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July 2026

Major Economic Indicators: Monthly Update



Monetary Policy Department (MPD)
BANGLADESH BANK

Contents	Page No.
Executive summary	1
1. Money and credit developments	2
2. Reserve money developments	3
3. Liquidity situation of the scheduled banks	4-5
A. Bank group-wise liquid assets	4
B. Liquidity indicators of the scheduled banks	5
4. Financial sector prices	6-8
A. Monthly weighted average yields on bills, bonds, BB policy rate and call money rate	6
B. Interest rate spread of banks and non-bank financial companies	7
C. Sector-wise breakdown of interest rate spread of all scheduled banks	8
5. Capital market developments	9
6. Public finance	10-12
A. Government tax revenue collections	10
B. Sale and repayment of National Savings Certificates (NSCs)	11
C. Government deficit financing	12
7. Price and wage index and inflation at national level	13-14
A. Consumer Price Index (CPI) and rate of inflation at national level	13
B. Wage Rate Index (WRI) and growth rate at national level	14
8. Industrial production	
A. Industrial production of manufacturing industry	15
B. Index of industrial production (IIP): large-scale manufacturing industry (Base: FY2015-16 = 100)	15
C. Index of industrial production (IIP) of manufacturing industry for small, medium and micro enterprise (SMME) and cottage-scale (Base: FY2015-16 = 100)	15
9. Food situations	16
10. Agricultural credit and non-farm rural credit	17
11. Industrial and CMSME loans	18-19
A. Industrial term loans	18
B. Disbursement, recovery and outstanding situation of CMSME loans	19
12. Exports	20
A. Monthly Exports	20
B. Category-wise breakdown of exports	20
13. Imports	21-23
A. Custom-based import, import LCs opening and LCs settlement	21
B. Category-wise breakdown of custom-based import	22
C. Item-wise fresh opening and settlement of import LCs	23
D. Projection on opening of import LCs and probable liabilities against back to back LCs of authorized dealer banks	23
14. Workers' remittances	24-25
A. Monthly workers' remittances	24
B. Remittance inflow from top ten source countries	25
15. Foreign exchange reserves of Bangladesh Bank and commercial banks	26
A. Gross foreign exchange reserves of Bangladesh Bank (BB)	26
B. Gross foreign exchange held by commercial banks (CB) *	26
16. Exchange rate movements	27-28
17. Balance of payments (BOP)	29-30
18. Foreign aid	31
Appendix : Break-up of fresh opening and settlement of import LCs	32-33

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Executive Summary

The Major Economic Indicators: Monthly Update is a regular publication of the Monetary Policy Department (MPD) of Bangladesh Bank that provides updated statistics and information on key macroeconomic developments across four sectors: monetary and financial, fiscal, real, and external sectors. It tracks indicators such as money growth, inflation, revenue collection and deficit financing, the balance of payments, foreign exchange reserves and sector-wise credit disbursement to equip policymakers and analysts with timely insights for informed decisions. This current publication encompasses the available data of different indicators up to July 2026.

The monetary and financial sector experienced a progressive growth of broad money by 11.11 percent at the end of June FY26, while it was 6.95 percent at the end of June FY25. This growth was supported by a strong increase in the banking system's net foreign assets (NFA), although net domestic assets (NDA) had the largest share of broad money (72.63 percent). The decline in the yields of Treasury Bills, Bangladesh Government Treasury Bonds (BGTBs) and call money rates in June 2026 compared to June 2025 indicates easing of liquidity conditions, with reduced pressure on short-term funding costs. Moreover, this declining trend in money market rates was persistent in July 2026, suggesting a further easing of liquidity conditions. The DSE Broad Index experienced a month-on-month increase, while total market capitalisation stood at 11.41 percent of estimated GDP in FY26, reflecting an improvement in overall market performance compared to FY25.

The fiscal sector showed a notable progress in FY26, as NBR tax revenue collection surged by 12.03 percent, a significant leap from the modest 2.23 percent growth in FY25. Despite this impressive upswing, revenue still lagged behind expectations, reaching only 82.60 percent of the government's target. Consequently, the government progressively relied more on borrowing to finance its deficit. Specifically, deficit financing was primarily sourced from domestic sources, with the banking system accounting for the major share of net domestic borrowing in FY26.

The real economy showed mixed performance, with improvements in some indicators alongside some challenges in others. Headline inflation decreased to 9.16 percent in June 2026 compared to 9.42 percent in May 2026 and further eased to 8.32 percent in July 2026, the lowest level in eight months. In the first nine months of FY26, large-scale manufacturing contracted by 0.38 percent, against a 7.27 percent growth in the corresponding period of the previous fiscal year. Meanwhile, small, medium and cottage industries experienced moderate growth of 4.71 percent in July-March of FY26.

The external sector remained stable despite a widening trade deficit, mainly for strong remittance inflows. However, the merchandise exports increased by 0.17 percent in FY26 compared to 8.60 percent increase in FY25. In July of FY27, merchandise exports declined by 1.06 percent compared to 24.99 percent increase in July of FY26. Imports rose by 10.07 percent in FY26 compared to 2.44 percent in FY25. Imports of intermediate goods grew by 15.19 percent in FY26, which could support higher production and economic activity in the coming months. The overall balance moved into a surplus of USD 6.61 billion in FY26, while it was 3.39 billion in FY25. The foreign exchange reserves also followed a rising trend and the Bangladeshi taka also remained relatively stable against the USD.

1. Money and credit developments

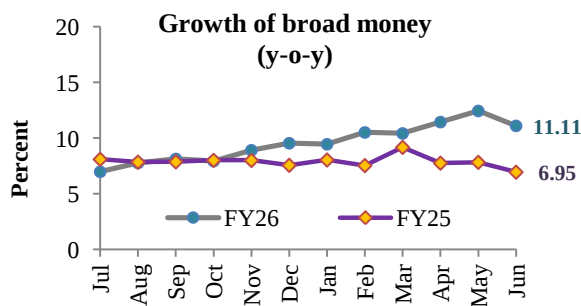
(BDT in crore)					
Particulars	June, 2024 ^R	June, 2025 ^R	June, 2026 ^P	Flow of July-June, FY25 ^R	Flow of July-June, FY26 ^P
1	2	3	4	5=3-2	6=4-3
A. Net Foreign Assets of the banking system	291129.00 (-8.08)	315894.20 (+8.51)	382045.60 (+20.94)	24765.20	66151.40
B. Net Domestic Assets of the banking system	1742105.00 (+10.93)	1858727.50 (+6.69)	2034240.70 (+9.44)	116622.50	175513.20
a) Domestic credit	2115524.90 (+9.80)	2284352.80 (+7.98)	2525813.60 (+10.57)	168827.90	241460.80
Public sector	474296.20 (+9.66)	536665.90 (+13.15)	699948.80 (+30.43)	62369.70	163282.90
Government (net)	424877.10 (+9.69)	488177.60 (+14.90)	656658.80 (+34.51)	63300.50	168481.20
Other Public	49419.10 (+9.42)	48488.30 (-1.88)	43290.00 (-10.72)	-930.80	-5198.30
Private sector	1641228.70 (+9.84)	1747686.90 (+6.49)	1825864.80 (+4.47)	106458.20	78177.90
b) Other items (net)	-373419.90	-425625.30	-491572.90	-52205.40	-65947.60
Broad money (A+B)	2033234.00 (+7.74)	2174621.70 (+6.95)	2416286.30 (+11.11)	141387.70	241664.60
A. Currency outside banks	290436.50 (-0.51)	296451.90 (+2.07)	336375.20 (+13.47)	6015.40	39923.30
B. Deposits of the banking system	1742797.50 (+9.25)	1878169.80 (+7.77)	2079911.10 (+10.74)	135372.30	201741.30
a) Demand deposits	210490.30 (+5.26)	213715.10 (+1.53)	227868.60 (+6.62)	3224.80	14153.50
b) Time deposits	1532307.20 (+9.82)	1664454.70 (+8.62)	1852042.50 (+11.27)	132147.50	187587.80

Source: Statistics Department, Bangladesh Bank.

Note: Figures in the parentheses indicate percentage changes (y-o-y). P represents provisional. R represents revised.

A. Broad Money

- Broad money (M2) surged by 11.11 percent year-on-year at the end of June 2026, outpacing both the estimated 10.80 percent and the previous year's 6.95 percent growth.
- Net foreign assets (NFA) soared by 20.94 percent in June 2026, a sharp rise from the 8.51 percent increase seen in June 2025. Meanwhile, net domestic assets (NDA), the dominant part of M2, climbed by 9.44 percent, up from 6.69 percent the previous year.

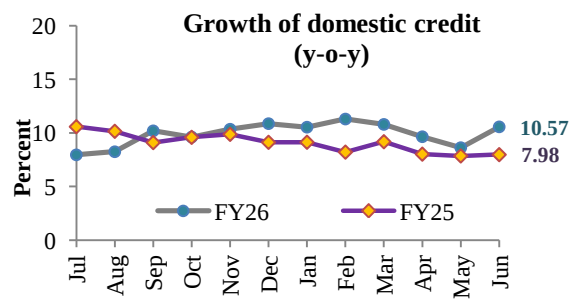


B. Domestic Credit

- Domestic credit surged by 10.57 percent year-on-year by the end of June 2026, outpacing the earlier estimate of 10.20 percent growth for the same period.
- Among the sources of domestic credit, public sector credit soared by 30.43 percent (y-o-y), while private sector credit posted a more modest 4.47 percent growth by June 2026.

C. Deposits and Currency outside Banks (CoB)

- By the end of June 2026, banking system deposits climbed by 10.74 percent (y-o-y), while currency outside banks saw an even sharper rise of 13.47 percent.



2. Reserve money developments

(BDT in crore)

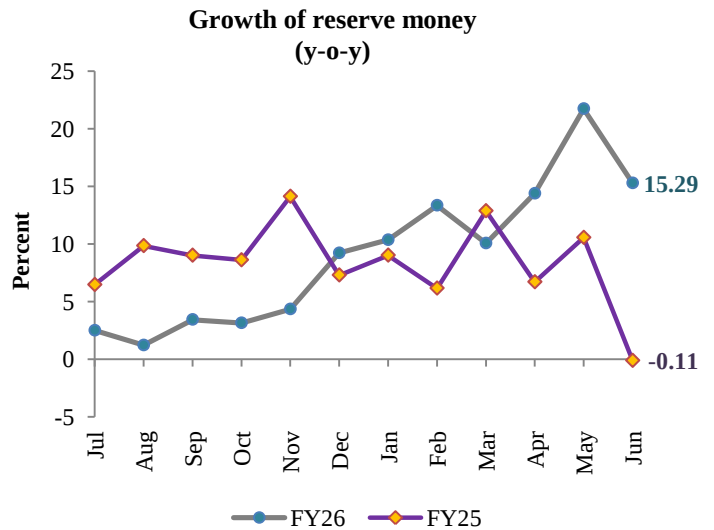
Particulars	June, 2024 ^R	June, 2025 ^R	June, 2026 ^P	Flow of July- June, FY25 ^R	Flow of July- June, FY26 ^P
1	2	3	4	5=3-2	6=4-3
A. Net Foreign Assets of Bangladesh Bank	245780.70 (-14.51)	293247.90 (+19.31)	375093.20 (+27.91)	47467.20	81845.30
B. Net Domestic Assets of Bangladesh Bank	167866.30 (+74.70)	119931.10 (-28.56)	101275.40 (-15.56)	-47935.20	-18655.70
Claims on Govt.(net)	145932.20	85426.80	81233.80	-60505.40	-4193.00
Claims on other public	4208.50	7157.50	7664.60	2949.00	507.10
Claims on DMBs	170115.40	216923.60	208499.90	46808.20	-8423.70
Other items (net)	-152389.80	-189576.80	-196122.90	-37187.00	-6546.10
Reserve money (A+B)	413647.00 (+7.84)	413179.00 (-0.11)	476368.60 (+15.29)	-468.00	63189.60
A. Currency in circulation	320308.90 (+2.68)	326696.60 (+1.99)	370268.50 (+13.34)	6387.70	43571.90
i) Currency outside banks	290436.50 (-0.51)	296451.90 (+2.07)	336375.20 (+13.47)	6015.40	39923.30
ii) Cash in tills	29872.40 (+49.11)	30244.70 (+1.25)	33893.30 (+12.06)	372.30	3648.60
B. Deposits held with BB*	93338.10 (+30.29)	86482.40 (-7.35)	106100.10 (+22.68)	-6855.70	19617.70
Money multiplier	4.92	5.26	5.07	N/A	N/A

Source: Statistics Department, Bangladesh Bank.

Note: Figures in the parentheses indicate percentage changes (y-o-y). P represents provisional. R represents revised. N/A represents not applicable.

*includes the deposits of non-bank financial companies (NBFCs).

- Reserve money (RM) surged by BDT 63189.60 crore, marking a robust 15.29 percent (y-o-y) rise by the end of June 2026.
- Among the drivers of reserve money, Bangladesh Bank's net foreign assets soared by BDT 81845.30 crore, a striking 27.91 percent (y-o-y) jump, while net domestic assets fell by BDT 18655.70 crore or 15.56 percent by June 2026.
- The money multiplier dipped to 5.07 by June 2026, down from 5.26 a year earlier.



3. Liquidity situation of the scheduled banks

A. Bank group-wise liquid assets

(BDT in crore)

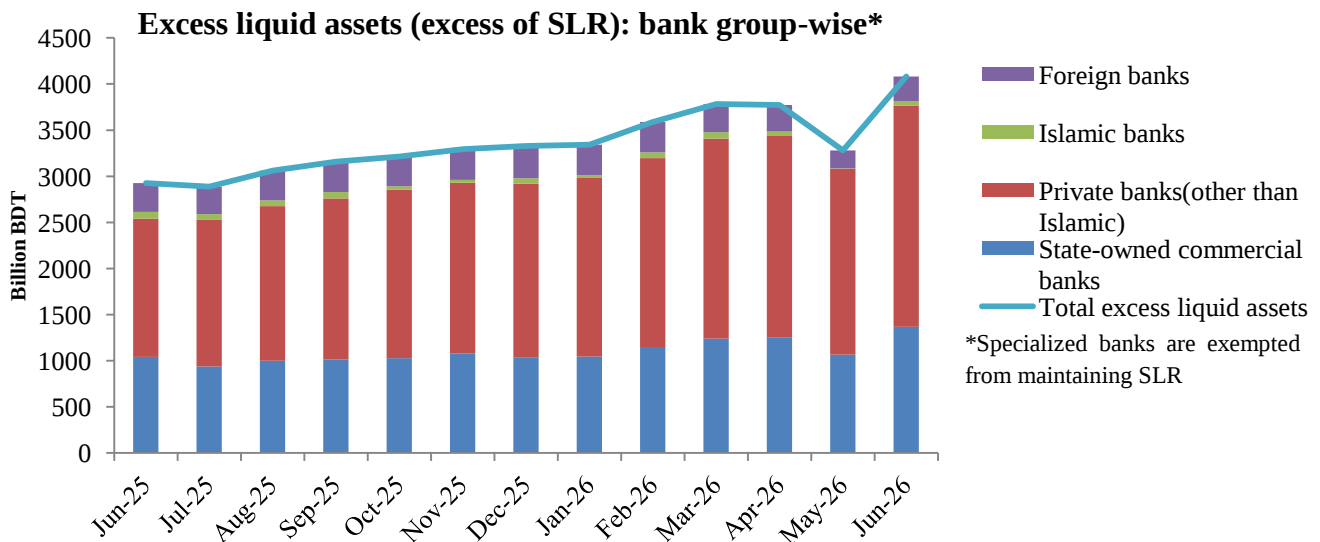
Bank group	As of end June 2025	As of end June 2026 ^P						
	Total liquid assets	Cash in tills + balances with Sonali Bank Ltd.	Balances with Bangladesh Bank			Unencumbered approved securities	Total liquid assets	Minimum required liquid assets ^{1/}
			Local currency	Foreign currency	Total			
1	2	3	4a	4b	4=4a+4b	5	6 = 3+4+5	7
State-owned commercial banks	183794.51	4953.94	24130.20	8408.62	32538.82	188353.12	225845.88	89135.07
Specialised banks	2164.01	N/A	2361.01	55.42	2416.43	N/A	2416.43	2490.48
Private banks (Other than Islamic)	312481.98	21314.30	44950.67	3394.48	48345.15	357905.60	427565.04	190006.87
Islamic banks	40656.74	4751.22	15800.41	1278.61	17079.03	21578.61	43408.85	29378.71
Foreign banks	47208.66	620.30	4899.02	3663.87	8562.88	33083.03	42266.22	15953.84
Total	586305.90	31639.76	92141.31	16800.99	108942.31	600920.37	741502.43	326964.98
(% of total liquid assets)		(+4.27)	(+12.43)	(+2.27)	(+14.69)	(+81.04)		

Source : Department of Offsite Supervision, Bangladesh Bank.

Note: The data shown in the above table are collected based on the regulatory purposes of Bangladesh Bank (shortfall in required reserves, if any, is registered as zero reserves).

1/ Includes minimum required reserves (as per CRR on bi-weekly basis) and minimum required liquid assets (as per SLR). N/A represents not applicable. P represents provisional.

- Total liquid assets of scheduled banks increased by 26.47 percent and registered at BDT 741502.43 crore at the end of June 2026 from the level at the end of June 2025.
- The minimum required liquid assets of the scheduled banks stood at BDT 326964.98 crore at the end of June 2026, while it was BDT 302666.32 crore at the end of June 2025.
- Total excess liquid assets (including securities) increased by 39.40 percent to BDT 408075.01 crore in June 2026 compared to June 2025.



B. Liquidity indicators of the scheduled banks

As on	Advance/Investment -Deposit Ratio (ADR/IDR)	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)	Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR)
End December, 2023	80.38%	147.69%	108.45%
End March, 2024	80.98%	145.46%	108.58%
End June, 2024	80.20%	157.88%	109.73%
End September, 2024	81.32%	158.30%	110.09%
End December, 2024	81.17%	157.50%	105.41%
End March, 2025	80.33%	157.52%	104.62%
End June, 2025	79.42%	171.49%	104.95%
End September, 2025	78.28%	185.31%	105.65%
End December, 2025	77.72%	N/A	N/A
End March, 2026	75.80%	N/A	N/A

Source: Department of Off-site Supervision, Bangladesh Bank.

N/A represents not available

- The Advance Deposit Ratio (ADR) of the banking system experienced a decline, settling at 75.80 percent as of March 2026.
- Maintained Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) of the banking sector reached 185.31 percent (provisional) in September 2025, remaining above the minimum requirement of 100 percent that would cover the banks net cash flows for a minimum of 30 days.¹
- Minimum regulatory requirement of holding Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) was maintained at 105.65 percent (provisional) in September 2025 compared to 110.09 percent in September 2024.²

¹ LCR measures a bank's need for liquid assets in a stressed environment over the next 30 calendar days: minimum requirement for LCR is equal to or greater than 100 percent.

² NSFR measures a bank's need for liquid assets in a stressed environment over one year period: minimum requirement for NSFR is greater than 100 percent.

4. Financial sector prices

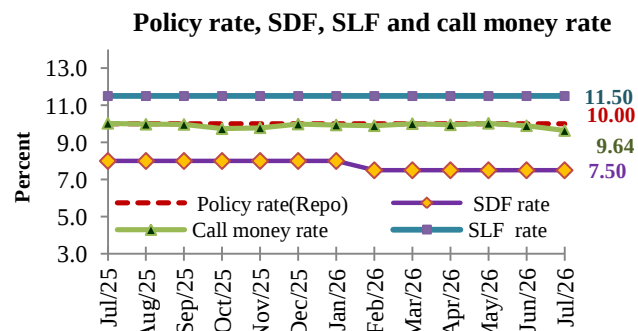
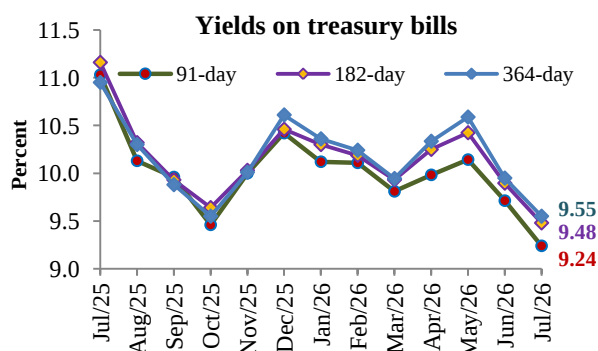
A. Monthly weighted average yields on bills, bonds, BB policy rates and call money rate

	Treasury bills				BGTB					FRTB	BB Bills	Policy rate (repo)	SLF rate	SDF rate	Call money rate
	14-Day	91-Day	182-Day	364-Day	2-Year	5-Year	10-Year	15-Year	20-Year	3-Year	90-Day				
FY25															
June	--	11.94	11.98	12.01	12.20	12.34	12.28	12.56	12.44	13.06	12.10	10.00	11.50	8.50	10.14
FY26															
July	11.09	11.03	11.16	10.95	11.57	11.00	10.41	10.44	10.46	12.81	---	10.00	11.50	8.00	10.03
August	10.22	10.13	10.32	10.30	10.14	10.15	10.17	10.22	10.21	12.32	---	10.00	11.50	8.00	9.98
September	10.05	9.96	9.93	9.88	10.06	10.01	9.86	9.60	9.64	11.64	---	10.00	11.50	8.00	9.97
October	---	9.46	9.64	9.55	9.38	9.25	9.57	9.98	10.10	10.69	---	10.00	11.50	8.00	9.74
November	---	10.00	10.03	10.01	10.02	10.64	10.28	10.56	10.62	10.91	---	10.00	11.50	8.00	9.79
December	---	10.42	10.46	10.61	10.48	10.76	10.82	10.87	10.88	10.99	---	10.00	11.50	8.00	9.99
January	---	10.12	10.30	10.36	10.46	10.27	10.39	10.45	10.52	10.67	---	10.00	11.50	8.00	9.94
February	---	10.11	10.19	10.24	10.43	10.28	10.32	10.29	10.37	10.58	---	10.00	11.50	7.50	9.90
March	---	9.81	9.93	9.94	9.72	10.13	10.20	10.35	10.45	9.98	---	10.00	11.50	7.50	10.01
April	---	9.98	10.25	10.33	10.14	10.63	10.88	11.11	11.17	10.54	---	10.00	11.50	7.50	9.95
May	---	10.14	10.42	10.59	10.69	10.75	10.86	11.00	11.06	10.70	---	10.00	11.50	7.50	10.03
June	---	9.71	9.90	9.95	10.40	10.30	10.21	10.24	10.28	10.52	---	10.00	11.50	7.50	9.90
FY27															
July	---	9.24	9.48	9.55	9.59	9.68	10.15	10.32	10.34	9.98	---	10.00	11.50	7.50	9.64

Source: Monetary Policy Department and Debt Management Department, Bangladesh Bank.

* represents Policy rate, SLF rate and SDF rate are re-fixed at 10.00 %, 11.50% and 7.50 % respectively, effective from 15 February 2026. ---- represents no auction conducted.

- The weighted average yield on 91-Day, 182-Day and 364-Day treasury bills decreased in July 2026 compared to the previous month.
- From January 2026 and onwards, the weighted average yields of selected re-issued 15-year and 20-year Bangladesh Government Treasury Bonds (BGTBs) are classified according to their remaining maturity tenors rather than their original tenors. Accordingly, the yields of re-issued BGTBs with remaining maturities of approximately two and five years are reported under the 2-year and 5-year BGTB categories, respectively. For example, the weighted average yield of a re-issued 20-year BGTB with a remaining maturity of around two years is presented under the 2-year BGTB category but the coupon rates are same as the original BGTB .
- The weighted average yield on 3-Year Floating Rate Treasury Bond (FRTB) decreased by 54 basis points and registered at 9.98 percent in July 2026 compared to the previous month.
- The policy rate was re-fixed at 9.50 percent. The Standing Lending Facility (SLF) rate was re-fixed at 11.00 percent, down from 11.50 percent, while the Standing Deposit Facility (SDF) rate remained unchanged at 7.50 percent, effective 02 August, 2026.
- The weighted average call money rate decreased by 26 basis points to 9.64 percent in July 2026 from 9.90 percent of June 2026, remaining below the policy rate.
- Bangladesh Bank publishes two money market reference rates of several tenors on each business day since March 2026, calculated based on actual risk-free and unsecured interbank money market transactions: Bangladesh Overnight Financing Rate (BOFR) and Dhaka Overnight Money Market Rate (DOMMR). These two rates are aimed at establishing a practical, reliable and widely accepted benchmark rate for pricing interest rates in financial markets (DMD Circular No-03). On 30 July, 2026 overnight BOFR and DOMMR stood at 9.71 percent and 9.68 percent, respectively.



B. Interest rate spread of banks and non-bank financial companies

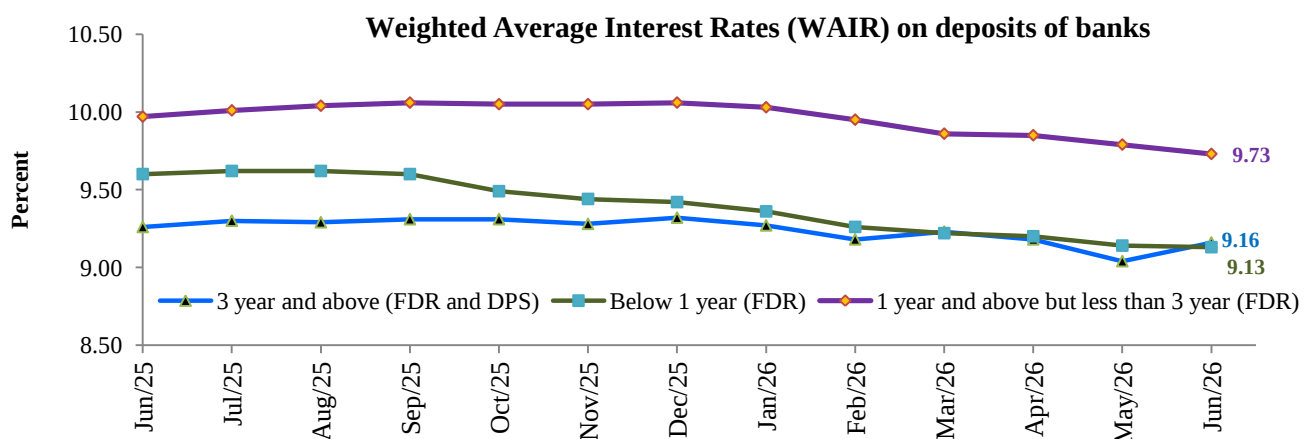
(Percent)

	All Banks							Non-Bank financial companies (NBFCs)		
	WAIR* on deposits	WAIR* on advances	Spread [#]	Excluding credit card		Excluding consumer finance and credit card				
				WAIR* on advances	Spread [#]	WAIR* on advances	Spread [#]	WAIR* on deposits	WAIR* on advances [@]	Spread [#]
FY25										
June	6.26	12.08	5.82	12.02	5.76	12.08	5.82	10.68	13.89	3.21
FY26										
July	6.39	12.14	5.75	12.08	5.69	12.15	5.76	10.69	13.87	3.18
August	6.39	12.15	5.76	12.10	5.71	12.16	5.77	10.68	13.87	3.19
September	6.42	12.16	5.74	12.11	5.69	12.18	5.76	10.65	13.86	3.21
October	6.40	12.14	5.74	12.09	5.69	12.15	5.75	10.60	13.89	3.29
November	6.36	12.14	5.78	12.08	5.72	12.15	5.79	10.51	13.88	3.37
December	6.34	12.03	5.69	11.97	5.63	12.03	5.69	10.44	13.85	3.41
January	6.37	12.02	5.65	11.96	5.59	12.01	5.64	10.35	13.83	3.48
February	6.31	11.96	5.65	11.90	5.59	11.96	5.65	10.30	13.80	3.50
March	6.24	11.96	5.72	11.90	5.66	11.96	5.72	10.24	13.78	3.54
April	6.24	11.96	5.72	11.90	5.66	11.96	5.72	10.19	13.75	3.56
May	6.22	11.92	5.70	11.86	5.64	11.92	5.70	10.14	13.75	3.61
June	6.16	11.86	5.70	11.79	5.63	11.85	5.69	10.11	13.76	3.65

Source: Statistics Department, Bangladesh Bank.

*WAIR represents Weighted Average Interest Rate. #Spread is calculated by deducting WAIR on deposits from sectorwise WAIR on advances. @WAIR on advances for NBFCs was calculated based on the last contractual interest rate for the current bad loans since August 2023.

- In order to keep interest rates at reasonable levels across all sectors of the economy, including the productive sector, banks are instructed to ensure that the spread between the weighted average lending and deposit interest rates excluding credit cards and consumer loans does not exceed 4 percent with, effective from 29 June, 2026 (BRPD-1 Circular Letter No. 22, dated 29-06-2026).
- Compared to May 2026, both the weighted average interest rate (WAIR) on deposits and advances of all banks decreased by 6 bps in June 2026, keeping the spread unchanged at 5.70 percent.
- Spread between the WAIR on advances and deposits of NBFCs increased by four basis points to 3.65 percent in June 2026 compared to the previous month. The WAIR on deposits of all banks and NBFCs decreased and stood at 6.16 percent and 10.11 percent respectively, in June 2026 compared to the previous month.
- WAIR on deposit of banks are shown in the following chart.



C. Sector-wise breakdown of interest rate spread of all scheduled banks

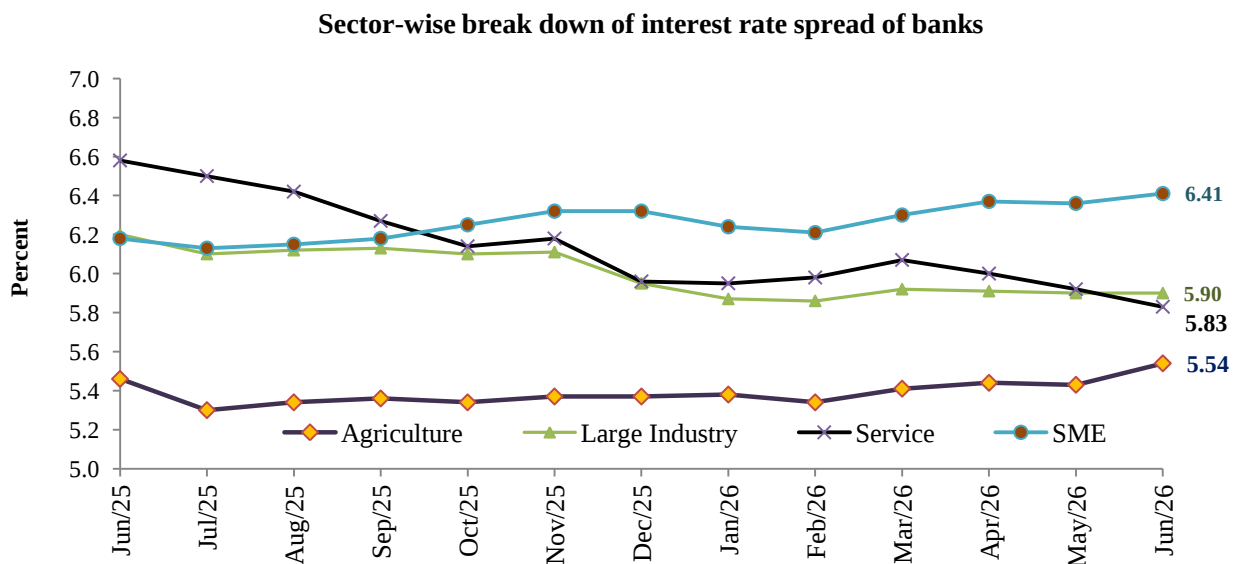
(Percent)

	Sector-wise break down of interest rate spread of all scheduled banks [#]									
	SME		All other sectors (excluding SME)		Agriculture		Large industries		Services	
	WAIR* on advances	Spread	WAIR* on advances	Spread	WAIR* on advances	Spread	WAIR* on advances	Spread	WAIR* on advances	Spread
FY25										
June	12.44	6.18	12.02	5.76	11.72	5.46	12.46	6.20	12.84	6.58
FY26										
July	12.52	6.13	12.07	5.68	11.69	5.30	12.49	6.10	12.89	6.50
August	12.54	6.15	12.09	5.70	11.73	5.34	12.51	6.12	12.81	6.42
September	12.60	6.18	12.09	5.67	11.78	5.36	12.55	6.13	12.69	6.27
October	12.65	6.25	12.06	5.66	11.74	5.34	12.50	6.10	12.54	6.14
November	12.68	6.32	12.05	5.69	11.73	5.37	12.47	6.11	12.54	6.18
December	12.66	6.32	11.93	5.59	11.71	5.37	12.29	5.95	12.30	5.96
January	12.61	6.24	11.92	5.55	11.75	5.38	12.24	5.87	12.32	5.95
February	12.52	6.21	11.87	5.56	11.65	5.34	12.17	5.86	12.29	5.98
March	12.54	6.30	11.87	5.63	11.65	5.41	12.16	5.92	12.31	6.07
April	12.61	6.37	11.86	5.62	11.68	5.44	12.15	5.91	12.24	6.00
May	12.58	6.36	11.82	5.60	11.65	5.43	12.12	5.90	12.14	5.92
June	12.57	6.41	11.74	5.58	11.70	5.54	12.06	5.90	11.99	5.83

Source: Statistics Department, Bangladesh Bank.

*WAIR represents Weighted Average Interest Rate. #Spread is calculated by deducting WAIR on deposits from sectorwise WAIR on advances

- In June 2026, the spreads between WAIR on advances and deposits were 6.41 percent for SMEs, 5.54 percent for agriculture, 5.90 percent for large industries, and 5.83 percent for services. The SME sector recorded the highest spread, followed by the service sector.
- The spreads between WAIR on deposits and advances of all banks across major sectors of the economy, plotted in the following chart.



5. Capital market developments

Annual capital market developments in Dhaka Stock Exchange (DSE)						
Outstanding stock (end of calendar year)	Enlisted issues	(BDT in crore)			DSE Broad Index (DSEX)	Market capitalization as % GDP*
		Issued capital and debentures	Market capitalisation	Total traded value during the year		
2023	654	433857.40	780849.60	141059.93	6246.50	15.61
2024	656	445498.80	662548.70	148639.90	5216.44	11.93
2025	653	473317.20	677664.10	125148.76	4865.34	10.85

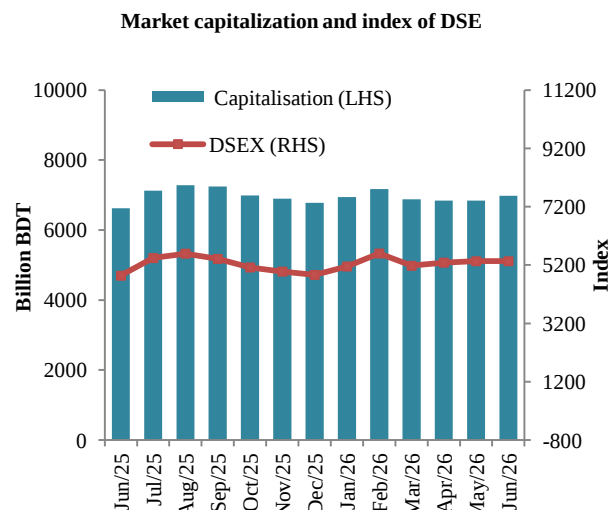
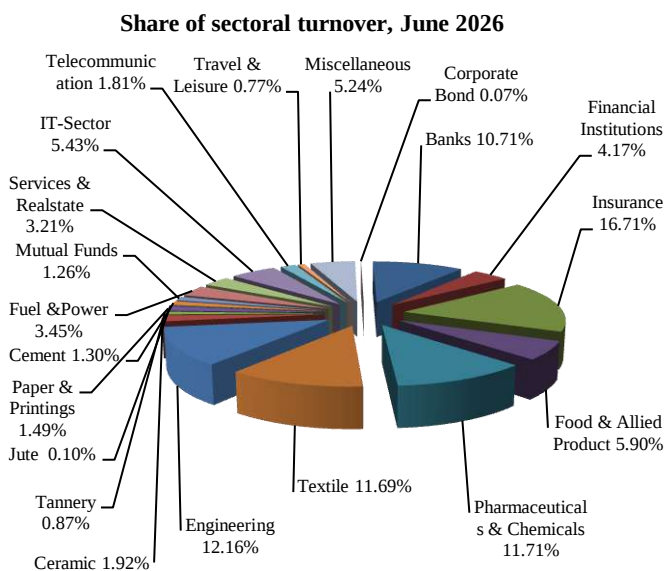
Monthly capital market developments in Dhaka Stock Exchange (DSE)						
End month	Enlisted issues (In number)	(BDT in crore)			DSE Broad Index (DSEX)	Market capitalization as % GDP*
		Issued capital and debentures	Market capitalisation	Total traded value during the month		
Jul-25	656	471079.70	711655.00	15430.24	5443.42	11.63
Aug-25	656	469890.30	727493.80	18653.12	5594.39	11.89
Sep-25	656	471592.30	724528.20	19228.09	5415.79	11.84
Oct-25	654	467464.90	699134.00	10322.33	5122.22	11.42
Nov-25	655	477460.90	689716.30	9299.81	4978.77	11.27
Dec-25	653	473317.20	677664.10	7686.07	4865.34	11.07
Jan-26	651	469430.60	694453.30	10417.70	5154.31	11.35
Feb-26	650	469230.60	717522.80	13495.96	5600.27	11.72
Mar-26	647	464468.80	688211.60	10215.33	5178.31	11.24
Apr-26	645	462000.40	684575.30	17198.46	5286.87	11.19
May-26	643	459981.50	683930.20	14208.12	5335.87	11.17
Jun-26	640	451782.20	698028.90	26534.87	5762.83	11.41

Source : Dhaka Stock Exchange.

*Nominal GDP for FY25 is collected from Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics (BBS). GDP provisional estimate of BBS is used for FY26.

- The DSE Broad Index (DSEX) increased by 8.00 percent (m-o-m) in June 2026.
- The DSE Shariah Index increased to 1168.13 in June 2026 from 1082.39 in May 2026.
- Market capitalization increased by 2.06 percent (m-o-m) to BDT 698028.90 crore at the end of June 2026 which is 11.41 percent of estimated GDP for FY26.
- Total traded value and total traded volume increased by 86.76 percent (m-o-m) and 81.73 percent (m-o-m) respectively in June 2026 compared to previous month.
- The Relative Strength Index (RSI) of DSEX decreased from 76.16 in May 2026 to 66.06 in June 2026.
- The PE ratio increased to 9.26 in June 2026 from 8.72 in May 2026.
- The number of enlisted issues (of securities) decreased to 640 in June 2026 from 643 in May 2026.

The share of individual industries in total turnover is shown in the pie chart:



6. Public finance

A. Government tax revenue collections

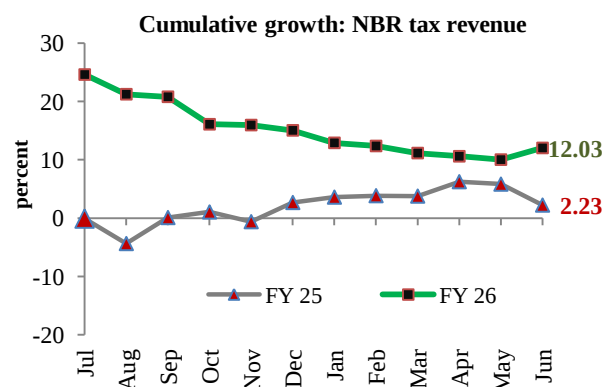
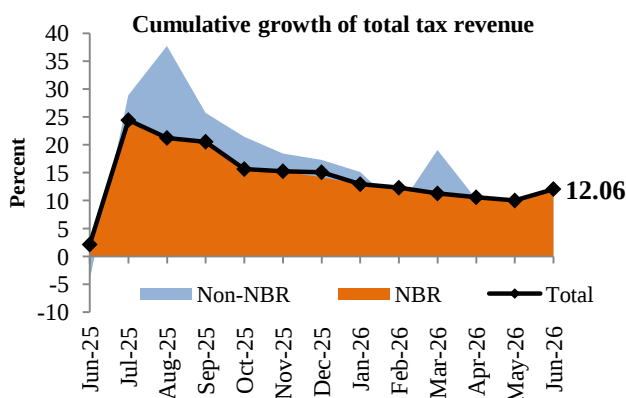
(BDT in crore)				
Total revenue collections during	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25
NBR tax revenue	301633.84 {330000.00}	331502.21 {370000.00}	362797.10 {410000.00}	370875.04 {463500.00}
Non-NBR tax revenue ^{1/}	6990.92 {16000.00}	7555.59 {18000.00}	6133.66 {19000.00}	5873.64 {14500.00}
Total tax revenue	308624.76 {346000.00}	339010.47 {388000.00}	368930.76 {429000.00}	376748.68 {478000.00}

(BDT in crore)							
	NBR Tax Revenue					Non-NBR tax revenue ^{1/}	Total tax revenue collections
	Customs duties	VAT	Income tax	Others*	Total		
	1	2	3	4	5=(1+..+4)		
FY25 ^R							
June	2792.30	15088.10	21358.00	3850.86	43089.26	492.15	43581.41
July-June	38079.55	137513.12	126977.08	68305.29	370875.04 (+2.23)	5873.64 (-4.24)	376748.68 (+2.12)
FY26 ^P							
June	3749.00	20051.00	24259.00	6464.00	54523.00	852.10	55375.10
July-June	35421.00	157439.00	143173.00	79440.00	415473.00 (+12.03)	6728.01 (+14.55)	422201.01 (+12.06)

Source: National Board of Revenue and Office of the Controller General of Accounts, Bangladesh.

Note: Figures in curly braces indicate the target of revenue collection. 1/ According to iBAS++ from FY22-FY25, non-NBR tax revenue includes taxes on narcotics and liquor duty, taxes on use of goods and on permission to use goods or perform activities and stamp duty and from FY26 non-NBR tax revenue includes one additional item named financial and capital transactions along with the previous items. Custom duties include import duties and export duties, VAT includes Value Added Tax at the import stage and local stage. * others include supplementary duties at the import stage and local stage, excise duty, regulatory duty, turnover tax, others VAT at the local stage and travel tax. Figures in the parentheses indicate percentage changes over the corresponding period of the preceding year. P represents provisional. R represents revised.

- NBR tax revenue collection was increased by 12.03 percent in FY26 compared to FY25. VAT, income tax and customs duties stood at 37.89 percent, 34.46 percent and 8.53 percent respectively, of total NBR tax revenue in the period under review.
- This collection in FY26 was 82.60 percent of the target set for FY26 (according the budget at a glance, target for NBR tax revenue collection has been set at BDT 503000.00 crore for FY26).
- Total tax revenue (NBR and Non-NBR) in FY26 increased by 12.06 percent (y-o-y), which is plotted in the following chart on the left-hand side.



B. Sale and repayments of national savings certificate (NSC).

(BDT in crore)

FY	Sale	Repayment (Principal)	Net sale	Outstanding at the end of the year*
1	2	3	4 = 2-3	5
FY21	112188.24	70228.70	41959.54	344093.89
FY22	108070.53	88154.78	19915.75	364000.97
FY23	80858.63	84154.56	-3295.93	360705.04
FY24	78847.95	99972.35	-21124.40	339580.64
FY25	68439.20	74502.54	-6063.34	333517.30

(BDT in crore)

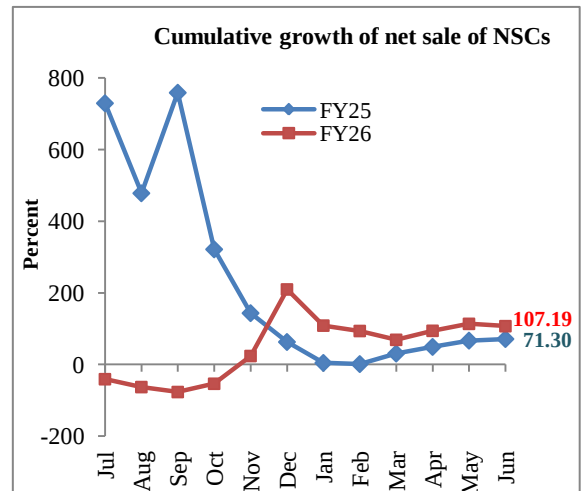
Months	Sale	Repayment (Principal)	Net sale	Outstanding at the end period*	Sale	Repayment (Principal)	Net sale	Outstanding at the end period*
FY26 ^P					FY25			
July	7915.50	6622.02	1293.48	334810.78	4911.57	2724.01	2187.56	341768.20
August	7860.58	7581.77	278.81	335089.59	4112.49	2076.34	2036.15	343804.35
September	8633.03	8259.73	373.30	335462.89	5967.89	1858.80	4109.09	347913.44
October	8178.78	7754.70	424.08	335886.97	5858.57	9083.55	-3224.98	344688.46
November	7967.63	8261.04	-293.41	335593.56	4719.48	8150.38	-3430.90	341257.56
December	7190.15	6805.39	384.76	335978.32	4539.84	8461.13	-3921.29	337336.27
January	7161.16	9012.19	-1851.03	334127.29	6353.24	11122.13	-4768.89	332567.38
February	6406.58	7571.34	-1164.76	332962.53	7559.93	9318.25	-1758.32	330809.06
March	6533.91	8668.99	-2135.08	330827.45	6198.60	6118.05	80.55	330889.61
April	7973.10	5712.53	2260.57	333088.02	5770.30	4510.55	1259.75	332149.36
May	6464.60	5230.27	1234.33	334322.35	5690.26	4152.91	1537.35	333686.71
June	10228.57	10597.56	-368.99	333953.36	6757.03	6926.44	-169.41	333517.30
July-June	92513.59	92077.53	436.06	333953.36	68439.20	74502.54	-6063.34	333517.30
	(+35.18)	(+23.59)	(+107.19)	(+0.13)	(-13.20)	(-25.48)	(+71.30)	(-1.79)

Revised target for net sale of NSCs has been set at BDT 11,500.00 crore for FY26.

Source: Department of National Savings (DNS).

Note: Figures in the parentheses indicate percentage changes over the corresponding period of the preceding year. P represents provisional. *Outstanding includes Net sale+Outstanding at the end of previous year/month.

- Total sale of National Savings Certificates (NSC) in FY26 increased by BDT 24074.39 crore or 35.18 percent compared to the preceding fiscal year.
- Total repayment of NSC increased by BDT 17,574.99 crore, or 23.59 percent, in FY26 compared to the previous fiscal year.
- The net sale of NSC stood at BDT 436.06 crore in FY26, compared to a net repayment of BDT 6063.34 crore in FY25, reflecting a great improvement in NSC sales. However, net sales turned negative again in June 2026, with net repayment of BDT 368.99 crore.
- The outstanding amount of NSC stood at BDT 333953.36 crore at the end of June 2026, which was 0.13 percent higher than at the end of June 2025.



C. Government deficit financing

(BDT in crore)

FY	Net borrowing(+)/ repayment(-) of the Govt. from the banking system ^{1/}	Net non-bank borrowing(+)/ repayment(-) of the Govt. from the public ^{2/}	Total net domestic financing	Net foreign financing ^{3/}	Total net financing	Total net financing as % of nominal GDP [@]	Outstanding domestic debt (end period) ^{4/}	Outstanding domestic debt as % of nominal GDP [@]
1	2	3	4 = 2+3	5	6 = 4+5	7	8	9
FY20	66907.60	22986.27	89893.87	50999.13	140893.00	4.44	518156.22	16.34
FY21	39790.00	44280.64	84070.64	47402.71	131473.35	3.72	602226.86	17.06
FY22	61940.50	26925.08	88865.58	73197.27	162072.00	4.08	691092.44	17.40
FY23	102017.30	7651.84	109669.14	74645.22	184314.36	4.10	800761.58	17.83
FY24	37563.80	12893.95	50457.75	86640.83	137098.58	2.74	851219.33	17.02
FY25	62221.80	44137.95	106359.75	71930.19	178289.94	3.23	957579.08	17.36
FY 26	165538.20	-847.17	164691.03	57743.60	222434.63	3.63	1122270.10	18.34

Source: Statistics Department and Debt Management Department, Bangladesh Bank; Department of National Savings (DNS); Ministry of Finance and Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics (BBS).

^{1/}Excludes interest. ^{2/}Includes treasury bills and bonds (both in face value, Bangladesh Government Investment Sukuk included since December 2020) held by the non-bank financial institutions through secondary auctions, net sale (NSCs) and excludes prize bonds/income tax Bonds. ^{3/}Total foreign aid disbursement less amortization payment (converted using cumulative exchange rate of the corresponding period). ^{4/}Outstanding Domestic Debt (end period)= Outstanding domestic debt of previous fiscal year + Total Domestic financing of the current fiscal year. @GDP provisional estimate of BBS for calculation of FY26 ratios.

- According to the revised FY26 budget, the government set net borrowing targets at BDT 118,000 crore from the banking system, BDT 19,000 crore from the non-banking system, and BDT 58,000 crore from foreign sources.
- Total net deficit financing in FY26 represented 3.63 percent of the estimated GDP.
- In FY26, total net domestic borrowing reached BDT 164,691.03 crore, primarily due to increased borrowing from the banking sector.
- Net foreign financing decreased by 19.72 percent (y-o-y) in FY26.
- Total net deficit financing increased by 24.76 percent(y-o-y) in FY26, reflecting higher government financing needs.

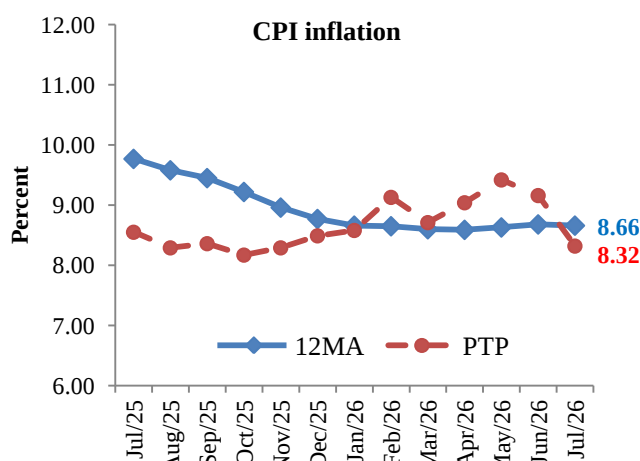
7. Price and wage index and inflation at national level

A. Consumer price index (CPI) and rate of inflation at national level

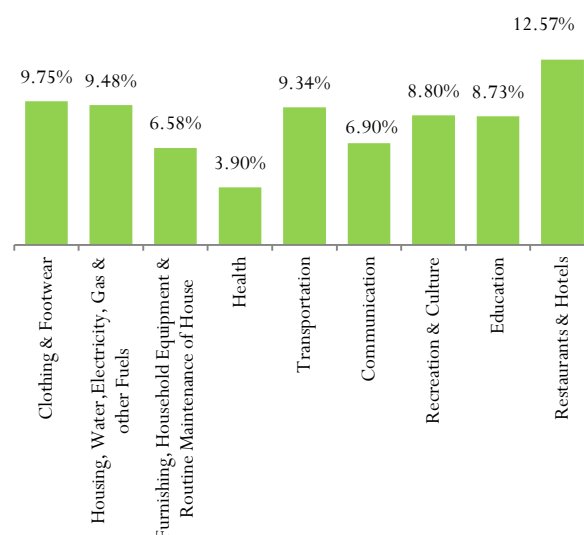
	Twelve-month average						Point to Point					
Base: FY2021-22 = 100												
FY	General		Food		Non-food		General		Food		Non-food	
	Index	Inflation	Index	Inflation	Index	Inflation	Index	Inflation	Index	Inflation	Index	Inflation
FY25	131.62	10.03	133.16	10.70	130.37	9.47	133.85	8.48	133.10	7.39	134.45	9.37
FY26												
July	132.52	9.77	133.97	10.16	135.59	12.99	136.83	8.55	138.36	7.56	135.59	9.38
August	133.41	9.58	134.82	9.83	132.27	9.38	140.06	8.29	143.88	7.60	136.96	8.90
September	134.32	9.45	135.68	9.58	133.22	9.33	141.53	8.36	145.54	7.64	138.26	8.98
October	135.23	9.22	136.50	9.09	134.19	9.32	144.21	8.17	149.46	7.08	139.93	9.13
November	136.15	8.96	137.34	8.56	135.17	9.29	143.65	8.29	146.66	7.36	141.20	9.08
December	137.07	8.77	138.19	8.16	136.16	9.28	142.44	8.49	142.88	7.71	142.08	9.13
January	138.01	8.66	139.10	7.97	137.13	9.23	142.77	8.58	141.84	8.29	143.53	8.81
February	139.01	8.65	140.11	7.99	138.12	9.20	143.28	9.13	142.18	9.30	144.18	9.01
March	139.98	8.60	141.02	7.93	139.14	9.15	144.56	8.71	143.25	8.24	145.62	9.09
April	140.99	8.59	141.95	7.92	140.20	9.15	145.57	9.04	144.39	8.39	146.54	9.57
May	142.03	8.63	142.94	7.96	141.29	5.37	145.61	9.42	143.79	9.06	147.10	9.71
June	143.05	8.68	143.90	8.06	142.36	5.88	146.11	9.16	144.54	8.60	147.38	9.61
FY27												
July	144.00	8.66	144.72	8.02	143.41	5.77	148.21	8.32	148.26	7.16	148.18	9.28

Source: Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics (BBS).

- Headline inflation (p-t-p) fell by 84 basis points to 8.32 percent in July 2026, marking its lowest level in the last eight months and signaling a notable cooling from the previous month.
- In July 2026, food prices accounted for 3.21 percentage points of the total 8.32 percent headline inflation, whereas non-food prices contributed 5.12 percentage points.
- In July 2026, point-to-point food inflation dropped sharply by 144 basis points, while non-food inflation eased by 33 basis points compared to the previous month.
- In July 2026, the twelve-month average headline inflation edged down to 8.66 percent, a slight dip from June's 8.68 percent.
- In July 2026, restaurants and hotels led the surge in non-food inflation with a striking 12.57 percent increase (p-t-p), while clothing and footwear followed closely behind at 9.75 percent.
- In July 2026, rural inflation stood at 8.36 percent (p-t-p), whereas urban inflation was 8.24 percent (p-t-p).



Components of non-food inflation for the month of July 2026(y-o-y)

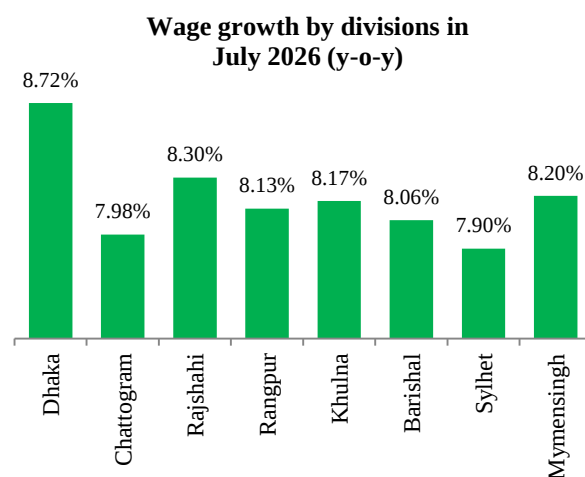
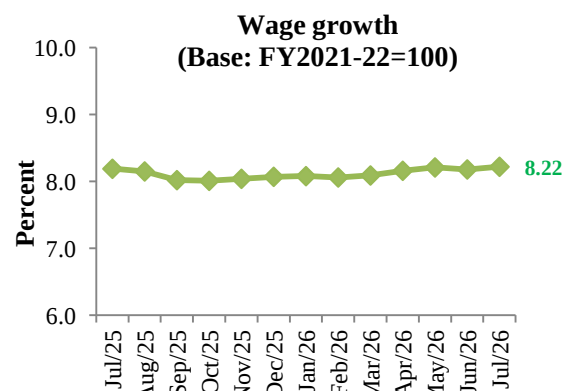


B. Wage Rate Index (WRI) and growth rate at national level

Point to Point								
FY	General		Agriculture		Industry		Service	
	Index	Growth	Index	Growth	Index	Growth	Index	Growth
Base: FY2021-22 = 100								
FY24	115.33	7.74	115.66	8.08	114.72	7.24	116.22	8.29
FY25	124.68	8.10	125.31	8.35	123.60	7.74	125.95	8.38
FY26								
July	128.88	8.19	129.45	8.37	127.76	7.91	130.66	8.40
August	129.70	8.15	130.32	8.28	128.55	7.93	131.37	8.37
September	130.93	8.02	131.60	8.13	129.74	7.83	132.46	8.22
October	132.21	8.01	132.94	8.17	131.01	7.77	133.55	8.19
November	133.79	8.04	134.67	8.14	132.42	7.86	135.07	8.22
December	134.81	8.07	135.72	8.16	133.40	7.91	136.12	8.24
January	135.74	8.08	136.62	8.12	134.33	7.98	137.20	8.24
February	137.05	8.06	137.90	8.10	135.65	7.99	138.67	8.20
March	137.94	8.09	138.83	8.11	136.47	8.02	139.58	8.23
April	138.32	8.16	139.21	8.19	136.85	8.09	139.98	8.31
May	138.86	8.21	139.70	8.22	137.41	8.15	140.70	8.36
June	139.12	8.18	139.83	8.21	137.78	8.11	141.14	8.34
FY27								
July	139.48	8.22	140.12	8.24	138.17	8.15	141.62	8.39

Source: Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics (BBS), Ministry of Planning.

- The Wage Rate Index comprises three broad sectors: agriculture, industry, and services. In July 2026, the point-to-point headline wage rate increased by 4 basis points (bps) compared to the previous month.
- Wage growth in the agriculture, industry, and services sectors increased by 3 bps, 4 bps and 5 bps, respectively, in July 2026 compared to the previous month.
- In July 2026, Dhaka division led the way with the highest wage growth among Bangladesh's eight divisions, at 8.72 percent year-on-year. Meanwhile, Sylhet division experienced the smallest increase, with wages rising by 7.90 percent compared to the previous year. All of the divisions except Dhaka and Rajshahi showed lower wage-rate growth than the national level.
- Headline wage rate growth was lower than the headline inflation (p-t-p) for July 2026.



8. Industrial production

A. Industrial production of manufacturing industry

- The production index of all manufacturing enterprises (large, SMME and cottage) decreased by 0.95 percent to 232.49 in March 2026 from 234.72 in March 2025. The average index increased by 2.10 percent to 225.73 during July-March of FY26 as compared to July-March of FY25.

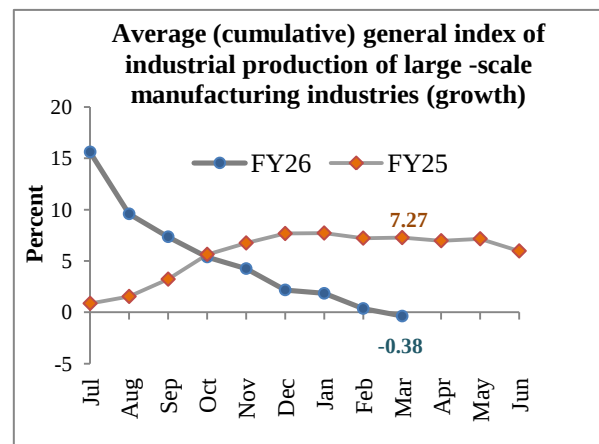
B. Index of industrial production (IIP): large-scale manufacturing industry (Base: FY2015-16 = 100)

Monthly			Average		
Month	General Index (Large Scale)	Percentage change (y-o-y)	Period	Average index	Percentage change (y-o-y)
			July-June, FY25	213.41	5.97
Jul-25(P)	229.21	15.62			
Aug-25(P)	209.26	3.66	July-August, FY26	219.24	9.58
Sep-25(P)	209.17	2.96	July-September, FY26	215.88	7.35
Oct-25(P)	191.67	-0.78	July-October, FY26	209.83	5.38
Nov-25(P)	224.94	0.24	July-November, FY26	212.85	4.25
Dec-25(P)	233.53	-6.34	July-December, FY26	216.30	2.17
Jan-26(P)	261.31	0.22	July-January, FY26	222.73	1.84
Feb-26(P)	202.31	-9.73	July-February, FY26	220.18	0.36
Mar-26(P)	221.45	-5.88	July-March, FY26	220.32	-0.38

Source: Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics (BBS).

P represents provisional.

- The general index of industrial production (large scale manufacturing) during July-March of FY26 decreased by 0.38 percent (y-o-y) compared to 7.27 percent growth of July-March of FY25.
- The industrial sector contributed 34.87 percent to nominal GDP in FY25 while it was 35.27 percent in FY24. Moreover, of the components of industrial sector- manufacturing sector contributed 23.00 percent to GDP in FY25 compared to 22.65 percent in FY24.



C. Index of industrial production (IIP) of manufacturing industry for small, medium and micro enterprise (SMME) and cottage-scale (Base: FY2015-16 = 100)

- The general index of industrial production of small, medium and micro enterprise (SMME) increased by 4.47 percent (y-o-y) and reached at 252.64 in March 2026. The average index increased by 4.71 percent to 235.43 during July-March of FY26 as compared to July-March of FY25.
- The general production index for cottage industries increased also by 4.54 percent to 230.27 in March 2026 compared to the same month of the previous year. The average index increased by 5.07 percent to 224.96 during July-March of FY26 as compared to July-March of FY25.

9. Food Situations

(In lac metric ton)

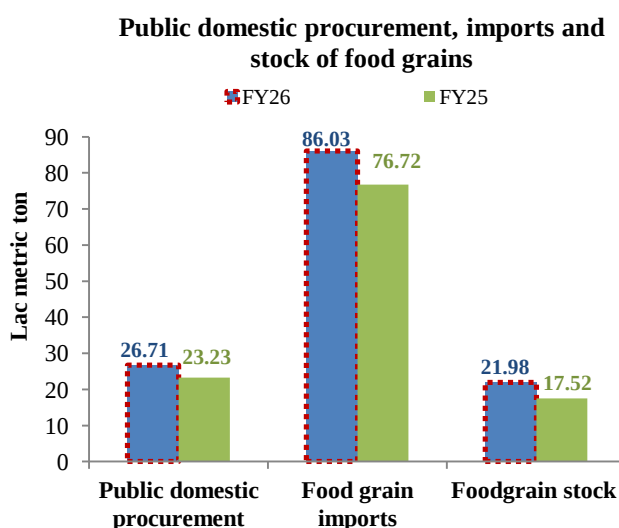
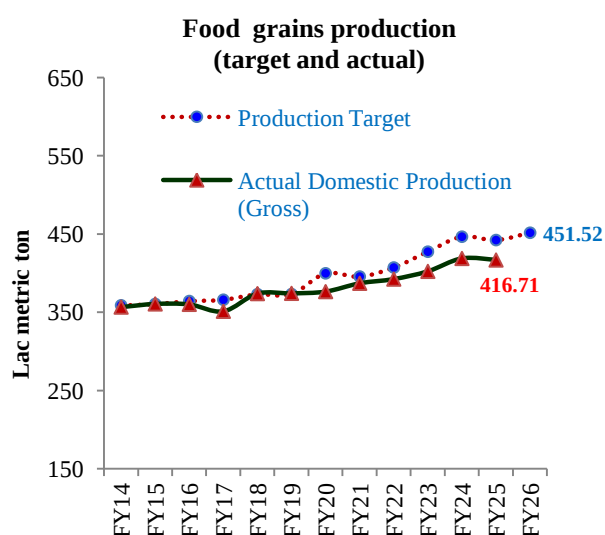
Fiscal Year	Food grain production target	Actual domestic production (gross)	Net domestic production*	Food grain Imports			Public domestic procurement	Public distribution	Food grain stock (public)*** (end June)
				Public**	Private	Total			
FY23	427.32	402.65	362.39	13.14	36.17	49.31	19.43	30.08	18.48
FY24	446.50	418.69	376.82	7.84	58.44	66.28	21.62	32.61	14.73
FY25	442.20	416.71	375.04	13.01	63.71	76.72	23.23	32.55	17.52
FY26	451.52	200.67 [#]	180.60	12.86	73.17	86.03	26.71	35.08	21.98
Production, Public domestic procurement, Imports and Stock of food grains									
Particulars			FY26			FY25			
1. Production			200.67 [#]			416.71			
2. Imports (Rice & Wheat)			86.03			76.72			
3. Procurement (Rice)			26.71			23.23			
4. Distribution (Rice & Wheat)			35.08			32.55			
5. Outstanding food stock at end of June 2026 (Rice & Wheat) ***			21.98			17.52			

Source : Food Planning and Monitoring Unit (FPMU), Ministry of Food.

Actual production data for Aus, Aman, Boro and Wheat are not available for FY26 due to seasonal cycle. * After 10% deduction for seed, feed, waste etc.

Including food aid. # production of FY26 includes the production of Aus and Aman. *Without transit, Rice includes Aus, Aman and Boro.

- In FY26, Aus and Aman food grain production stood at 200.67 lac metric tons against the target of 211.62 lac metric tons, while Aus and Aman food grain production in FY25 was 193.08 lac metric tons.
- Import (rice and wheat), distribution (rice and wheat) and procurement of rice rose by 9.31 lac metric tons, 2.53 lac metric tons and 3.48 lac metric tons respectively, in FY26 compared to FY25.
- Higher imports, procurement and food grain stocks improved domestic food availability in FY26. Food grain stocks increased by 4.46 lac metric tons at the end of June 2026 compared to the end of June 2025.



10. Agricultural credit and non-farm rural credit

A. Agricultural credit

(BDT in crore)

Month	Disbursement	Recovery	Disbursement	Recovery
	FY24	FY24	FY25	FY25
July-June	31544.61 (+16.69)	30049.47 (+10.28)	32948.37 (+4.45)	32769.10 (+9.05)
Month	FY26	FY26	FY25	FY25
July	1922.92	2445.04	1551.74	2145.85
August	2347.09	2767.66	1792.58	2525.72
September	3286.53	3951.64	2282.59	3193.21
October	3101.89	3057.66	2654.11	2737.97
November	3762.54	3377.59	3255.32	3211.56
December	4360.25	3603.23	2815.91	2532.15
January	3034.50	2811.01	2674.71	2262.94
February	2826.67	2523.76	2542.99	2344.63
March	2783.66	3416.30	2363.91	2625.67
April	3187.04	3777.11	2855.75	3028.71
May	3220.51	3121.08	3654.74	2705.90
June	3999.41	5334.35	4504.03	3454.79
July-June	37833.01 (+14.83)	40186.43 (+22.64)	32948.37 (+4.45)	32769.10 (+9.05)

Source: Agricultural Credit Department, Bangladesh Bank.

Note: Figures in parentheses indicate percentage changes over the corresponding period of the preceding year. Targeted level for total disbursement of agricultural credit and non-farm rural credit was set to BDT 39000.00 crore for FY26. **Agricultural credit** includes credit to crops, irrigation equipment, agri equipment, live-stock & poultry firm, fisheries, grain storage and marketing. **Non-farm rural credit** includes credit to poverty alleviation and others.

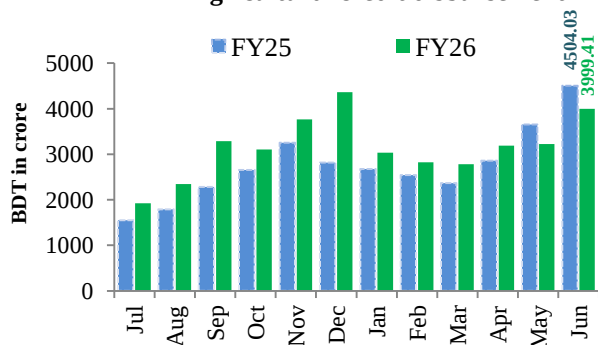
B. Non-farm rural credit

(BDT in crore)

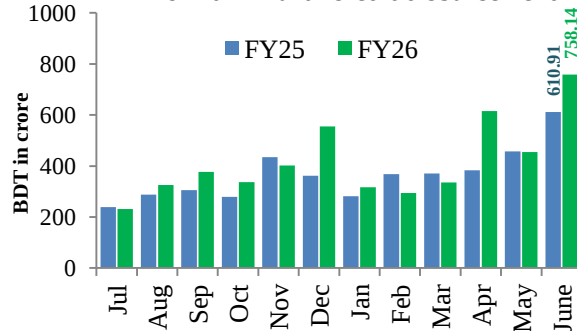
Month	Disbursement	Recovery	Disbursement	Recovery
	FY24	FY24	FY25	FY25
July-June	5609.29 (-3.24)	5522.15 (-4.16)	4378.15 (-21.95)	5255.40 (-4.83)
Month	FY26	FY26	FY25	FY25
July	231.11	508.58	238.97	387.94
August	324.91	352.30	287.62	385.95
September	376.91	519.17	304.68	571.30
October	336.41	389.19	279.07	374.48
November	402.36	449.38	434.47	535.52
December	555.24	352.98	362.05	515.61
January	316.76	335.01	281.66	397.15
February	293.65	323.60	367.51	301.73
March	335.71	484.20	370.67	393.93
April	615.76	534.10	383.48	333.79
May	454.19	511.96	457.05	379.15
June	758.14	680.03	610.91	678.85
July-June	5001.15 (+14.23)	5440.50 (+3.52)	4378.15 (-21.95)	5255.40 (-4.83)

- Total disbursement of agricultural and non-farm rural credit exceeded the target by 9.83%, reaching BDT 42834.16 crore in FY26, of which BDT 37833.01 crore was disbursed as agricultural credit and BDT 5001.15 crore as non-farm rural credit.
- The disbursement of agricultural credit and non-farm rural credit increased by 14.83 percent and 14.23 percent respectively in FY26 compared to FY25.
- Recovery of agricultural credit and of non-farm rural credit increased by 22.64 percent (y-o-y) and 3.52 percent (y-o-v) respectively in FY26 compared to FY25.

Agricultural credit disbursement



Non-farm rural credit disbursement



C. Overdue and outstanding agricultural and non-farm rural credit

(BDT in crore)

End Month	FY26			FY25		
	Overdue	Outstanding	Overdue as % of outstanding	Overdue	Outstanding	Overdue as % of outstanding
June	19807.33 (-8.43)	63574.38 (+5.55)	31.16	21629.76 (+130.88)	60232.42 (+3.64)	35.91

Source: Agricultural Credit Department, Bangladesh Bank.

Note: Figures in parentheses indicate percentage changes over the corresponding period of the preceding year.

- Overdue of agricultural and non-farm rural credit as percentage of its total outstanding was 31.16 percent and stood at BDT 19807.33 crore at FY26.
- Outstanding agricultural and non-farm rural credit registered 5.55 percent (y-o-y) growth at the end of FY26 compared to the end of FY25.

11. Industrial and CMSME loans

A. Industrial term loans

(BDT in crore)

Period	Disbursement				Recovery			
	LSI	MSI	SSCI	Total	LSI	MSI	SSCI	Total
FY20	59654.85	8139.33	6462.83	74257.01	54117.66	7876.24	7729.97	69723.87
FY21	54625.71	7525.13	6614.40	68765.24	46413.44	6072.58	6002.69	58488.71
FY22	56033.47	6765.93	9561.56	72360.96	49986.89	7610.07	7265.62	64862.58
FY23	67611.76	9073.33	18486.94	95172.03	63235.82	8938.12	34219.29	106393.23
FY24								
July-September	20721.44 (+46.75)	2012.49 (+38.89)	3460.07 (+15.60)	26194.00 (+41.11)	17831.89 (+15.18)	1759.15 (-14.84)	3121.81 (+1.94)	22712.86 (+10.20)
October-December	26954.79 (+36.08)	2602.37 (+14.83)	4206.06 (-43.92)	33763.22 (+14.16)	18819.64 (-14.00)	2751.19 (-8.52)	3492.10 (-86.41)	25062.93 (-50.46)
	Overdue				Outstanding			
	LSI	MSI	SSCI	Total	LSI	MSI	SSCI	Total
Oct-Dec of FY23	37519.83	11730.63	5064.55	54315.01	267479.86	50979.84	41591.45	360051.15
Oct-Dec of FY24	52805.53	12511.03	5750.26	71066.82	343393.77	55328.59	35085.40	433807.76

Source: SME & Special Programmes Department, Bangladesh Bank.

Note: Figures in parentheses indicate percentage changes over the same period of the previous year.

LSI=Large Scale Industries, MSI=Medium Scale Industries, SSCI= Small Scale & Cottage Industries.

- Total disbursement of industrial term loans increased by 14.16 percent (y-o-y) while the recovery of industrial term loans decreased drastically by 50.46 percent (y-o-y) during the period of October-December of FY24 as compared to that of the previous fiscal year.
- Disbursement of large industry term loan showed a significant increase of 36.08 percent(y-o-y) while the disbursement of small industry term loan decreased by 43.92 percent(y-o-y) for the period of October-December of FY24.
- Outstanding amount of industrial term loans at the end of October-December quarter of FY24 stood at BDT 433807.76 crore.
- Overdue of industrial term loans at the end of October-December quarter of FY24 was BDT 71066.82 crore, which was 16.38 percent of the outstanding amount.

B. Disbursement, recovery and outstanding situation of CMSME loans

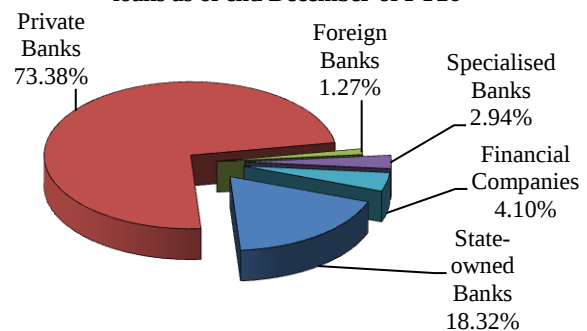
(BDT in crore)

Banks/NBFCs FY/Quarter	CMSME loans	State-owned commercial banks	Private banks including islamic banks	Foreign banks	Specialised banks	Financial companies	Total
FY24	Disbursement	23214.03	181701.16	6008.60	6069.47	8137.53	225130.79
	Recovery	11680.82	169872.20	6596.25	5060.83	7584.71	200794.81
	Outstanding of CMSME loans	55879.79	227689.69	3726.71	6559.60	12264.07	306119.87
	Outstanding of total loans	312063.77	1195203.26	56291.05	41436.74	55854.38	1660849.20
FY25	Disbursement	18130.85	165500.82	7373.10	6999.52	7768.62	205772.92
	Recovery	15649.37	165928.30	8436.07	4858.24	7076.21	201948.18
	Outstanding of CMSME loans	55706.85	229106.29	4207.54	9262.52	12478.49	310761.69
	Outstanding of total loans	318896.39	1336590.93	67011.51	42992.25	56187.66	1821678.74
Oct-Dec, FY25	Disbursement	5072.54	50308.29	2594.05	2375.15	2230.74	62580.78
	Recovery	5265.97	46944.67	1189.52	2033.08	1800.79	57234.03
	Outstanding of CMSME loans	57177.93	231808.19	4839.96	7456.39	11893.29	313175.76
	Outstanding of total loans	318400.61	1234067.40	52349.64	42144.57	55074.43	1702036.65
Oct-Dec, FY26	Disbursement	5883.64	57990.38	1825.38	2382.20	2089.32	70170.91
	Recovery	5635.21	45074.94	1404.83	1540.40	1842.63	55498.01
	Outstanding of CMSME loans	57560.86	230615.64	3996.81	9223.93	12875.92	314273.17
	Outstanding of total loans	328807.86	1379213.33	66222.76	43492.22	56974.44	1874710.61
% changes of disbursement of CMSME loans during Oct-Dec, FY26 over Oct-Dec, FY25		15.99	15.27	-29.63	0.30	-6.34	12.13
Outstanding CMSME loans as % of total outstanding loans at the end of December of FY26		17.51	16.72	6.04	21.21	22.60	16.76
% changes of outstanding of CMSME loans at the end of December of FY26 over December of FY25		0.67	-0.51	-17.42	23.71	8.26	0.35

Source: SME & Special Programmes Department, Bangladesh Bank.

- Disbursement of Cottage, Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise (CMSME) loans increased by 12.13 percent (y-o-y) during October-December of FY26 compared to the same quarter of the preceding year.
- CMSME loans disbursement increased by 45.75 percent (q-o-q) during October-December of FY26 (over July-September of FY26).
- Outstanding of CMSME loans at the end of December of FY26 was 0.35 percent higher compared to the end of December of FY25.
- Outstanding CMSME loans was 16.76 percent of the total outstanding loans at the end of December of FY26.
- Private banks dominate CMSME financing landscape with 73.38 percent share (financial institutions wise share of CMSME loans as of end December of FY26 is shown in the pie diagram above).

Institution-wise share of outstanding CMSME loans as of end December of FY26



12. Exports

A. Monthly Exports

Month	(USD in million)		(In percent)
	FY26 ^R	FY25	Growth (y-o-y)
July	4779.43	3823.72	(+24.99)
August	3884.38	4033.64	(-3.70)
September	3607.33	3801.21	(-5.10)
October	3812.77	4130.95	(-7.70)
November	4036.30	4118.70	(-2.00)
December	4281.35	4626.38	(-7.46)
January	4389.67	4432.00	(-0.96)
February	3499.59	3973.19	(-11.92)
March	3489.85	4246.83	(-17.82)
April	4011.98	3031.14	(+32.36)
May	4405.43	4732.12	(-6.90)
June	4185.39	3350.15	(+24.93)
July-June	48383.45 (+0.17)	48300.05 (+8.60)	
Month	FY27 ^P	FY26 ^R	Growth (y-o-y)
July	4728.97	4779.43	(-1.06)

Source: National Board of Revenue, compiled by Statistics Department, Bangladesh Bank.
R represents revised. P represents provisional.

- In July 2026, exports decreased by 1.06 percent (y-o-y) and stood at 4.73 billion compared to 4.78 billion in July 2025.

B. Category-wise breakdown of exports

Particulars		(USD in million)		
		July of FY27 ^P	July of FY26 ^R	Changes during July of FY27 over July of FY26
				In amount In percent
1. Woven garments		1728.97	1784.87	-55.90 -3.13
2. Knitwear		2159.61	2178.26	-18.65 -0.86
3. Home textiles		68.99	60.08	8.91 +14.83
4. Agricultural products		82.26	90.38	-8.12 -8.99
5. Jute and jute goods		94.25	63.38	30.87 +48.70
6. Leather and leather products		130.89	127.34	3.55 +2.79
7. Frozen and live fish		35.73	41.16	-5.43 -13.20
8. Chemical products		41.36	32.89	8.47 +25.76
9. Plastic products		21.58	21.17	0.41 +1.95
10. Engineering products		68.79	66.79	2.00 +2.99
11. Others		296.55	313.11	-16.56 -5.29
TOTAL		4728.97	4779.43	-50.46 -1.06

Source: National Board of Revenue, compiled by Statistics Department, Bangladesh Bank.
R represents revised. P represents provisional.

- Knitwear and woven garment exports continued to dominate total exports, accounting for 82.23 percent (45.67 percent and 36.56 per cent, respectively) of total export earnings. Exports of woven garments and knitwear declined by 3.13 percent and 0.86 percent respectively, in July of FY27 as compared to July of FY26.
- In July of FY27, several export categories showed notable growth compared with the same month in FY26. Jute and jute goods led the surge, growing by a remarkable 48.70 percent, followed by increase in chemical products by 25.76 percent and home textiles by 14.83 percent. Engineering products, leather and leather products and plastic products experienced growth of 2.99 percent, 2.79 percent and 1.95 percent respectively, while export of frozen and live fish and agricultural products decreased by 13.20 percent and 8.99 percent respectively, in the month under review.

13. Imports

A. Custom-based import, import LCs opening and LCs settlement

(USD in million)

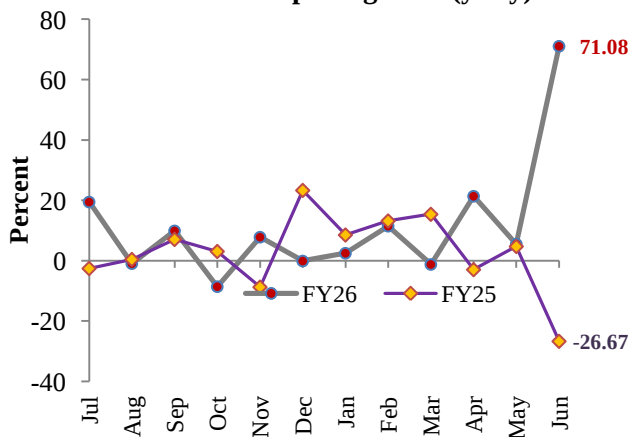
	Custom based import (c&f)		Import LCs opening	Import LCs settlement
Month	FY25 ^R	FY24 ^R	FY25 ^{R1}	FY25 ^{R1}
July-June	68354.21 (+2.44)	66725.07 (-11.11)	71381.41 (+0.18)	69263.38 (+4.18)
Month	FY26 ^P	FY25 ^R	FY26 ^{P2}	FY26 ^{P2}
July	6270.46	5247.75	6067.72	6104.03
August	5222.73	5271.48	5741.16	5151.73
September	6212.13	5651.48	6621.42	5704.06
October	5621.50	6147.92	5828.91	5581.83
November	5799.09	5377.88	5821.52	5619.72
December	6449.87	6453.82	6290.54	6056.44
January	6527.73	6367.21	6854.68	6063.56
February	6623.56	5941.09	4961.52	4966.24
March	5826.22	5896.66	6501.16	5408.98
April	7066.10	5820.45	7149.43	6720.51
May	6108.22	5787.32	6422.17	5864.42
June	7512.52	4391.16	6198.59	7116.88
July-June	75240.13 (+10.07)	68354.21 (+2.44)	74458.83 (+6.60)	70358.39 (+0.02)

Source: National Board of Revenue (NBR), Bangladesh and Foreign Exchange Operations Department (FEOD), Bangladesh Bank.

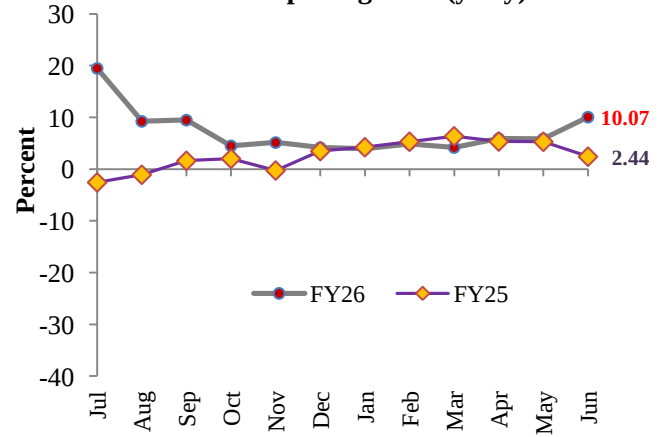
Note: Figures in the parentheses indicate percentage changes over the corresponding period of the preceding year. P represents provisional. R represents revised. N/A represents not available. ¹Data retrieved from online imports monitoring system (OIMS) on 03.07.2025. ²Data retrieved from online imports monitoring system (OIMS) on 22.07.2026.

- In FY26, custom-based imports increased by USD 6885.92 million or 10.07 percent (y-o-y), compared to a growth of 2.44 percent (y-o-y), in FY25. This higher import growth was mainly driven by a rise in imports of intermediate goods.
- Opening of import LCs increased by 6.60 percent (y-o-y), while settlement of import LCs increased by 0.02 percent (y-o-y) in FY26.

Monthly movements of custom based imports growth(y-o-y)



Cumulative movements of custom based imports growth(y-o-y)



B. Category-wise breakdown of custom-based import

(USD in million)

Particulars	FY26 ^P	FY25	Changes in FY26 over FY25	
			In amount	In percent
Food grains	2575.73	2306.11	269.63	11.69
Rice	528.85	682.45	-153.59	-22.51
Wheat	2046.88	1623.66	423.22	26.07
Consumer goods	5032.59	5680.95	-648.36	-11.41
Edible oil	2507.02	2715.06	-208.04	-7.66
Sugar	959.07	1102.85	-143.79	-13.04
Others	1566.51	1863.04	-296.54	-15.92
Intermediate goods	47693.99	41405.16	6288.83	15.19
Crude petroleum	1198.95	624.53	574.42	91.98
Raw cotton	3062.26	3455.66	-393.41	-11.38
Textile and articles thereof	9062.72	8959.06	103.65	1.16
Others	34370.07	28365.90	6004.16	21.17
Capital goods	10231.54	9549.25	682.29	7.14
Capital machinery	3208.51	2819.24	389.27	13.81
Other capital goods	7023.03	6730.01	293.01	4.35
Others	9706.27	9412.74	293.53	3.12
TOTAL	75240.13	68354.21	6885.92	10.07

Source: National Board of Revenue, compiled by Statistics Department, Bangladesh Bank

P represents provisional

- In FY26, intermediate goods steadily continued to maintain the largest share of the composition of custom-based goods, which constituted 63.39 percent of the total import. Among the import goods, the import of RMG related goods declined by 4.00 percent (y-o-y), while petroleum goods import surged by 106.99 percent in FY 26.
- Capital goods followed by a 13.60 percent share, reflecting investments in infrastructure and machinery to bolster long-term productive capacity. Consumer goods, indicative of direct household consumption, accounted for 6.69 percent, while food grains represented the smallest segment at 3.42 percent, emphasizing minimal dependency on imported staples in FY26.
- In FY26, import of intermediate goods, food grains and capital goods grew by 15.19 percent, 11.69 percent and 7.14 percent respectively, while import of consumer goods declined by 11.41 percent compared to FY25. That upward movement in imports of capital goods and intermediate goods highlights a hint of rejuvenation of economic activities across key industries during the comparative timeframe.

C. Item-wise fresh opening and settlement of import LCs

(USD in million)

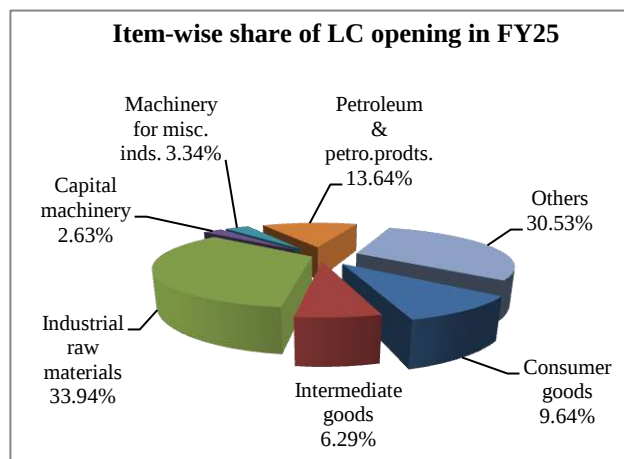
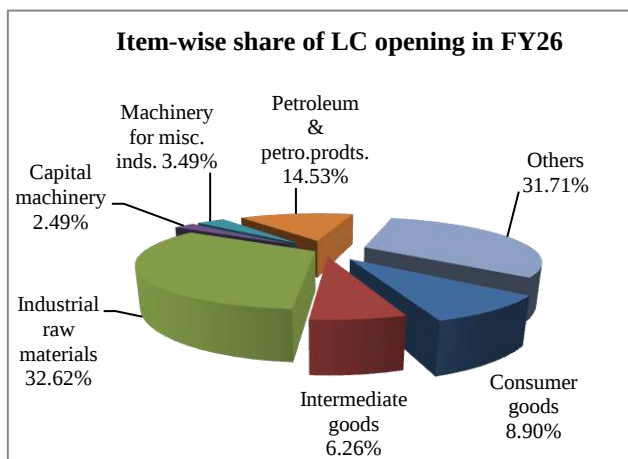
Items	FY26 ^P		FY25		% changes in FY26 over FY25	
	Opening	Settlement	Opening	Settlement	Opening	Settlement
A. Consumer goods	6623.97	6310.32	6732.48	6780.15	-1.61	-6.93
B. Intermediate goods	4660.63	4166.59	4396.99	4458.03	6.00	-6.54
C. Industrial raw materials	24287.85	23158.18	23704.08	23979.63	2.46	-3.43
D. Capital machinery	1857.47	1806.17	1833.91	2017.90	1.28	-10.49
E. Machinery for misc. inds.	2597.42	2580.57	2332.75	2319.95	11.35	11.23
F. Petroleum & petro.prodts.	10819.73	10675.32	9524.35	10034.62	13.60	6.38
G. Others	23611.77	21661.25	21326.68	20756.78	10.71	4.36
Total	74458.83	70358.39	69851.23	70347.06	6.60	0.02
of which back to back	10265.71	9859.98	10620.62	10629.98	-3.34	-7.24

Source: Foreign Exchange Operations Department (FEOD), Bangladesh Bank.

Note: Provisional data downloaded from online import monitoring system (OIMS) on 22/07/2026.

P represents provisional. Opening represents 'fresh opening of import LCs' and settlement represents 'settlement of import LCs'.

- In FY26, LCs opening increased across all major items except consumer goods, indicating stronger demand for investment related import.
- Item wise share of LCs opening in FY26 and FY25 are shown in the following pie diagrams. Item-wise detailed data of fresh opening and settlement of import LCs in FY26 and FY25 are also given in the Appendix-A.



D. Projection of opening imports LCs and probable liabilities against back to back LCs of authorized dealer banks

(USD in million)

Month	Opening of import LCs	Probable liabilities of banks against back to back LCs
Jul-26	5071.48	998.38
Aug-26	5169.89	1056.96
Sep-26	5263.96	860.81
July 26 - September 26	15505.33	2916.15

Source: Monetary Policy Department (MPD), Bangladesh Bank.

The projection of import LCs opening during July-September of 2026 was USD 15505.33 million which was higher than the projection of USD 14103.24 million during July-September of 2025. The probable liabilities against back to back LCs stood at USD 2916.15 million during July-September of 2026 which was 60.25 percent of foreign currency holdings (Nostro account net balance+Investment in OBU+FC balances with Bangladesh Bank) of AD banks as on 30 July, 2026.

14. Workers' remittances

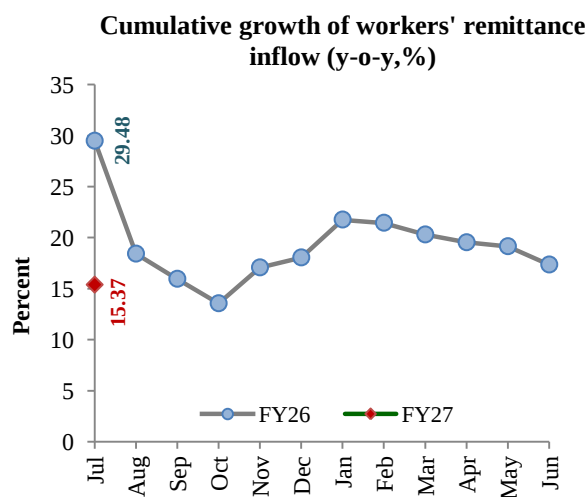
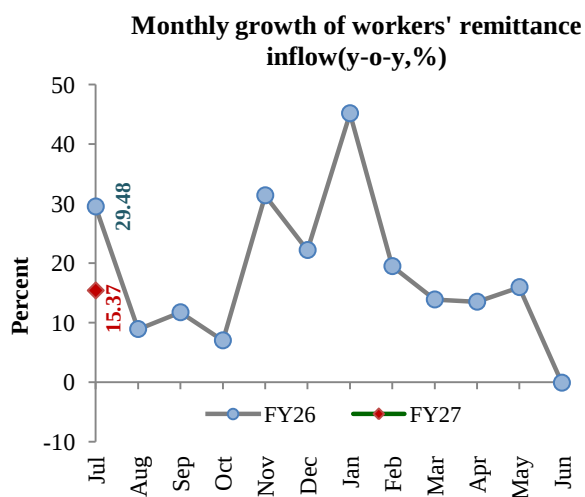
A. Monthly workers' remittances

(USD in million)		
FY22	FY23	FY24
21031.68 (-15.12)	21610.73 (+2.75)	23912.22 (+10.65)
Month	FY26 ^R	FY25
July	2477.87	1913.77
August	2421.89	2224.15
September	2685.56	2404.11
October	2562.44	2395.08
November	2889.73	2199.99
December	3223.67	2638.78
January	3171.63	2185.23
February	3019.45	2527.65
March	3752.21	3295.63
April	3123.32	2752.33
May	3442.58	2969.56
June	2819.03	2822.53
July-June	35589.39 (+17.35)	30328.81 (+26.83)
Month	FY27 ^P	FY26 ^R
July	2858.68 (+15.37)	2477.87 (+29.48)

Source : Statistics Department, Bangladesh Bank.

Note: Figures in the parentheses indicate percentage changes over the same period of the previous year. P represents provisional. R represents revised.

- Workers' remittance inflows recorded strong performance in FY26, reaching USD 35.59 billion compared to USD 30.33 billion in FY25, registering a 17.35 percent (y-o-y) growth.
- Workers' remittance inflows remained resilient at the beginning of FY27, reaching USD 2.86 billion in July 2026, registering a 15.37 percent (y-o-y) growth compared to July 2025.
- These gains are attributed to favorable exchange rates and increased utilization of formal remittance channels.



B. Remittance inflow from top ten source countries

Rank	July of FY27			July of FY26		
	Country	Amount in million USD	Share of total remittance(%)	Country	Amount in million USD	Share of total remittance(%)
1	K.S.A.	587.29	20.54	K.S.A.	426.36	17.21
2	U.K.	396.74	13.88	U.A.E.	283.83	11.45
3	U.S.A.	273.10	9.55	U.K.	282.55	11.40
4	U.A.E.	255.56	8.94	Malaysia	266.95	10.77
5	Italy	203.11	7.11	U.S.A.	222.19	8.97
6	Malaysia	201.33	7.04	Italy	168.96	6.82
7	Kuwait	148.74	5.20	Oman	139.79	5.64
8	Oman	141.96	4.97	Kuwait	132.08	5.33
9	Singapore	136.98	4.79	Qatar	105.62	4.26
10	Qatar	121.59	4.25	Singapore	88.06	3.55
	Others	392.28	13.72	Others	361.48	14.59
	Total	2858.68	100.00	Total	2477.87	100.00

Source: Statistics Department, Bangladesh bank

- K.S.A. ranked first among remittance sending countries, while the U.K. ranked second in July of FY27.
- The Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) countries (K.S.A., U.A.E., Kuwait, Qatar, Oman, Bahrain) contributed 45.44 percent of the total remittance inflows, while 13.88 percent and 9.55 percent of the total remittances originated from the U.K. and U.S.A. respectively in July of FY27.
- Among the European countries, the U.K. and Italy combinedly contributed 20.99 percent of total remittances received in July of FY27.

15. Foreign exchange reserves of Bangladesh Bank and commercial banks

A. Gross foreign exchange reserves of Bangladesh Bank (BB)

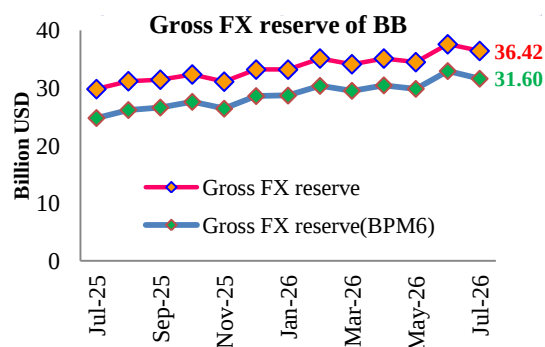
(USD in million)

A. Outstanding reserve at the end of the year		FY25	FY25 (BPM6)*	FY26	FY26 (BPM6)*
		31772.01 (+18.93)	26739.97 (+23.31)	37578.01 (+18.27)	32930.37 (+23.15)
B. Outstanding reserve at the end of the month	Month	FY27 ^P	FY27 ^P (BPM6)*	FY25	FY25 (BPM6)*
	July	36422.18	31601.18	29799.75	24779.08

Source : Accounts & Budgeting Department, Bangladesh Bank.

Note: Figures in parentheses indicate percentage changes over the same period of the preceding year. P represents provisional. BPM6 represents Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual 6. *Calculation according to BPM6

- Gross foreign exchange reserves stood at USD 36.42 billion at the end of July 2026 compared to USD 29.80 billion at the end of July 2025.
- Gross foreign exchange reserves, compliant with BPM6, stood at USD 31.60 billion at the end of July 2026.



B. Gross foreign exchange balance held by commercial banks (CB)*

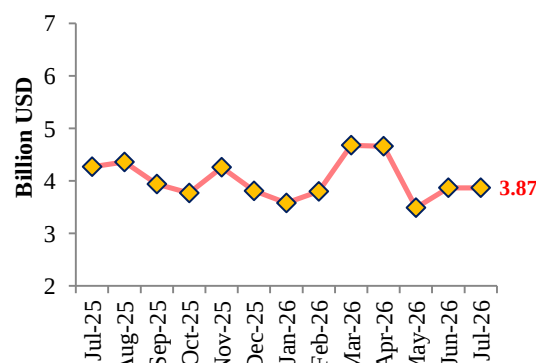
(USD in million)

A. Outstanding reserve at the end of the year		FY24	FY25	FY26
		6103.30 (+10.36)	4253.79 (-30.30)	3870.61 (-9.01)
B. Outstanding reserve at the end of the month	Month	FY27 ^P	FY26	
	July	3865.27	4267.22	

Source: Foreign Exchange Policy Department, Bangladesh Bank.

Note: Figures in parentheses indicate percentage changes over the same period of the preceding year. P represents provisional. * Debit balance in nostro A/C + investment in OBU. Holding of FX reserve is updated with NOP of 30th July, 2026.

Gross FX balance held by CBs



- Gross foreign exchange balance held by commercial banks stood at USD 3.87 billion in July 2026.
- This amount of July 2026 was 0.14 percent lower compared to June 2026 and 9.42 percent (y-o-y) lower compared to the same month of 2025.

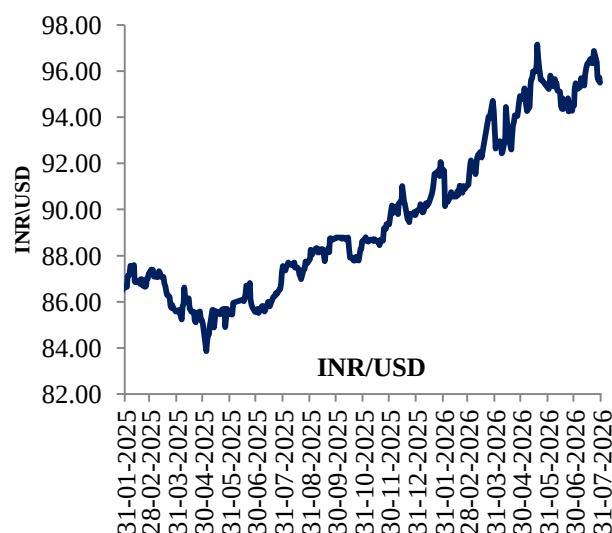
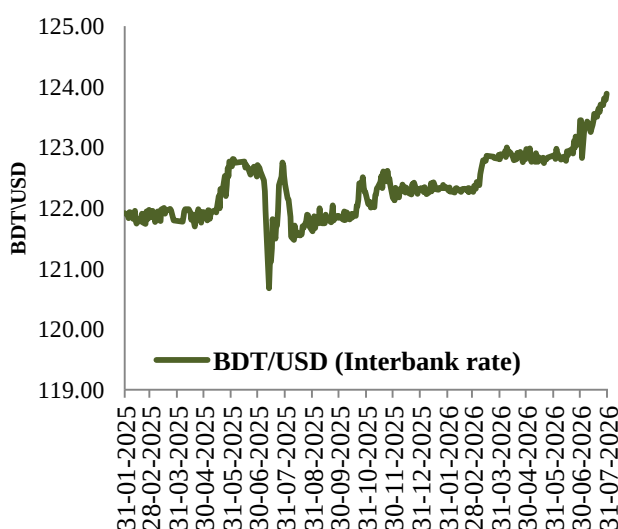
16. Exchange rate movements

Month	(BDT/USD) ^{1/}				(Rupee/USD) ^{2/}	
	Month avg.	Month end	Month avg.	Month end	Month end	Month end
	FY24		FY25		FY24	FY25 ^R
June	117.9901	118.0000	122.6796	122.7053	83.4534	85.5439
	FY25		FY26 ^R		FY25	FY26 ^R
July	117.9720	118.0000	122.0169	122.3899	83.7440	87.5544
August	118.8510	120.0000	121.7115	121.6149	83.8899	87.8514
September	120.0000	120.0000	121.8217	121.8678	83.7888	88.7775
October	119.9994	120.0000	122.0413	122.2589	84.0886	88.6048
November	120.0000	120.0000	122.3014	122.1641	84.4971	89.3574
December	120.0000	120.0000	122.2881	122.3047	85.6232	89.7595
January	121.8572	121.9120	122.3166	122.3402	86.5842	91.7824
February	121.8508	121.9690	122.2980	122.2969	87.2119	90.9940
March	121.9001	121.7908	122.6216	122.8039	85.5814	93.4849
April	121.8841	121.9099	122.8728	122.9706	85.0535	94.7613
May	122.3609	122.7657	122.8143	122.8278	85.4976	95.6285
June	122.6796	122.7053	122.9492	123.4443	85.5439	94.5012
	FY26 ^R		FY27 ^P		FY26 ^R	FY27 ^P
July	122.0169	122.3899	123.5016	123.8818	87.5544	95.5091

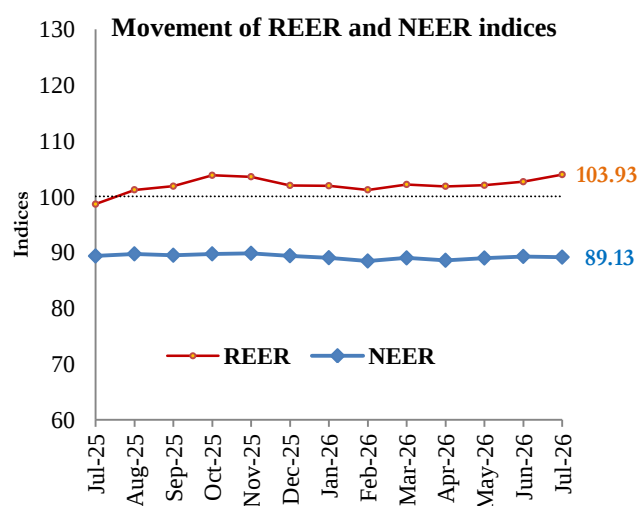
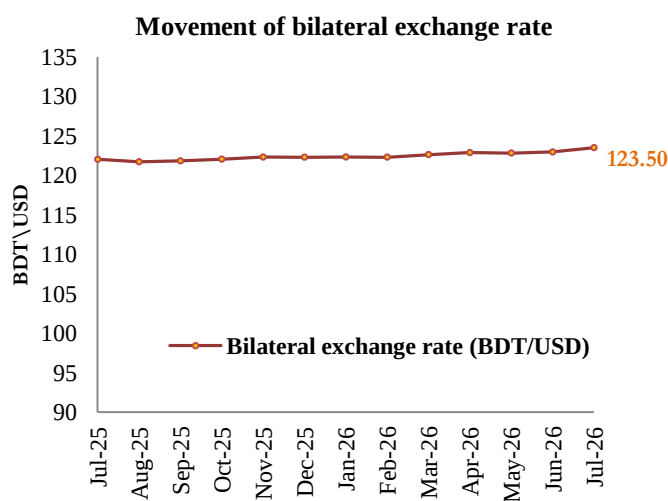
Source: 1/Forex Reserve and Treasury Management Department and 2/ Financial Benchmark India Private Ltd.

Note: Reference rate of BDT/USD has being used as exchange rate since January 2025, R represents revised, P represents provisional.

- The exchange rate of the Bangladeshi Taka against the USD depreciated marginally by 0.35 percent at the end of July FY27 compared to the end of FY26 and 1.20 percent depreciation was seen at the end of July 2026 compared to the end of July 2025.
- The Indian Rupee (INR) depreciated by 1.06 percent against the US dollar at the end of July 2026 compared to the end of June 2026. The charts show the daily exchange rates of the Bangladesh Taka (BDT) and the Indian Rupee (INR) vis-à-vis the USD.
- Bangladesh Bank remained inactive in the foreign exchange market in July 2026 compared to a net buy of USD 494.00 million in July of 2025.



- On 31 December, 2024, Bangladesh Bank allowed authorized dealers (ADs) to trade foreign currencies at freely negotiated rates. Bangladesh Bank also launched a new foreign exchange intervention strategy and began publishing a daily reference benchmark exchange rate based on the weighted average of freely quoted exchange rates from market transactions. Additionally, ADs have been instructed to report all foreign exchange transactions at or above USD 1.00 lac or equivalent twice daily.
- The Nominal Effective Exchange Rate (NEER)^{1/} index decreased from 89.25 in June 2026 to 89.13 in July 2026.
- The Real Effective Exchange Rate (REER)^{1/} index registered at 103.93 in July 2026, increased from 102.65 in June 2026.



^{1/}NEER and REER calculation of BDT against 17-currency basket (Base FY24=100), which includes information on export, import and remittance flow of the country.

17. Balance of payments (BOP)

(USD in million)

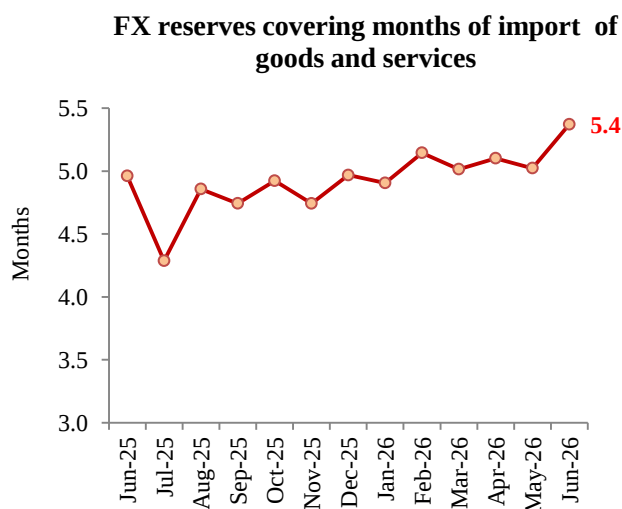
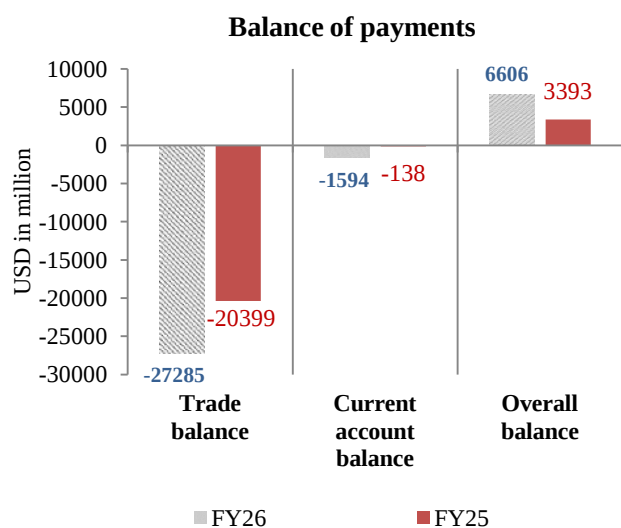
Particulars	FY24 ^R	FY25 ^R	FY26 ^P
Trade balance	-22433	-20399	-27285
Exports f.o.b(including EPZ)	40807	43965	43856
Imports f.o.b(including EPZ)	63240	64364	71140
Services	-4241	-5682	-5741
Credit	6285	6791	7061
Debit	10526	12473	12802
Primary income	-4326	-5043	-4779
Credit	2232	2495	2637
Debit	6558	7538	7416
Of which:Official interest payment	1406	2097	2204
Secondary income	24398	30985	36211
Official transfers	86	77	66
Private transfers	24312	30909	36145
of which : Workers' remittances inflows	23912	30329	35589
Current account balance	-6602	-138	-1594
Capital account	719	376	469
Capital transfers	719	376	469
Financial account	4472	3595	7894
i) Foreign direct investment(net)*	1410	1724	1465
ii) Portfolio investment (net)	-343	-138	-223
iii) Other investment(net)	3405	2009	6653
Medium and long-term (MLT) loans	9922	9012	7167
MLT amortization payments	2020	2553	3081
Other long-term loans (net)	209	-321	-733
Other short-term loans (net)	-1619	-678	-1023
Trade credit (net)	-1828	-3145	3096
DMBs & NBDCs(net)	-1259	-307	1227
Assets	494	-633	-28
Liabilities	-765	-940	1199
Errors and omissions	-2889	-440	-163
Overall balance	-4300	3393	6606
Reserve assets	4300	-3393	-6606
Bangladesh Bank(net)	4300	-3393	-6606
Assets	-2901	4152	6054
Liabilities	1399	759	-552
Gross official reserves (as per BPM6)	21686	26740	32930
Gross official reserves	26714	31772	37578
In months of imports of goods and services (prospective)	4.3	5.0	5.4
In months of imports of goods (cif) (prospective)	4.8	5.6	6.0

Source :Statistics Department, Bangladesh Bank.

Note: Both exports and imports are compiled on the basis of customs data. P represents provisional. R represents revised.

* FDI is calculated on net basis by deducting disinvestment, repayments of loans & loss.

- Current account deficit widened to USD 1594 million in FY26 from USD 138 million in FY25, mainly reflecting a weaker external current position.
- The overall balance improved significantly, recording a surplus of USD 6606 million in FY26 compared to a USD 3393 million Surplus in FY25, signaling a substantially improved external position and healthier foreign exchange reserves. However, the financial account surplus was mainly driven by other investment rather than FDI.
- The foreign exchange reserves of June 2026 were sufficient to pay import cost of goods and services for 5.4 months which was higher than that of June, 2025.



18. Foreign aid

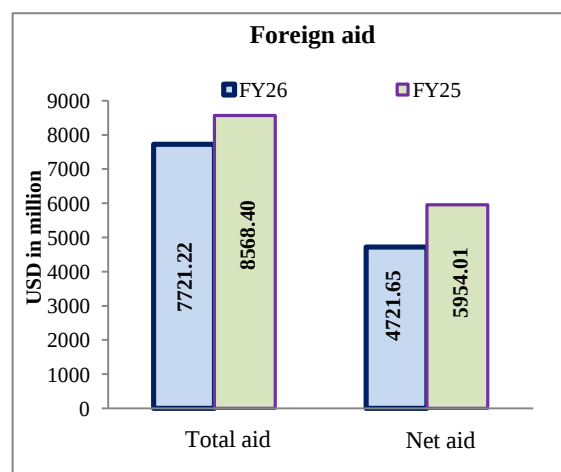
(USD in million)

Month	Food aid	Project aid	Total aid	Repayment (principal)	Net foreign aid	Food aid	Project aid	Total aid	Repayment (principal)	Net foreign aid
FY25					FY24					
July-June	50.00	8518.40 (-13.04)	8568.40 (-12.80)	2614.38 (+29.19)	5954.01 (-23.69)	30.00	9796.05 (+6.50)	9826.05 (+6.22)	2023.63 (+15.99)	7802.42 (+3.95)
FY26 ^P					FY25					
July	10.00	208.04	218.04	361.99	-143.95	0.00	358.33	358.33	310.60	47.73
August	0.00	547.30	547.30	158.17	389.13	0.00	99.92	99.92	144.98	-45.07
September	0.00	388.53	388.53	309.92	78.61	15.00	372.87	387.87	145.68	242.20
October	0.00	517.48	517.48	217.01	300.47	0.00	355.88	355.88	319.04	36.84
November	0.00	285.07	285.07	219.41	65.66	0.00	341.75	341.75	159.14	182.61
December	15.00	569.93	584.93	175.36	409.57	10.00	1978.70	1988.70	182.99	1805.72
January	0.00	100.24	100.24	394.17	-293.94	0.00	406.44	406.44	342.21	64.23
February	0.00	411.48	411.48	156.38	255.11	0.00	195.53	195.53	145.58	49.95
March	15.00	826.38	841.38	319.57	521.82	10.00	664.40	674.40	315.32	359.08
April	0.00	341.74	341.74	210.54	131.20	0.00	354.62	354.62	127.41	227.21
May	0.00	340.95	340.95	259.65	81.30	0.00	444.72	444.72	259.65	185.07
June	10.00	3134.07	3144.07	217.40	2926.67	15.00	2945.23	2960.23	161.79	2798.44
July-June	50.00	7671.22 (-9.95)	7721.22 (-9.89)	2999.57 (+14.73)	4721.65 (-20.70)	50.00	8518.40 (-13.04)	8568.40 (-12.80)	2614.38 (+29.19)	5954.01 (-23.69)

Source: Forex Reserve & Treasury Management Department (FRTMD), Bangladesh Bank and Economic Relations Division, Ministry of Finance.

Note: Figures in the parentheses indicate percentage changes (y-o-y). P represents provisional. Project aid includes grant and loan. Food aid indicates food grant.

- Total foreign aid in FY26 was largely loan-based, with loans accounting for 92.83 percent of total aid and grants for only 7.17 percent.
- Total foreign aid decreased by 9.89 percent (y-o-y) in FY26 compared to FY25.
- After principal repayment, the net receipt of foreign aid in FY26 decreased by USD 1232.36 million (y-o-y) compared to FY25.
- The principal repayment of foreign loans increased by 14.73 percent, indicating lower external assistance in the fiscal year.



Appendix

Break-up of fresh opening and settlement of import LCs

(USD in million)

	FY26		FY25		% Change over the year	
Items	Opening	Settlement	Opening	Settlement	Opening	Settlement
A. Consumer goods	6623.97	6310.32	6732.48	6780.15	-1.61	-6.93
Rice and wheat	2046.21	1924.75	1793.81	1826.00	14.07	5.41
Sugar and salt	865.48	793.41	971.86	968.34	-10.95	-18.06
Milk food	346.22	382.16	427.27	390.14	-18.97	-2.05
Edible oil (refined)	1446.55	1332.03	1345.74	1364.36	7.49	-2.37
All kinds of fruits	344.63	310.45	281.19	273.03	22.56	13.70
Pulses	257.81	262.97	368.62	377.22	-30.06	-30.29
Onion	19.08	19.18	200.01	193.28	-90.46	-90.08
Spices	383.53	363.14	513.06	540.63	-25.25	-32.83
Second hand clothings	1.34	1.03	0.84	0.63	0.00	62.38
Drugs and medicines(finished)	62.54	50.90	53.23	53.73	17.51	-5.27
Others	850.57	850.57	850.57	850.57	0.00	0.00
B. Intermediate goods	4660.63	4166.59	4396.99	4458.03	6.00	-6.54
Coal	1468.60	1309.62	1269.39	1197.09	15.69	9.40
Cement	240.91	197.92	136.41	118.46	76.60	67.08
Clinker & limestone	569.54	553.47	539.58	608.47	5.55	-9.04
B. P. sheet	51.23	57.82	116.49	126.06	-56.02	-54.13
Tin plate	4.58	4.37	3.64	4.18	25.75	4.65
Scrap Vessels	469.64	326.77	381.57	371.23	23.08	-11.98
Iron and steel scrap	1148.74	1048.06	1126.21	1250.08	2.00	-16.16
Non-ferrous metal	135.03	107.52	157.57	155.00	-14.31	-30.63
Paper and paper board	282.60	273.19	315.89	292.00	-10.54	-6.44
Others	289.75	287.84	350.23	335.48	-17.27	-14.20
C. Industrial raw materials	24287.85	23158.18	23704.08	23979.63	2.46	-3.43
Edible oil (Crude)	126.53	82.81	137.59	93.55	-8.04	-11.48
Seeds	985.51	879.35	747.88	840.85	31.77	4.58
Textile fabrics (B/B & others)	10327.60	9827.39	10604.00	10386.22	-2.61	-5.38
Pharmaceutical raw materials	1195.26	1128.92	1033.00	1026.40	15.71	9.99
Raw cotton	2232.97	2281.33	2494.50	2722.28	-10.48	-16.20
Cotton yarn	2196.52	2033.75	2271.07	2348.03	-3.28	-13.38
Copra	150.05	133.04	86.40	64.87	73.68	105.09
Synthetic fibre & yarn	781.38	734.61	880.78	922.17	-11.28	-20.34
Chemicals & chem. products	4314.77	4245.25	3336.24	3529.16	29.33	20.29
Others	1977.25	1811.72	2112.63	2046.10	-6.41	-11.45

(continued on page-33)

Break-up of fresh opening and settlement of import LCs

(USD in million)

Items	FY26		FY25		% Change over the year	
	Opening	Settlement	Opening	Settlement	Opening	Settlement
D. Capital machinery	1857.47	1806.17	1833.91	2017.90	1.28	-10.49
Textile machinery	87.50	102.01	92.48	137.29	-5.39	-25.70
Leather / tannery	3.88	4.04	2.87	4.36	35.19	-7.23
Jute industry	1.24	1.49	4.23	3.80	-70.69	-60.83
Garment industry	281.71	349.65	322.90	434.25	-12.76	-19.48
Pharmaceutical industry	87.73	99.87	96.60	70.67	-9.18	41.32
Packing industry	8.41	5.21	2.64	3.33	218.02	56.30
Other industry	1387.00	1243.90	1312.18	1364.19	5.70	-8.82
E. Machinery for misc. inds.	2597.42	2580.57	2332.75	2319.95	11.35	11.23
Other machineries	16.76	8.20	7.05	7.70	137.69	6.43
Marine diesel engine	0.75	2.84	4.82	7.44	-84.36	-61.79
Computer & its accessories	170.05	177.14	156.91	188.46	8.37	-6.00
Motor vehicle & motorcycle parts	233.78	244.28	276.02	226.32	-15.31	7.94
Bicycle parts	68.68	70.62	79.53	50.19	-13.63	40.69
Other iron and steel products	356.32	364.50	366.08	309.77	-2.67	17.67
Motor vehicles	417.52	441.09	320.46	361.92	30.29	21.88
Other electronics components	97.46	83.64	85.78	79.14	13.61	5.69
Tractors & power tiller	11.88	10.63	20.49	18.35	-42.00	-42.07
Others	1224.22	1177.63	1015.61	1070.66	20.54	9.99
F. Petroleum & petro.prodts.	10819.73	10675.32	9524.35	10034.62	13.60	6.38
Crude	1136.44	1130.25	1077.63	1018.06	5.46	11.02
Refined	3178.25	3123.55	3902.34	4096.82	-18.56	-23.76
Others	6505.04	6421.52	4544.38	4919.74	43.14	30.53
G. Others	23611.77	21661.25	21326.68	20756.78	10.71	4.36
Commercial sector	5548.96	5106.47	4810.01	4869.20	15.36	4.87
Industrial sector	18062.81	16554.78	16516.67	15887.59	9.36	4.20
Rooppur Nuclear Power Plant	---	---	---	---	---	---
Total	74458.83	70358.39	69851.23	70347.06	6.60	0.02
of which back to back	10265.71	9859.98	10620.62	10629.98	-3.34	-7.24

Source: Foreign Exchange Operations Department (FEOD), Bangladesh Bank.

Note: Provisional data downloaded from online import monitoring system (OIMS) on 22/07/2026.

Opening = 'fresh opening of import LCs'. Settlement = 'settlement of import LCs'.