructure with clear ground and commitment is necessary to help expedite Islamic financial industry to spur as it intended for ensuring human welfare.

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