

Monthly Report On Agricultural and Rural Financing¹



August 2016

**Research Department
Bangladesh Bank**

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Agricultural and Rural Financing Report, August 2016

Executive Summary

The role of agricultural sector is very important for employment generation and poverty alleviation in Bangladesh. Bangladesh Bank (BB) has taken a number of initiatives to increase flow of funds in rural areas through agricultural and SME loans under its intensive financial inclusion strategies. BB has instructed all private and foreign banks to disburse at least 2 percent of their net loan and advance as agricultural credit. It is 5 percent for the 9 new commercial banks of their total loan and advance to disburse as agricultural credit².

Annual agricultural credit disbursement target was fixed at Tk. 17550.00 crore in FY17 which was 7.01 percent higher compared to the preceding year's target of Tk. 16400.00 crore. In August 2016, actual agricultural credit disbursement by all banks stood at Tk. 1006.63 crore or 5.69 percent higher compared to the same month of the preceding year. During July-August of FY17 total agricultural credit stood at Tk. 2062.63 crore. Recovery of agricultural credit stood at Tk. 1189.85 crore in August 2016 which was 19.05 percent higher compared to the same month of the last year. During July-August of FY17 total recovery of agricultural credit stood at Tk. 2135.50 crore. Outstanding balance (including interest) of agricultural credit stood at Tk. 34501.73 crore at the end of August 2016 compared to Tk. 31844.56 crore in August 2015. Overdue of agricultural credit stood at Tk. 6211.28 crore at the end of August 2016. Overdue as percentage of outstanding agricultural loan stood at 18.00 percent at the end of August 2016.

Bangladesh Bank initiated a special agricultural refinance program through BRAC for the sharecroppers from FY2010 with a revolving fund of Tk. 500 crore which was further increased to Tk. 600 crore for the tenure from July, 2015 to June, 2018. This program has been playing a crucial role to improve socio-economic condition of the sharecroppers by prioritizing them low cost agricultural credit.

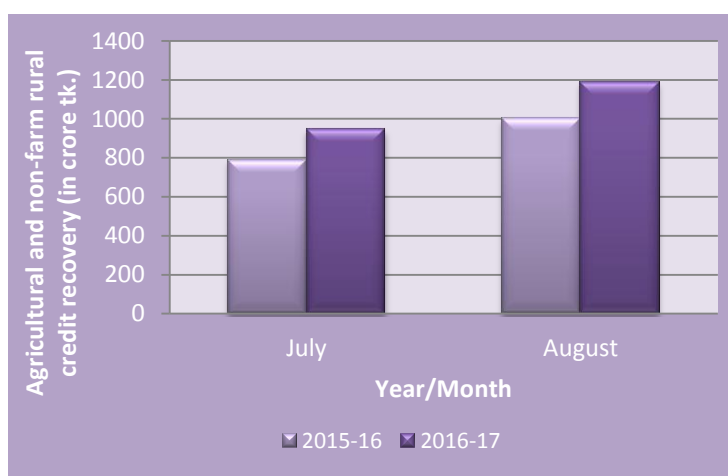
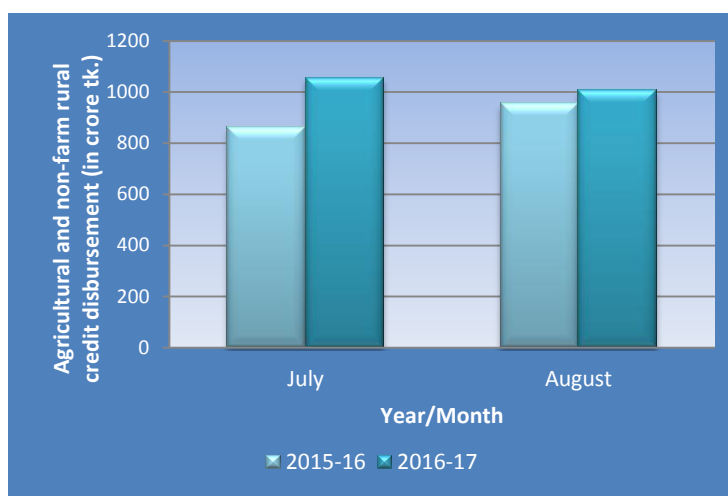
The commercial banks did not avail of any refinance facilities from Bangladesh Bank in August 2016 and an amount of Tk. 30.00 crore was recovered against past refinance due from different banks and financial institutions. In August 2016, Grameen Bank and other large nine NGOs disbursed Tk. 6773.09 crore as microcredit and recovered Tk. 6361.77 crore. Their outstanding balance stood at Tk. 41763.63 crore whereas the overdue stood at Tk. 785.50 crore as on August 2016 (provisional).

Bangladesh bank is continuously providing policy directions to promote sustainable inclusive economic growth and to expedite credit flow to all sub-sectors in agriculture and off-farm activities. Agricultural production must be boosted by raising productivity through channeling more credit in both crop and non-crop sectors which are also necessary to enhance sustainable growth of this sector though there are constraints like scarcity of cultivable land and higher input costs along with increasing demand for food.

2- Agricultural & Rural Credit Policy and Program for the FY 2016-2017, page-12

Disbursement Target

The disbursement target by all scheduled banks was fixed at Tk. 17550.00 crore for FY17 which was Tk. 1150.00 crore or 7.01 percent higher than that of previous year's target of Tk. 16400.00 crore. The disbursement targets of all state-owned banks (Commercial and Specialized) were fixed at Tk. 9,290.00 crore and PCBs & FCBs targets were fixed at Tk. 8260.00 crore which is 52.93 percent and 47.07 percent of total agricultural credit disbursement target respectively. The Agricultural and Rural Credit Policy and Programme for 2016-17 was formulated by BB with the target of extending the credit support in achieving desired level of agricultural production, food security, poverty alleviation and employment creation.



Disbursement

In August 2016, actual disbursement of agricultural credit under the annual disbursement of agricultural credit programme stood at Tk. 1006.63 crore, which was 4.68 percent lower and 5.69 percent higher than Tk. 1056.00 crore in the previous month and Tk. 952.43 crore in the same month of previous year respectively (Chart-1). During July-August of FY17, actual disbursement of agricultural credit stood at Tk. 2062.63 crore which was Tk. 1809.33 crore in the same period of the previous year. The target attainment in August 2016 was 11.75 percent.

Recovery

In August 2016, recovery of agricultural credit stood at Tk. 1189.85 crore which was Tk. 945.65 and Tk. 999.44 crore in the previous month and the same month of previous year respectively (Chart-2). In July-August of FY17 agricultural credit recovery stood at Tk. 2135.50 crore which was Tk. 1789.77 crore in the same period of previous year.

Refinance

In August 2016 and in the same month of the previous year, Bangladesh Bank did not provide any refinance facility to any institutions. An amount of Tk. 30.00 crore was recovered against past refinance loan due from different banks and financial institutions which was Tk. 55.05 crore

in the same month of the previous year. During July-August of FY17, Bangladesh Bank did not provide any refinance facilities although it was Tk. 500 crore in the same period of previous year. During the period total Tk. 60 crore was recovered against past refinance loan, which was Tk. 110.10 crore in the same period of previous year.

At the end of August 2016, total outstanding balance (including interest) of refinance facilities enjoyed by banks (BKB, RAKUB, BSBL) and other institution (BRDB) from Bangladesh Bank stood at Tk. 3442.61 crore which was Tk. 918.40 crore or 21.06 percent lower than Tk. 4405.00 crore at the end of August 2015.

Bangladesh Rural Development Board (BRDB)

In August 2016, Bangladesh Rural Development Board (BRDB) disbursed Tk. 53.25 crore from its own source and recovered Tk 56.59 crore which was Tk. 57.31 crore and Tk. 60.21 crore in the previous month respectively.

Bangladesh Shomobay Bank Limited (BSBL)

In August 2016, as a non-scheduled bank BSBL disbursed Tk. 0.58 crore and recovered Tk 0.62 crore which was Tk. 0.18 crore and Tk. 0.83 crore in the previous month respectively.

Agricultural Credit Program to the Sharecroppers

A special agricultural credit programme named “Agricultural Credit Programme to the Sharecroppers” was taken by Bangladesh Bank in fiscal year 2009-10 with an amount of Tk. 500.00 crore as revolving fund under the refinance scheme of Bangladesh Bank and is being implemented by the country’s leading Micro-Finance Institution (MFI) BRAC. Bangladesh Bank extended its duration for another 3 years from July, 2012 to June, 2015 and an amount of Tk. 410.85 crore had been disbursed during till June 2015. As the programme has been playing an important role to improve socio economic condition of the sharecroppers by providing low cost agricultural credit to them, an additional tk. 150 crore has been allocated recently for next 3 financial years.

Therefore, total agricultural credit disbursement stood at Tk. 2173.19 crore including all scheduled banks (Tk. 2062.63 crore) and BRDB’s agricultural and rural credit from its own fund (Tk. 110.56 crore) during FY17 up to August 2016.

Microcredit Operations by Grameen Bank & NGOs^P

In August 2016, Grameen Bank and other large nine NGOs (BRAC, ASA, Proshika, TMSS, RDRS Bangladesh, CARITAS Bangladesh, Jagoroni Chakra Foundation, Society for Social Services [SSS], Shakti Foundation for Disadvantaged Women) disbursement of credit for income generating productive rural activities under their microcredit programme stood at Tk. 6773.09 crore through their around 9581 branches reached to 26.03 million members. It is noted that Grameen Bank, BRAC and ASA have been playing a major role in micro credit disbursement

with 91.28 percent share in total disbursement of August 2016. However, in August 2016, total recovery of all micro credit providers stood at Tk. 6361.77 crore. At the end of August of FY17, total outstanding balance and overdue of those institutions stood at Tk. 41763.63 crore and Tk. 785.50 crore respectively. During this period, the overdue as percentage of outstanding balance became only 1.88 percent.

Palli Karma Shahayak Foundation³

Palli Karma Shahayak Foundation (PKSF) extended loan amounting to Tk. 201.70 crore to its 275 POs (Partner Organizations) in June, 2016 and recovered Tk. 304.75 crore. Up to June, 2016 PKSF's outstanding balance and overdue stood at Tk. 4220.23 crore and Tk. 165.38 crore respectively.

Measures Taken by Bangladesh Bank to Facilitate Rural Financing during FY17

- Bangladesh Bank declared the Agricultural and Rural Credit Policy and programme for the fiscal year 2016-2017. All scheduled banks operating in Bangladesh and the BRDB had been advised to instruct their concerned sections to follow and implement the policy and programme and to inform the ACD about branch-wise and Micro-finance based (where applicable) credit target under the total targeted programme. (Ref: ACD Circular No. 01; 31 July 2016)
- According to the ACD Circular No. 02; 31 July, 2016, those commercial banks that have already introduced Agent Banking Activities and those banks are willing to start Agent Banking Activities, they will be able to participate in the Agricultural and Rural credit disbursement program through Agent Banking operations beside the ongoing agricultural credit disbursement. All scheduled banks are instructed to comply with the instructions given in the referred circular.

Conclusion

Bangladesh Bank is providing policy directions to promote inclusive economic growth and to expedite credit flow to all sub-sectors in agriculture and off-farm activities. Agriculture sector has experienced a steady rise in crop production over the years as high attention has been given to the sector. Non-crop sectors like fisheries and livestock & poultry farm are also gaining momentum. However, during FY17, it is observed that agricultural credit disbursement in all subsectors like crops, irrigation equipment, live-stock & poultry farm, and fisheries were higher than the same period of the previous year. Therefore, to promote the stakeholders of the rural areas aiming to boost up both crop and non-crop production, there is a scope to speed up credit disbursement and provide refinance facility at a low interest rate in these sectors. Agricultural production must be boosted up by raising productivity through channeling more credit in both crop and non-crop sectors which is also necessary to enhance sustainable growth of this sector.

P=provisional

3=Data of June 2016