Monthly Report On
Agricultural and Rural Financing

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Research Department
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Executive Summary

Bangladesh is on course for middle income country status and its agriculture sector has continued to play significant role by providing the largest share of employment and poverty alleviation in the country. Bangladesh Bank (BB) has taken a number of initiatives to increase flow of funds in rural areas through agricultural and SME loans under its intensive financial inclusion strategies. BB has instructed all private and foreign banks to disburse at least 2 percent of their net loan and advance as agricultural credit. It is 5 percent for the 9 new commercial banks of their total loan and advance to disburse as agricultural credit².

Annual agricultural credit disbursement target was fixed at Tk. 17550.00 crore in FY17 which was 7.01 percent higher compared to the preceding year’s target of Tk. 16400.00 crore. In January 2017, actual agricultural credit disbursement by all banks stood at Tk. 2225.66 crore or 68.17 percent higher compared to the same month of the preceding year. Recovery of agricultural credit stood at Tk. 1823.74 crore in January 2017 which was 55.49 percent higher compared to the same month of the last year. Outstanding balance (including interest) of agricultural credit stood at Tk. 36389.97 crore at the end of January 2017 compared to Tk. 32601.40 crore in January 2016. Overdue of agricultural credit stood at Tk. 6785.75 crore at the end of January 2017 compared to Tk. 6330.16 crore in January 2016. Overdue as percentage of outstanding agricultural loan stood at 18.65 percent at the end of January 2017 compared to 19.42 percent at the end of January 2016. During July- January of FY17 total agricultural credit stood at Tk. 12158.71 crore and total recovery of agricultural credit stood at Tk. 10815.05 crore.

Bangladesh Bank initiated a special agricultural refinance program through BRAC for the sharecroppers from FY2010 with a revolving fund of Tk. 500 crore which was further increased to Tk. 600 crore for the tenure from July, 2015 to June, 2018. This program has been playing a crucial role to improve socio-economic condition of the sharecroppers by providing low cost agricultural credit.

The commercial banks did not avail any refinance facilities from Bangladesh Bank in January 2017 and an amount of Tk. 30.94 crore was recovered against past refinance due from different banks and financial institutions. In January 2017, Grameen Bank and other large nine NGOs disbursed Tk. 8243.29 crore as microcredit and recovered Tk. 7303.75 crore. Their outstanding balance stood at Tk. 46425.84 crore whereas the overdue stood at Tk. 784.48 crore as on January 2017.

Bangladesh bank is continuously providing policy directions to promote sustainable inclusive economic growth and to expedite credit flow to all sub-sectors of agriculture and non-farm activities. Agricultural production must be boosted by raising productivity through channeling more credit in both crop and non-crop sectors which are also necessary to enhance sustainable growth of this sector though there are constraints like scarcity of cultivable land and higher input costs.

² - Agricultural & Rural Credit Policy and Program for the FY 2016-2017, page-12
**Disbursement Target**

The disbursement target by all scheduled banks was fixed at Tk. 17550.00 crore for FY17 which was Tk. 1150.00 crore or 7.01 percent higher than that of previous year’s target of Tk. 16400.00 crore. The disbursement targets of all state-owned banks (Commercial and Specialized) were fixed at Tk. 9,290.00 crore and PCBs & FCBs targets were fixed at Tk. 8260.00 crore which is 52.93 percent and 47.07 percent of total agricultural credit disbursement target respectively. The Agricultural and Rural Credit Policy and Programme for 2016-17 was formulated by BB with the target of extending the credit support in achieving desired level of agricultural production, food security, poverty alleviation and employment creation.

**Disbursement**

In January 2017, actual disbursement of agricultural credit under the annual disbursement of agricultural credit programme stood at Tk. 2225.66 crore, which was 5.77 percent lower and 68.17 percent higher than Tk. 2361.98 crore in the previous month and Tk. 1323.46 crore in the same month of previous year respectively (Chart-1). During July-January of FY17, actual disbursement of agricultural credit stood at Tk. 12158.71 crore which was Tk. 10079.45 crore in the same period of the previous year. The target attainment was 69.28 percent in January 2017.

**Recovery**

In January 2017, recovery of agricultural credit stood at Tk. 1823.74 crore which was Tk. 2021.89 and Tk. 1172.89 crore in the previous month and the same month of previous year respectively (Chart-1). In July-January of FY17 agricultural credit recovery stood at Tk. 10815.05 crore which was Tk. 9594.24 crore in the same period of previous year.
Refinance

In January 2017 and in the same month of the previous year, Bangladesh Bank did not provide any refinance facility to any institutions. An amount of Tk. 30.94 crore was recovered against past refinance loan due from different banks and financial institutions which was also Tk. 30.00 crore in the same month of the previous year. During July-January of FY17, Bangladesh Bank did not provide any refinance facilities although it was Tk. 500 crore in the same period of previous year. During the period, total Tk. 210.94 crore was recovered against past refinance loan, which was Tk. 260.10 crore in the same period of previous year (Table-03).

At the end of January 2017, total outstanding balance (including interest) of refinance facilities enjoyed by banks (BKB, RAKUB, BSBL) and other institution (BRDB) from Bangladesh Bank stood at Tk. 3330.44 crore which was Tk. 933.02 crore or 21.88 percent lower than Tk. 4263.46 crore at the end of January 2016.

Bangladesh Rural Development Board (BRDB)

In January 2017, Bangladesh Rural Development Board (BRDB) disbursed Tk. 81.52 crore from its own source and recovered Tk. 78.65 crore which was Tk. 73.31 crore and Tk. 69.83 crore in the previous month respectively (Table-02).

Bangladesh Shomobay Bank Limited (BSBL)

In January 2017, as a non-scheduled bank BSBL disbursed Tk. 0.00 crore and recovered Tk. 0.00 crore which was Tk. 0.75 crore and Tk. 1.22 crore in the previous month respectively (Table-02).

Agricultural Credit Program to the Sharecroppers

A special agricultural credit programme named “Agricultural Credit Programme to the Sharecroppers” was taken by Bangladesh Bank in fiscal year 2009-10 with an amount of Tk. 500.00 crore as revolving fund under the refinance scheme of Bangladesh Bank and is being implemented by the country’s leading Micro-Finance Institution (MFI) BRAC. Bangladesh Bank extended its duration for another 3 years from July, 2012 to June, 2015 and an amount of Tk. 410.85 crore had been disbursed during till June 2015. As the programme has been playing an important role to improve socio economic condition of the sharecroppers by providing low cost agricultural credit to them, an additional tk. 150 crore has been allocated recently for next 3 financial years.

Therefore, total agricultural credit disbursement stood at Tk. 12966.10 crore including all scheduled banks (Tk. 12158.71 crore), agricultural credit to sharecroppers under refinance of Bangladesh Bank (Tk. 331.10 crore) and BRDB’s agricultural and rural credit from its own fund (Tk. 476.29 crore) during FY17 up to January 2017.
Microcredit Operations by Grameen Bank & NGOs

In January 2017, Grameen Bank and other large nine NGOs (BRAC, ASA, Proshika, TMSS, RDRS Bangladesh, CARITAS Bangladesh, Jagoroni Chakra Foundation, Society for Social Services [SSS], Shakti Foundation for Disadvantaged Women) disbursement of credit for income generating productive rural activities under their microcredit programme stood at Tk. 8243.29 crore through their around 9659 branches reached to 26.68 million members. It is noted that Grameen Bank, BRAC and ASA have been playing a major role in micro credit disbursement with 89.07 percent share in total disbursement of January 2017. However, in January 2017, total recovery of all micro credit providers stood at Tk. 7303.75 crore. At the end of January of FY17, total outstanding balance and overdue of those institutions stood at Tk. 46425.84 crore and Tk. 784.48 crore respectively. During this period, the overdue as percentage of outstanding balance became only 1.69 percent.

Palli Karma Shahayak Foundation

Palli Karma Shahayak Foundation (PKSF) extended loan amounting to Tk. 293.17 crore to its 276 POs (Partner Organizations) in December, 2016 and recovered Tk. 212.47 crore. Up to December, 2016 PKSF’s outstanding balance and overdue stood at Tk. 4277.35 crore and Tk. 194.70 crore respectively.

Measures Taken by Bangladesh Bank to Facilitate Rural Financing

- As per GBCSRD circular no: 01/2014, 14 May 2014, Bangladesh Bank decided to form a revolving fund of Tk. 200.00 crores under the “Refinance Scheme for Tk. 10 account holders (small/marginal/landless/natural disaster affected farmers and micro/small traders)” under financial inclusion program. Amendments have been included through the subsequent circular no: 03, 22 December 2014 which are appended bellow:
  - Banks will realize maximum 9.50 percent annual interest rate (Bank Rate 5.00% + maximum 4.50%) from credit disbursement against this fund at borrower’s level.
  - Bank will charge maximum 7.00 percent rate of interest (Bank Rate 5.00% + maximum 2.00%) from MFI for disbursement of credit through MFI linkage.
  - MFIs will realize interest rate at 9.50 percent through credit disbursement directly to the borrower’s.
  - Banks will disburse maximum portion of the fund of refinance scheme to the borrower’s level directly.
- Bangladesh Bank declared the Agricultural and Rural Credit Policy and programme for the fiscal year 2016-2017. All scheduled banks operating in Bangladesh and the BRDB had been advised to instruct their concerned sections to follow and implement the policy and programme and to inform the ACD about branch-wise and Micro-finance based (where applicable) credit target under the total targeted programme. (Ref: ACD Circular No. 01; 31 July 2016)

3=Data of December 2016
According to the ACD Circular No. 02; 31 July, 2016, the commercial banks those have Agent Banking activities and those are willing to start, will be able to participate in the agricultural and rural credit disbursement program through Agent Banking operations alongside the ongoing agricultural credit disbursement. All the scheduled banks are instructed to comply with the instructions given in the referred circular. The main features of the circular are as follows;

- All concerned banks have to be active to disburse 60.00% of the bank’s annual target in the crops sector including agricultural and rural credit through Agent Banking.
- Diminishing rate of interest system may be applied in realization of loan installments.
- Banks will impose maximum 0.50% commission/service charge (including VAT) from the borrowers in addition to the stipulated interest rate and no other commissions/fees will be charged. Bank will credit this commission/service charge directly to the agents account and agent will not collect any commission/service charge from the borrowers.

According to ACD circular no. 03, 18 August, 2016, an amendment has been made to section 8 (B) of ACD circular no. 02, 02 June, 2015. Scheduled banks are instructed not to realize any subsidiary deposit from the said borrowers. All other conditions of ACD circular no. 02, 02 June, 2015 and ACD circular no. 03, 25 August, 2015 will remain unchanged.

Bangladesh Bank is providing policy directions to promote inclusive economic growth and to expedite credit flow to all sub-sectors in agriculture and off-farm activities. Agriculture sector has experienced a steady rise in crop production over the years as high attention has been given to the sector. Non-crop sectors like fisheries and livestock & poultry farm are also gaining momentum. However, during FY17, it is observed that agricultural credit disbursement in all subsectors like crops, irrigation equipment, live-stock & poultry farm, and fisheries were higher than the same period of the previous year. Therefore, to promote the stakeholders of the rural areas aiming to boost up both crop and non-crop production, there is a scope to speed up credit disbursement and provide refinance facility at a low interest rate in these sectors. Agricultural production must be boosted up by raising productivity through channeling more credit in both crop and non-crop sectors which is also necessary to enhance sustainable growth of this sector.