Guidelines to fill in the banking statistics returns SBS-1, SBS-2 & SBS-3

(Fifth edition)



STATISTICS DEPARTMENT BANGLADESH BANK July 2013

Members of the Editorial Committee

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Preface to the Fifth Edition

In the light of current economic activities and experiences thereof, the fifth edition of the revised directory on compilation of Banking Statistics Returns is in the process of being published. Information/data on banking sector of the country play an important role in formulating monetary policy and determining the trend of economic activities. In order to meet that end, the SBS forms which were used earlier for collection of all types of information/data from the banking sector in Bangladesh have been revised and enlarged. The Statistics Department of the Bangladesh Bank published Banking Statistics Guidelines 8 (Eight) years ago in the form of a booklet for enabling the scheduled banks to fill in the above forms properly and submitting the same to the Bangladesh Bank.

In the current edition of the booklet, detailed explanatory notes of the terms have been given in addition to the revisions of definitions of some terms. Necessary changes and modifications have also been made in some areas pertaining to deposits and advances and on codes relating to advances classified by economic purpose.

Statistics Department Bangladesh Bank

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List of Acronyms

ACU	==	Asian Clearing Union
ACU	==	Authorised Dealer
BARD		Bangladesh Academy for Rural Development
BB		Bangladesh Bank
BCD	==	
	==	Bearer Certificate of Deposits
BDBL	==	Bangladesh Development Bank Limited
BDT	==	Bangladesh Taka
ВКВ	==	Bangladesh Krishi Bank
BL	==	Bad/Loss
BRDB	==	Bangladesh Rural Development Board
BRPD	==	Banking Regulation and Policy Department
BSB	==	Bangladesh Shilpa Bank
BSEC	==	Bangladesh Securities Exchange Commission
BSRS	==	Bangladesh Shilpa Rin Sangstha
CC	==	Cash Credit
CL	==	Classified Loans
CSE	==	Chittagong Stock Exchange Ltd.
CSV	==	Comma Separated Values
DD	==	Demand Draft
DF	==	Doubtful
DMB	==	Deposit Money Banks
DPS	==	Deposit Pension Scheme
DSE	==	Dhaka Stock Exchange Ltd.
EDW	==	Enterprise Data Warehouse
EPZ	==	Export Processing Zone
FC	==	Foreign Currency
FDI	==	Foreign Direct Investment
FE	==	Foreign Exchange
FOB	==	Free on Board or Freight on Board
GIIB	==	Government Islamic Investment Bond (Islamic Bond)
GOB	==	Government of Bangladesh
HBFC	==	House Building Finance Corporation
ICB	==	Investment Corporation of Bangladesh
ICPF	==	Insurance Companies and Pension Funds
IDA	==	International Development Association
IDB	==	Islamic Development Bank
IFAD	==	International Fund for Agricultural Development
IMF	==	International Monetary Fund
JICA	==	Japan International Co-operation Agency
PKSF	==	Pally Karma Sahayak Foundation
LAM	==	Loan Against Merchandise
LIM	==	Loan Against Imported Merchandise

LTR	==	Loan Against Trust Receipts
ME	==	Monetary and Economic
MT	==	Mail Transfer/Money Transfer
NBDC	==	Non-Bank Depository Corporation
NCCB	==	National Credit and Commerce Bank Ltd.
NCD	==	Negotiable Certificate of Deposits
NFCD	==	Non-resident Foreign Currency Deposits
NGO	==	Non-Government Organisations.
NITA	==	Non-Resident Investors Taka Account.
NPISH	==	Non-Profit Institutions Serving Household
NPISH	==	Non-Profit Institutions Serving Household
NSD	==	Directorate of National Savings
OFI	==	Other Financial Intermediaries
PAD	==	Payment Against Documents
PC	==	Packing Credit / Pre-shipment Credit
PD	==	Primary Dealer
PKSF	==	Pally Karma Sahayak Foundation
PM	==	Prime Minister
PSD	==	Pension Scheme Deposits
PSS	==	Pension Savings Scheme
RAJUK	==	Rajdhani Unnayan Kartipakkha
RAKUB	==	Rajshahi Krishi Unnayan Bank
REPO	==	Repurchase Agreement
RFCD	==	Resident Foreign Currency Deposits
RIT	==	Rationailsed Input Template
SBS	==	Scheduled Bank Statistics
SDPS	==	Special Deposit Pension Scheme
SEM	==	Secondary Exchange Market
SMA	==	Special Mention Account
SME	==	Small and Medium Enterprises
SND	==	Special Notice Deposits
SS	==	Substandard
STA	==	Special Trade Arrangement
ТТ	==	Telephonic Transfer/Telegraphic Transfer
UC	==	Unclassified
VAT	==	Value Added Tax
WASA	==	Water and Sewerage Authority
WB	==	World Bank

PART-1 (SBS-1 Return)

Effective from July'2013

CHAPTER 1. INTRODUCTION AND GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

1.1 Introduction

The monthly SBS-1 return is the core statistics of banking sector operating in Bangladesh. It is a comprehensive set of sector wise assets and liabilities of the banking systems. The money and banking statistics are prepared on the basis of SBS-1 return which is used for formulating and implementing monetary policy of the country by the Bangladesh Bank. The GOB, WB, IMF and other national and international agencies, researchers, students use these data for evaluating monetary and economic activities of the country.

So the availability of reliable and comparable statistics is an essential prerequisite for formulating and implementing monetary policy. In order to meet that end, the compilation of a consistent database is, therefore, extremely vital.

Detailed instructions, explanations and definitions have been provided in this booklet (5th addition) to help the bank officials for reporting SBS-1 data correctly.

1.2 Rationalized Input Template (RIT)

The **Rationalized input Template (RIT)** is standardized electronic data reporting form. Bangladesh Bank has established the **Enterprise Data Warehouse (EDW)** for online data reporting by the banks and financial institutions operating in Bangladesh. It allows an efficient method of reporting data to Bangladesh Bank in a secure internet environment. The RIT for SBS-1 return has already been provided to the reporting banks with a view to collect the information timely and accurately through the web portal of Bangladesh Bank.

In submitting the RIT related to SBS-1 return through Web Portal, head office of the reporting banks are advised to follow the instructions given in the next page.

1.3 General Instructions:-

- 1. The reporting bank branches must have to follow the definitions, explanations and instructions provided in chapter-2 of this booklet.
- 2. Intensive care should also be taken so that the figures are correctly reported against the appropriate sectors or item codes of both assets and liabilities sides in the SBS-1 return.
- 3. The reporting bank branches shall have to submit the SBS-1 returns to their respective head offices by 10th **of the following month to which it relates**.
- 4. The Head Office of the reporting banks must ensure that all of their branch offices have submitted the SBS-1 returns and they will make instant check for accuracy of the data.
- 5. The Head Offices of the reporting banks will have to consolidate all the returns and enter the consolidated information into the RIT and upload them through the web portal of BB's EDW by 25th **day of each month following the month to which it relates**.
- 6. The process of filling up and submitting or uploading the template will be as follow:
 - a. Open the template to be filled up:- **T_ME_M_ASS_LIAB_BANK.**
 - b. Fill up corresponding columns and rows with the necessary information.
 - c. Check and recheck that the information entered into the template is correct and appropriate.
 - d. Save the file in CSV format for uploading BB's web portal.
 - e. The next step is to navigate to the BB's web Portal and Log-in.
 - f. Select the template category (ME) and locate the name of the template to be uploaded.
 - g. Browse the files to be uploaded and Upload CSV files.
 - h. A confirmation message "successfully uploaded" will be displayed and preserve it for future reference and finally Log out from the Portal.
- 7. While reporting foreign currency balances, it should be converted into taka by using average rate of end month exchange rate.
- 8. For all queries regarding SBS-1 returns/ templates, reporting bank branches and their Head Offices may contact directly with the Statistics Department, Bangladesh Bank, Head Office, Dhaka.

CHAPTER 2. DEFINITIONS, EXPLANATORY NOTES & INSTRUCTIONS OF SBS-1

classification matrix are described at page no. 35.

Deposit Classification Matrix (Table - A): (Excluding Foreign Currency Deposits)

Table-A is a Deposit Classification Matrix. All deposits except foreign currency deposits (code nos. 17602, 17603, 17604, 17605, 17606, 16700, 16391, 16392 and 16393) should be classified by Sectors and types of deposits/Instruments. In compilation of Table-A, the first and most basic frame work is to identify the sectors for all depositors. The sectors should be determined by the main activities or professions of the depositors. The second frame work is to identify the types of deposits. The banks are required to report the outstanding amounts of deposits against related sector codes & respective instrument codes. Total amounts of the sectors and the total amounts of the instruments must agree with the grand total of the matrix (Table-A).

Total amount of the Deposit Classification Matrix (Table-A) should be reported in this code. The compilation procedures of deposit

The amount which has been retained in the business and not distributed to the owners or share holders. It is the part of capital of a company/firm that has not been called up and is, therefore, available for drawing in case of need. Such reserves or funds set aside from profit to meet obligations/special purposes/emergencies should be reported in this code. Reserves such as Rural Credit Fund, Statutory Reserve, and Reserve for revaluation, Retained Earnings, Share premium, Reserve for Unforeseen Losses etc. and all borrowings from shareholders should also be included in reserves. It should be noted here that the capital brought in by the foreign bank branches

operating in Bangladesh should also be included in this code.

2.1.2 **Reserve and Surplus:**

Deposit Liabilities:

The amount of a company's paid up capital is that which has been paid in full/subscribed by the sponsors or shareholders. The paid-up capital can be less than a company's total authorized capital because a company cannot issue all of the shares that have been authorized to sell. Paid-up capital can also reflect how a company depends on equity financing. The Head Office of the reporting bank is required to report the amount of paid-up capital under this code in the SBS-1 return.

LIABILITIES:

2.1

2.1.3

2.1.1 Paid -up Capital:

3

12000

11000

CODE

12110

12120

Classification of Sectors:

The sectors should be determined on the basis of main activity or professions of the depositors. The concepts and definitions of sectors are given in chapter-4 at page 39-55. The outstanding amount of deposits of different sectors should be reported against respective code given below:

I. Public Sector:

a) Government Sector:

The definition of the Government sector and the name of the available government institutions are given at page nos. 39-44.

The government sector is subdivided into the following two categories for reporting SBS-1 return.

i) Presidency, PM's office, Ministries & Judiciary, Directorates and Other Government offices/Institutions.

All kinds of deposits received from all Government offices should be reported against this code. A list of the Government Directorates, Departments and Offices has been given at page nos.39-40.

ii) Autonomous & Semi Autonomous Bodies.

All kinds of deposits received from the Autonomous and Semi-Autonomous Bodies as listed at page nos. 41-44 should be reported against this code.

b) Other Public Sector:

against this code number.

i) Local Authorities	12210
All types of deposits received from the Local Authorities as listed at	
page no. 46 should be reported against this code number.	

ii) Public Non-Financial Corporations12220All types of deposits received from the Public Non-Financial
Corporations as listed at page nos.45-46 should be reported against
this code number.1220

iii) Non Bank Depository Corporations (NBDC)-Public12230All types of deposits received from the Non Bank Depository
Corporations-Public as listed at page no. 47 should be reported1230

iv) Other Financial Intermediaries (OFIs)- Public All types of deposits received from the Other Financial Intermediaries- Public as listed at page no. 47 should be reported against this code number.	12240
v) Insurance Companies & Pension Funds- Public All types of deposits received from the Insurance Companies & Pension Funds- Public as listed at page no. 47 should be reported against this code number.	12250
II. Private Sector:	
i) Non-Bank Depository Corporations (NBDC)- Private All types of deposits received from the Non-Bank Depository Corporations- Private as listed at page 48 should be reported against this code number.	12330
ii) Other Financial Intermediaries (OFIs) – Private All types of deposits received from the Other Financial Intermediaries- Private as listed at page 48 should be reported against this code number.	12340
iii) Insurance Companies & Pension Funds- Private All types of deposits received from the Insurance Companies & Pension Funds-Private as listed at page no.76-77 in the annexure should be reported against this code number.	12350
iv) Financial Auxiliaries- Private	12360
All types of deposits received from the Financial Auxiliaries- Private as defined at page 48 should be reported against this code number.	
v) Non-Financial Corporations-Private All types of deposits received from the Private Non-Financial Corporations as defined at page no. 49-51 should be reported against this code number.	12370
vi) Non Profit Institutions Serving Household (NPISH) All types of deposits received from the Non-Profit Institutions Serving Household as defined at page nos. 51 should be reported against this code number.	12380
vii) Household /Individual-Resident All types of deposits received from the Household Resident/ Individual as defined at page nos. 51-52 should be reported against this code number.	12390

III. Deposit Money Banks (DMB) Deposits

All types of interbank taka deposits should be reported against this code. Foreign currency deposits of DMBs held with the reporting bank **should not** be reported under this code. A list of DMBs has been given at page no. 52-53.

Classification of Types of Deposits:

The types of deposits should be determined on the basis of the nature of the deposit accounts. The concepts and definitions of the types of deposits are given below:

a) Current Deposits

The nature of current account is non-interest bearing and provides transferable chequing facilities, but in some cases a few number of banks provide interest on its balances. Balances of Current Account should be reported in this code according to sectors. But amount in Convertible Taka account of Foreigners (code-17602), Non-resident investors' taka account (code-17605) and Non- resident Taka accounts of foreign bank branches and correspondents (code-17606) should **not be** reported in this code.

b) Cash Credit Deposits (Credit Balances of Loans & Advances)

Credit balance of all loans and advances should be reported in this code. Usually banks do not provide interest on these balances but in some cases a few number of banks provide interest on its balances.

c) Deposits withdrawable on Sight

This item includes all deposits which cannot be transferred through cheques, but are withdrawable on demand.

The following items should be reported in this code according to the sectors.

- a) Overdue Fixed Deposit Accounts
- b) Unclaimed Balances
- c) Payment Orders
- d) Telephonic Transfers
- e) Mail Transfers
- f) Demand Drafts
- g) Traveler's Cheques
- h) Unclaimed Dividends
- i) Drafts Payable Accounts
- j) Earnest Money of Tender/Quotation
- k) Electronic Money Transfers (Western Union, Money Gram etc).

12901

12902

12903

d) Savings Deposits Balances of Savings deposit accounts should be reported in this code according to sectors. Interests are paid in certain percentage on the balance of this account.	12904
e) Fixed Deposits Deposits taken for any terms are specified as fixed deposits. Balances of fixed deposit accounts should be reported in this code according to the sectors. As compared with other deposits higher rate of interest is paid on the balance of this account. Monthly income scheme, Double/Triple Benefit Scheme, etc should also be reported under this code.	12905
f) Special Notice Deposits (SND) All the accounts like short term deposits and call deposits shall be treated as SND. Minimum 7 days prior notice from the depositors will be required to withdraw money from the SND accounts. This account is interest bearing and provides chequing facilities. Balances of Special Notice Deposit accounts should be reported in this code according to the sectors.	12906
g) Pension Scheme Deposit/Recurring Deposits Balances of Deposit Pension Scheme should be reported in this code against Household/Individual-Resident only. Besides DPS, same nature of instruments those are introduced by different banks such as APS, SDPS, SPS, PDS, MSDS, PSS, Hajj Deposit Scheme, Education Savings Scheme, Marriage Scheme, Lakhopati Scheme, Millionaire Scheme etc. should be reported in this code.	12907
h) Margin Deposits- Foreign Currency Equivalent Taka on the foreign currency margin deposits (Margins on Letter of Credits and Margins on Guarantees) should be reported in this code according to the sectors.	12908
 i) Margin Deposits- Taka Balances of Taka margin deposits on Letter of Credits and Letter of Guarantees should be reported in this code according to the sectors. Balances of margin deposit against credits or inland bills should also be reported here. 	12909
j) Special Purpose Deposits	12910
Balances of the following items should be reported in this code according to the sectors.	
 a) Employees Provident /Pension Funds b) Employees Security/Guarantee Deposits c) Contribution Towards Insurance Funds d) Security Deposits 	

- d) Security Deposits
- e) Seasonal Hajj Deposits
- f) Gift Certificate Deposits
- g) Cash Waqf Deposits
- h) Sundry Deposits
- i) Surcharge and Development Tax, VAT, Income Tax, Source Tax, Excise Duties, Fees, Levies etc.

k) Negotiable Certificates of Deposits & Promissory Notes 12911 Balances of Negotiable Certificates of Deposits (NCD) should be reported in this code. The balances in the account of Promissory Notes/Savings Bonds issued by the reporting bank should be reported in this code according to the sectors. I) Restricted (Blocked) Deposits 12912 Restricted deposits comprise obligation carrying special terms set by authority that override the appropriate normal liquidity characteristics (e.g. blocked or earmarked accounts). The nature of these deposits is that the account holders do not have access to the funds during blocked period. Balances of Restricted (Blocked) deposits should be reported in this code against private sector only.

It should be noted that the deposit accounts blocked by the banks internal purposes should not be reported here.

m) Accrued Interest- Payable

Accrued interest payable on deposits should be reported in this code according to the sectors and type of deposits.

Domestic Borrowings From: 2.1.4

a) Government for on-lending

Borrowing from Government comprises borrowing for on-lending on behalf of the government; the reporting banks in doing so act as agent of the Government. Generally these funds (e.g. IDA credit, IFAD fund, JICA etc.) have been borrowed from abroad by the Government, which are the Govt. foreign liabilities. The reporting bank carries liabilities to the government as these are routed through DMBs directly. Balances of such borrowings should be reported against this code. Branches of the reporting bank are not required to report here.

b) Non-Bank Depository Corporations (NBDC)- Public

i) Money payable at call

It is a kind of short term borrowings/loans from Non Bank Depository Corporations. It does not have a set of repayment schedule but it is repayable immediately i.e, It is to repay within a couple of hours or a couple of days.

Borrowings from Non-Bank Depository Corporations-Public (such as Ansar- VDP Unnayan Bank, Karmasangsthan Bank etc.) by the reporting banks in the form of money payable at call should be reported in this code.

12913

13100

	ii) Repurchase agreement (REPO) Repurchase agreement is the sale of a security with a commitment by the seller to buy the security back from the purchaser at a specified price and date. The transaction is called REPO from the perspective of the seller (i.e, cash taker) of the security and Reverse REPO from the buyer side (i.e, cash provider). Borrowings of the reporting banks in the form of REPO from Non Bank Depository Corporations- Public (such as, Ansar-VDP Unnayan Bank, Karmasangsthan Bank etc.) should be reported in this code.	13232
	iii) Other Borrowings All other liabilities except deposits, money payable at call and REPO of the reporting banks should be reported against this code number.	13239
C) Oth	ner Financial Intermediaries (OFIs)- Public	
	i) Money payable at call Borrowings from Other Financial Intermediaries- Public (such as HBFC, ICB, PKSF, GIIB, SME Foundation etc.) in the form of money payable at call should be reported in this code.	13241
	ii) Repurchase agreement (REPO) Borrowings from Other Financial Intermediaries- Public (such as HBFC, ICB PKSF, EEF, GIIB, SME Foundation etc.) in the form of REPO should be reported in this code.	13242
	iii) Government Islamic Investment Bond (Islamic Bond) Borrowings from Government Islamic Investment Bond should be reported in this code.	13243
	 iv) Other Borrowings All other liabilities except deposits, money payable at call and REPO of the reporting banks should be reported here. 	13249
d) Insurance Companies and Pension Funds- Public		
	i) Money payable at call Borrowings from Insurance Companies and Pension Funds- Public (such as Sadaran Bima Corporation, Jiban Bima Corporation, and Pension Funds etc.) in the form of money payable at call should be reported in this code.	13251

Public (such as Sadarar	ce Companies and Pension Funds- Bima Corporation, Jiban Bima Funds etc.) in the form of REPO	13252
iii) Other Borrowings All other liabilities except REPO of the reporting bank	deposits, money payable at call and is should be reported here.	13259
e) Non-Bank Depository Corporat	ions (NBDC)- Private	
(such as, Grameen Bank, Land Mortgage Co-operativ	k Depository Corporations- Private Deposit taking Leasing Companies, ve Banks, and Central Co-operatives f money payable at call should be	13331
(such as, Grameen Bank, Land Mortgage Co-operativ	(REPO) k Depository Corporations- Private Deposit taking Leasing Companies, ve Banks, and Central Co-operatives f REPO should be reported in this	13332
iii) Other Borrowings All other liabilities except REPO of the reporting bank	deposits, money payable at call and is should be reported here.	13339
f) Other Financial Intermediaries	(OFIs)- Private	
	nancial Intermediaries- Private (such mutual funds etc.) in the form of Id be reported in this code.	13341
	nancial Intermediaries- Private (such mutual funds etc.) in the form of	13342

 iii) Other Borrowings All other liabilities except deposits, money payable at call and REPO of the reporting banks should be reported here. 	13349
g) Insurance Companies and Pension Funds- Private	
i) Money payable at call Borrowings from Insurance Companies and Pension Funds- Private in the form of money payable at call of the reporting banks should be reported in this code.	13351
ii) Repurchase agreement (REPO) Borrowings from Insurance Companies and Pension Funds- Private in the form of REPO of the reporting banks should be reported in this code.	13352
 iii) Other Borrowings All other liabilities except deposits, money payable at call and REPO of the reporting banks should be reported here. 	13359
h) Bangladesh Bank	
i) On-lending projects These funds (IDA Credit, IFAD, JICA etc.) have been borrowed by the Government from abroad and lent by Bangladesh Bank to the DMBs for on-lending project purposes. These types of borrowings should be reported here.	13401
ii) Normal borrowings Borrowings from Bangladesh Bank such as demand loan, borrowing against export bills, borrowing against promissory notes issued by Ministries should be reported under this code.	13402

2.1.5

IV) Repurchase agreement (REPO) Borrowings from Bangladesh Bank in the form of REPO of the reporting banks should be reported in this code.	13404
v) Borrowing for Refinancing Funds received from Bangladesh Bank by the reporting bank for refinancing (such as SME, Agro-Processing Industries, Housing Refinance Investment, Enterprise Growth & Bank Modernization Program, Solar & Bio-Gas Plant and Effluent Treatment Plant etc.) should be reported under this code.	13409
vi) Other Borrowings All other Borrowings if any from Bangladesh Bank not included elsewhere should be reported under this code.	13419
i) Deposit Money Banks (DMBs)	
i) Money payable at call Borrowings from DMBs by the reporting bank in the form of money payable at call should be reported in this code.	13501
ii) Repurchase agreement (REPO) Borrowings from DMBs by the reporting bank in the form of REPO should be reported in this code.	13502
iii) Other Borrowings All other liabilities (except money payable at call and REPO) such as T.T. discounting facility, swap, borrowings against term deposit etc by the reporting bank from the Deposit Money Banks should be reported in this code. Short- term or any other kind of deposits of the DMB's should not be reported here.	13509
Securities other than shares	
a) Non-Bank Depository Corporations (NBDC)- Public Securities (such as debenture, bonds, mutual funds etc.) issued by the reporting bank held with the Non-Bank Depository Corporations- Public should be reported in this code.	14230
b) Other Public Sector (other than NBDC) Securities (such as debenture, bonds, mutual funds etc.) issued by the reporting bank held with other public sectors (other than NBDCs) should be reported in this code.	14200

	c) Non-Bank Depository Corporations (NBDC)- Private Securities (such as debenture, bonds, mutual funds etc.) issued by the reporting bank held with the Non-Bank Depository Corporations- Private should be reported in this code.	14330
	d) Other Private Sectors (other than NBDC) Securities (such as debenture, bonds, mutual funds etc.) issued by the reporting bank held with other private sectors (other than NBDCs) should be reported in this code.	14300
	e) Deposit Money Banks (DMBs) Securities (such as debenture, bonds, mutual funds etc.) issued by the reporting bank held with the other DMBs should be reported in this code.	14500
	f) Non-resident (Individuals and Enterprises) Securities (such as debenture, bonds, mutual funds etc.) issued by the reporting bank held with the Non- resident (individuals or enterprises not included elsewhere) should be reported in this code.	14600
2.1.6	Foreign Currency Deposits of Wage Earners' Bangladesh nationals working and earning abroad may open wage earners' account with the authorized dealer banks. Taka equivalent of foreign currency deposits of wage earners' held with the DMBs under	16700

2.1.7 Foreign Currency Deposits of Resident (RFCD)

a) Exporters Retention Quota

Generally merchandise exporters are entitled to a foreign exchange retention quota of certain portion of repatriated FOB value of their exports. Service exporters and software exporters may also be entitled to retain a certain portion in foreign currency of their repatriated income. Foreign exchange out of the retention quota of the merchandise and service exporters may be maintained in Foreign Currency accounts with the concerned ADs which may also be kept as interest bearing renewable term deposits. *(F.E. Circular No. 31/1992 & F.E. Circular No. 12/1993).* Taka equivalent of ERQ held with the DMBs should be reported under this code.

the Wage Earners' Account (both Normal & Education Account) should be reported under this code. Detailed description of Foreign Currency Deposits of Wage Earners' is described at page 143 in the Appendix.

The detailed description of Exporters Retention Quota has been given at page no. 144 in the Appendix.

b) RFCD of Individuals

- 1. Persons ordinarily resident in Bangladesh may open and maintain Resident Foreign Currency Deposit (RFCD) accounts with foreign exchange brought in at the time of their return from travel abroad. Any amount brought in with declaration to customs authorities in the form FMJ and up to US\$ 5000 brought in without declaration, can be credited to such accounts. Balances in these accounts shall be freely transferable abroad. Authorized dealers may also issue the fund from these accounts to the account-holders for the purpose of their foreign travels in the usual manner. However, proceeds of export of goods or services from Bangladesh or commission arising from business deals in Bangladesh shall not be credited to such accounts (*as per F.E Circular No. 26/1991*).
- 2. Foreign Currency account may be opened in the names of resident Bangladesh nationals working with the foreign /international organizations operating in Bangladesh provided their salary is paid in foreign currency (*details at CH-13, BB's F E transaction, volume-1*). The balances of these accounts should also be reported in this code. The detailed explanation of RFCD of individuals has given at page no.145 in the Appendix.
- 3. Freelancers Foreign Currency account balance should be reported here. That is foreign currency earned by outsourcing activities through online should also be reported in this code.

c) Other RFCDs

Balances of Foreign Currency deposits other than that of Exporters Retention Quota and RFCD of individuals should be reported here. Such as, proceeds of export of goods or services or commission arising from business deals in foreign currency should be reported in this code. Resident Corporate Entities may open RFCD accounts with prior permission of the Bangladesh Bank for special purposes.

2.1.8 DMBs' Foreign Currency Deposits

Balances of DMBs' foreign currency deposits held with the reporting bank should be reported in taka under this code. Balances of this account **should not** be reported under code 12000 or in deposit matrix (Table-A).

16393

Chapter 2

2.1.9 Foreign Liabilities

a) Short- term Foreign Liabilities:

i) Bilateral Trade Liabilities

Barter and Special Trade Arrangement (STA) transactions arising out of an agreement initiated by the Government or Government organisations with those of other countries' Government and Government organizations. In such transaction if other countries are the creditor then the equivalent taka balances of foreign currencies (credit amount) should be reported under this code and the foreign currencies should be reported in Table-B.

ii) Convertible Taka Account of Foreigners

Authorized Dealer (AD) banks may open convertible taka accounts in the names of foreign organizations or nationals (such as diplomatic missions, UN organizations, non-profit international institutions, foreign contractors and consultants engaged for specific projects under the government/semi-government agencies and the repatriate employees of such missions/organizations who are resident in Bangladesh. Taka balances of convertible taka accounts of foreigners should be reported both in SBS-1 return under code no.17602 and in Table-B against BDT (Currency code 19). Balances of this account **should not** be reported in deposit classification matrix (Table-A). Definition and detail explanation of this account are given at page no.146 in the Appendix.

iii) Foreign Currency Account of Non- Residents

ADs may open foreign currency accounts in the names of (a) Bangladesh nationals residing abroad. (b) Foreign nationals residing abroad or in Bangladesh and also foreign firms registered abroad and operating in Bangladesh or abroad. (c) Foreign missions and their expatriate employees. Taka balances of Foreign Currency Account of Non-residents should be reported in this code and foreign currency balances of these accounts should be reported in Table-B.

iv) NFCD Accounts

All non-resident Bangladesh nationals and persons of Bangladesh origin including those having dual citizenship and ordinarily residing abroad may maintain interest bearing time deposit accounts named *Non Resident Foreign Currency Deposit (NFCD) Account.* Under the BB's foreign exchange regulation, Type-A companies of EPZ areas may open NFCD Accounts with ADs. Taka balances of these NFCD account should be reported in this code and foreign currency balances of this accounts should be reported in Table-B.

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v) Non-Resident Investors Taka Account (NITA)

In respect of portfolio investment in Bangladesh, the nonresident investors (foreign nationals or institutions including Bangladesh nationals residing abroad) shall open a *Non-resident Investors Taka Account (NITA)* with any AD banks in Bangladesh, with freely convertible foreign currency remitted from abroad through normal banking channel or transfer of funds from the non-resident investors foreign currency account if any, in Bangladesh. The balances in the NITA may freely be used to buy shares/securities. These balances are also freely transferable to the foreign currency account of the same person as well as remittable abroad in equivalent foreign exchange. Taka balances of **NITA** should be reported in SBS-1 return under code-17605 and foreign currency balances of these accounts should be reported in Table-B.

Taka Balances of this account **should not** be reported in Table-A.

vi) Non-resident Taka Accounts of Foreign Bank Branches and correspondents

The taka accounts of all foreign bank branches or correspondents operating outside Bangladesh with the AD banks are regarded as Non-resident Taka Account of foreign bank branches or correspondents. Another name of this account is VOSTRO Account (i.e, their accounts with us). VOSTRO Account is terminology for a non-resident institutions' deposit in a domestic bank (operating in Bangladesh). Taka balances of these accounts should be reported in SBS-1 return under code-17606 and foreign currency balances of these accounts should be reported in Table-B. The balances of these accounts **should not** be reported in deposit classification matrix (Table-A).

vii) Other Short- Term Liabilities to Banks Abroad

This item comprises equivalent taka of foreign currency balances of the correspondent bank accounts, deposits of foreign banks in foreign currency and other liabilities to foreign banks with a contractual maturity of below one year. Taka balances of these short-term foreign liabilities should be reported in this code and such foreign currency balances should be reported in Table-B.

b) Long- term Foreign Liabilities:

It comprises equivalent taka of all foreign liabilities/borrowings with a contractual maturity of one year and above. Taka balances of these long-term foreign liabilities should be reported in this code and such foreign currency balances should be reported in Table-B. 17605

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2.1.10 Head office and Inter- Branches Adjustments Account

This item comprises the adjusted balances (Adjustments Account) between the head office and its branches and also among other branches of the same bank. Only the credit balances of this account should be reported against this code (18500). In case of debit balances the amount should be reported in code 28500. It is noted that the bank branches should not report data at a time both in codes 18500 and 28500. That is, the bank branches should report either the code 18500 or 28500 when applicable. The head office will sum up both credit and debit balances of adjustments accounts as reported by its branches and report both in credit and debit sides of code nos. 18500 and 28500 respectively in the SBS-1 return.

2.1.11 Other liabilities

a) Contingent liabilities as per contra

Contingent liabilities as per contra comprise bills, bank guarantee etc. held for collection and liabilities concerning outstanding letter of credits except those exported under deposit liabilities. The items in transit including cheques in course of collection should be reported in this code. Other contingent liabilities should also be included in this item.

b) Provision for loans- Government Sector (as per Table-C2)

According to BRPD Circular No. 14, dated 23rd, September, 2012 of Bangladesh Bank, the provision for loans and advances for government sector should be reported here. Breakdown of provision for government loans are given in Table-C2, which should be filled up as per specifications over there. Provision for Government loans reported in Table-C2 must agree with the reported data in code 19100. It is noted here that provisioning for loans and should be made as per latest circular relating to loans provisioning by Bangladesh Bank.

c) Provision for loans- Other Public Sector (as per Table-C2)

According to BRPD Circular No. 14, dated 23rd, September, 2012 of Bangladesh Bank, the provision for loans and advances for other public sector should be reported here. Breakdown of provision for other public sector loans are given in Table-C2 which should be filled up as per specifications there. Provision for other public sector loans in Table-C2 must agree with the reported data in code 19200. It is noted here that provisioning for loans and should be made as per latest circular relating to loans provisioning by Bangladesh Bank.

d) Provision for loans- Private Sector (as per Table-C2)

According to BRPD Circular No. 14, dated 23rd, September, 2012 of Bangladesh Bank, the provision for loans and advances for private sector should be reported here. Breakdown of provision for private sector loans are given in Table-C2 which should be filled up as per specifications there. Provision for private sector loans in Table-C2 must agree with the reported data in code 19300. It is noted here that provisioning for loans and should be made as per latest circular relating to loans provisioning by Bangladesh Bank. 19000

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19300

e) Valuation Adjustments While reporting foreign currency liabilities/assets, if the amount in taka differs due to the fluctuation of foreign exchange rate then only the difference amount (i,e, credit balance) should be reported against the code 19002. In case of debit balance, it should be reported against the code 29002. In both cases the amount of foreign currency may not be changed.	19002
f) Income Account The credit balance of total gross income including receivable income of a bank should be reported here.	19003
g) Interest Suspense Account The entire amount of interest suspense account i.e. all the interest calculated on classified loans should be reported here.	19004
h) Other Provisions not included elsewhere Provision for VAT and Tax and other provisions not included elsewhere should be reported under this code.	19005
i) Bad debt recovered If any amount of bad loan has succeeded to be recovered, then it should be reported under this code	19006
j) Accumulated depreciation Total depreciation accumulated on its fixed assets should be reported under this code.	19007
k) Current year profit Total profit earned (as per audited balance sheet) from its business for the year ended December should be reported under this code. It should be reported once a year at the end of December only.	19008
 I) Others The "Others" item comprises those, which cannot be allocated to any of the items above. It mainly comprises: Profit on sale of assets. Transfer fees etc. 	19009

3. Others.

20001

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20500

2.2 ASSETS:

2.2.1 Currency and Deposits held in banks *(except banks abroad)*

Currency consists of notes and coins that are of fixed nominal values and are issued or authorized by Central Bank or Government.

2.2.1.1 A. Cash in hand:

a) Bangladesh Bank notes and coins
Bangladesh Bank notes and coins comprise of the total amount
of all legal tender notes and coins issued by Bangladesh Bank.
The amount held in DMBs' tills/volts should be reported here.

b) Government notes and coins

Government notes and coins comprise of two taka and one taka notes/coins and subsidiary coins below one taka held in deposit Money Banks. The total amount should be reported here.

2.2.1.2 B. Transferable Deposits:

Transferable deposits consist of all deposits that are exchangeable on demand at par and without penalty or restriction and are directly useable for making third party payments by cheques, draft, giro order, direct debit/credit or other direct payment facilities.

a) Balances with Bangladesh Bank (Taka Account) 20400

Balances with Bangladesh Bank comprise balances held in taka clearing accounts maintained with branch offices of Bangladesh Bank. These balances should be reported in this code.

b) Balances with Sonali Bank Limited (as agent of Bangladesh Bank.) 20401

It includes the balances held in clearing account of Sonali Bank Limited acting as agent of Bangladesh Bank. A special care should be taken by Deposit Money Banks to separate the balances held with Sonali Bank Limited acting as agent of Bangladesh Bank from those held with this bank as Deposit Money Banks. These balances should be reported in this code.

c) Balances with DMBs (Taka Account)

It includes inter-bank deposits and balances in its current accounts with the Deposit Money Banks. Such balances with Sonali Bank Limited as Deposit Money Bank should also be reported here. But balances with Sonali Bank Limited as agent of Bangladesh Bank should be **excluded** from this code. It should be noted that balances with Deposit Money Banks should exclude money at call and short notice. The list of Deposit Money Banks has been given at page no.52-53.

2.2.1.3 C. Other Deposits (Non-Transferable Deposits):

a) Balances with NBDCs- Public It includes all kinds of fixed and term deposits held with NBDCs- Public. These balances should be reported in this code. Definition of <i>Non-Bank Depository Corporations-Public</i> has been given at page no. 47.Balances with Non Bank Depository Corporations-Public should exclude money at call.	20230
b) Balances with OFIs -Public It includes all kinds of fixed and term deposit balances held with OFIs-Public. These balances should be reported in this code. Definition of <i>Other Financial Intermediaries-Public</i> has been given at page no.47.Balances with Other Financial Intermediaries- Public should exclude money at call.	20240
c) Balances with NBDCs -Private It includes all kinds of fixed and term deposits held with NBDCs- Private. These balances should be reported in this code. Money at call should not be included in this code. Definition of <i>Non</i> <i>Bank Depository Corporations-Private</i> has been given at page no.48 and a list of NBDC-Private is given at page no.48.	20330
d) Balances with OFIs -Private It includes all kinds of fixed and term deposits held with OFIs- Private. These balances should be reported in this code. Money at call should not be included in this code. Definition of Other Financial Intermediaries-Private has been given at page no. 48 and a list of OFI-Private is given at page no.48.	20340
e) Balances with DMBs- <i>Taka Account</i> All types of fixed and term deposits in taka of the reporting bank held with other Deposit Money Banks should be reported in this code. A list of DMBs has been given at page no. 52-53.	20502
f) Balances with DMBs-Foreign Currency Account All types of foreign currency deposits of the reporting bank held with other Deposit Money Banks should be reported in this code. Money at call should not be included in this code.	20503
Money at call and short notice It is a kind of short term lending/investment of reporting banks. It	

It is a kind of short term lending/investment of reporting banks. It does not have a set of repayment schedule but it is repayable immediately i.e, it is to repay within a couple of hours or a couple of days.

2.2.2

2.2.3

a) Non-Bank Depository Corporations (NBDC)- Public Amount of loans provided to <i>Non-Bank Depository Corporations-</i> <i>Public</i> in the form of money at call should be reported under this code. A list of NBDCs-Public has been given at page no. 47.	21230
b) Other Financial Intermediaries (OFI)- Public Amount of loans provided to <i>Other Financial Intermediaries-Public</i> in the form of money at call should be reported under this code. A list of OFIs -Public has been given at page no. 47.	21240
c) Non- Bank Depository Corporations (NBDC)- Private Amount of loans provided <i>Non-Bank Depository Corporations- Private</i> the form of money at call should be reported under this code. A list of NBDC-Private is given at page no.48.	21330
d) Other Financial Intermediaries (OFI)- Private Amount of loans provided to <i>Other Financial Intermediaries-Private</i> in the form of money at call should be reported under this code. A list of OFIs -Private has been given at page no.48.	21340
e) Deposit Money Banks (DMBs) Amount of loans provided to other banks in the form of money at call should be reported under this code. A list of DMBs has been given at page no.52-53.	21500
Foreign currency balances held	
a) F. C. Clearing account balances with Bangladesh Bank Foreign currency clearing account balances comprise foreign currency balances held with Bangladesh Bank in the foreign currency clearing account. Taka balances of this account should be reported in this code and foreign currency balances of these accounts should be reported in Table-B. The detailed description of clearing arrangement with Bangladesh Bank has been given at page no.149 in the Appendix.	22400
b) Foreign currency notes in hand This category comprises notes and coins that have been issued by other central banks or foreign governments. Taka balances of this account should be reported in this code and foreign currency balances of these accounts should be reported in Table-B. It is noted that foreign currencies locally deposited with the other DMBs should not be included here.	22601

22602

c) Balances with banks abroad

The domestic banks maintain foreign currency accounts with banks or correspondents in foreign country to facilitate settlement of foreign exchange obligations and trade transactions. This account is called NOSTRO Account (i.e. our account with them). Taka balances of this account should be reported in this code and foreign currency balances of these accounts should be reported in Table-B.

It should be noted that balances held in Wage Earners' accounts should be **excluded** from this item.

d) Bilateral Trade Credits

Bilateral trade credit balances comprise all claims due to barter transactions and balances under Special Trade Arrangements (STA) arising out of agreements initiated by the Government Sector Corporation with those of other countries/organizations. Taka balances of this account should be reported in this code and foreign currency balances of these accounts should be reported in Table-B.

e) Wage Earners' Accounts

It comprises the balances of Wage Earners' accounts held in foreign country. Foreign exchange retained abroad against outstanding letter of credits under Wage Earners' Account should be included against this code. Taka balances of this account should be reported in this code and foreign currency balances of these accounts should be reported in Table-B.

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22604

2.2.4 Foreign Bills

a) Export bills

Export bills purchased/discounted by reporting banks should be reported under this code. Taka balances of this account should be reported in this code and foreign currency balances of these accounts should be reported in Table-B.

b) Other foreign bills

Other foreign bills purchased such as Demand Drafts (D.D.), Telegraphic Transfer (T.T.), Mail Transfer (M.T.) and Travelers' Cheques (T.C.) which is under obligations of non-residents, should be reported against this code. Taka balances of this account should be reported in this code and foreign currency balances of these accounts should be reported in Table-B. 23601

2.2.5 Foreign Investment

Definitions of all sorts of foreign investments are given in detail in page 54-55.

a) Foreign Direct Investment (FDI)

A direct investment in an enterprise incorporated or unincorporated abroad with 10% or more of the equity shares in its possession or having voting power for the enterprise should be treated as foreign direct investment. Market value of the holdings of equity securities should be reported. The foreign currency invested abroad should be converted into taka by average rate of end month exchange rate. Taka balances of this account should be reported in this code and foreign currency balances of these accounts should be reported in Table-B.

The definition of FDI in detail has been given at page no.54.

b) Portfolio Investment:

Portfolio investment is an investment abroad in equity or debt securities other than those invested as direct investment. The definition of Portfolio Investment in detail has been given at page no.55.

Portfolio investment is segregated into two separate entities as below:

i) Equity Securities:

Equity is treated as the liability of the issuing enterprises. It is a negotiable instrument. It comprises shares and stocks, participating preference shares, share money deposits, branches, mutual funds, investment trusts, depository receipts etc. It is to be noted here that holding of above mentioned instruments less than 10% of an enterprise should be treated as equity securities. Market value of the holding securities should be reported in this code and foreign currency balances of these accounts should be reported in Table-B.

ii) Debt Securities:

Debt securities are negotiable instruments serving as evidence of a debt. It is interest bearing instrument and the interest does not depend on the earnings of debtors. They include all foreign securities like treasury bills, bonds, debentures, notes, negotiable certificates of deposit, commercial paper, assetbacked securities, money market instruments and other similar instruments traded in the financial markets. Market value of the holding securities should be reported. Taka balances of this account should be reported in this code and foreign currency balances of these accounts should be reported in Table-B. 24603

2.2.6 Import and Inland Bills

This item includes all import and inland bills, which are held by the banks. All bills payable against documents/bill of exchange (such as PAD-cash, Aids/Grants/Barter and others) are to be treated as import bills and all cheques including T.T., D.D. etc. purchased and discounted are to be treated as inland bills. The sector should be determined on the basis of the owner of the bills. The banks are required to report the amount of bills against the respective sector code. The definition of sectors has been given at page nos. 39-55.

I. PUBLIC SECTOR:

The Public sectors are grouped into the follows categories.

a) Government Sector:

The definition of the Government sector and the name of the available government institutions are given at page nos.39-44. This sector is subdivided into the following three categories for reporting SBS-1 return.

i) Food Ministry All import/inland bills of Food Ministry purchased or discounted by the reporting banks should be reported under this code.	25111
 ii) Presidency, PM's office, Other Ministries, Judiciary, Directorates and Other Government offices/Institutions. All import/inland bills of Other Ministries except Food Ministry such as pension bills of Army officials/Retired Government Officials held/purchased or discounted by the reporting banks should be reported under this code. 	25112
iii) Autonomous & Semi Autonomous Bodies. All import/inland bills of Autonomous and Semi Autonomous Bodies purchased or discounted by the reporting banks should be reported under this code.	25120
b) Other Public Sector:	
The definition of the Other Public Sector and the names of the institutions are given at page nos. 45-47.	
i) Local Authorities All import/inland bills of Local Authorities purchased or discounted by the reporting banks should be reported under this code.	25210
ii) Public Non-Financial Corporations All import/inland bills of Public Non-Financial Corporations purchased or discounted by the reporting banks should be reported under this code.	25220

II. PRIVATE SECTOR:

a) Non-Financial Corporations All import/inland bills of Private Non-Financial Corporations purchased or discounted by the reporting banks should be reported under this code. b) Non-Profit Institutions Serving Households (NPISH) All import/inland bills of Non-Profit Institutions Serving Households (NPISH) purchased or discounted by the reporting banks should be reported under this code.

25390

c) Household/Individual-Residents

All import/inland bills of Household/Individual-Resident purchased or discounted by the reporting banks should be reported under this code.

2.2.7 Loans and Advances

Loans and advances are defined as financial assets that are created when a creditor lends funds directly to a debtor and that are evidenced by non-negotiable documents. More specifically in our country context all sorts of loans and advances given to its clients such as overdrafts, SME loans, all micro credits, Education loans, House building loans, cash credit, packing credits, Import loans, Export loan, Syndicate loans, loan against trust receipts (LTR), staff advances, demand loans and outstanding balances of other loans & advances, loans against imported merchandise (LIM), pre-shipment credit to various sectors as defined in Chapter-4 of this brochure should be reported under this head. Foreign currency loans extended by the banks to the domestic sector should also be included here.

The sector should be determined on the basis of the category/professions of the borrower. The banks are required to report the amount of loans and advances against the respective sectors.

I. PUBLIC SECTOR:

The Public sectors are grouped into two categories:

a) Government Sector:

The definition of the Government sector and the name of the available government institutions are given at page nos.39-44. This sector is subdivided into the following three categories for reporting SBS-1 return.

i) Food Ministry All loans and advances as mentioned above given to the Food Ministry including Directorate of Food by the reporting bank should be reported under this code.	26111
 ii) Presidency, PM's office, Other Ministries, Judiciary, Directorates and Other Government offices/Institutions. All loans and advances as mentioned above given to other ministries (other than the Food Ministry including Directorate of Food) and all other government offices by the reporting banks should be reported under this code. 	26112
iii) Autonomous & Semi-autonomous Bodies. All loans and advances as mentioned above given to the Autonomous and Semi-autonomous Bodies by the reporting banks should be reported under this code.	26120
b) Other Public Sector:	
i) Local Authorities All loans and advances as mentioned above given to the Local Authorities by the reporting banks should be reported under this code.	26210
ii) Public Non-Financial Corporations All loans and advances as mentioned above given to the Public Non- Financial Corporations by the reporting banks should be reported under this code.	26220
iii) Non-Bank depository Corporations-Public All loans and advances as mentioned above given to the Non-Bank Depository Corporations-Public by the reporting banks should be reported under this code.	26230
iv) Other Financial Intermediaries -Public. All loans and advances as mentioned above given to the Other Financial Intermediaries-Public by the reporting banks should be reported under this code.	26240
v) Insurance Companies and Pension Funds-Public. All loans and advances as mentioned above given to the Insurance Companies and Pension Funds- Public by the reporting banks should be reported under this code.	26250

II. PRIVATE SECTOR:	
a) Non Bank Depository Corporations-Private. All loans and advances as mentioned above given to the Non-Bank	26330
Depository Corporations (NBDC)-Private by the reporting banks should be reported under this code.	
b) Other Financial Intermediaries -Private. All loans and advances as mentioned above given to the Other Financial Intermediaries (OFIs)-Private by the reporting banks should be reported under this code.	26340
c) Insurance Companies and Pension Funds-Private. All loans and advances as mentioned above given to the Insurance Companies and Pension Funds- Private by the reporting banks should be reported under this code.	26350
d) Financial Auxiliaries-Private. All loans and advances as mentioned above given to the Financial Auxiliaries-Private by the reporting banks should be reported under this code.	26360
e) Non-Financial Corporations-Private. All loans and advances as mentioned above given to the Non-Financial Corporations-Private by the reporting banks should be reported under this code.	26370
f) Non-Profit Institutions Serving Household (NPISH) All loans and advances as mentioned above given to the Non-Profit Institutions Serving Household (NPISH) by the reporting banks should be reported under this code.	26380
g) Households (Individual Residents) All loans and advances as mentioned above given to the Household/Individual-Resident by the reporting banks should be reported under this code.	26390
III. NON-RESIDENT SECTOR:	26600
All loans and advances as mentioned above given to the Non- Residents by the reporting banks should be reported under this code. Taka balances of this account should be reported in this code and foreign currency balances of these accounts should be reported in Table-B.	

2.2.8 Domestic Investment

It comprises holdings of bonds, treasury bills, sanchaya patra, prize bond and other securities such as shares and debentures issued by the public and private institutions. The domestic investments are segregated by

- (a) Securities other than share
- (b) Shares & other equities.

The holdings of above instruments should be reported at cost value. Classification of investment instruments should be reported in Table- D. It is noted that total domestic investment should be equal to the grand total of table-D.

2.2.8.1 A. Securities Other Than Share:

All kind of securities other than shares held with the reporting bank should be reported under the following categories.

I. PUBLIC SECTOR:

against this code.

a) Government Sector:

All kinds of Government bonds, treasury bills, sanchaya patra, Prize bond and other securities purchased by the reporting banks should be reported against the following categories.

i) Treasury Bills -Less than 1 year

Holding of treasury bills issued by the Government having a maturity of less than one year should be reported here. The holding of Treasury bill should be reported at cost value.

ii) Treasury bills- 1 year and above

27112

27111

Holding of treasury bills issued by the Government having a maturity of one year and above should be reported at cost value against this code.

iii) Treasury Bonds- 1 year and less than 5 years 27113

Holding of treasury bonds issued by the Government having a maturity of one year and less than 5 years should be reported at cost value against this code.

iv) Treasury Bonds- 5 years and above27114Holding of treasury bonds issued by the Government having a
maturity of 5 years and above should be reported at cost value27114

27117

27119

v) Prize bonds/ Income tax bonds Prize bonds (comprise bolding of unsold prize bonds denominated

Prize bonds (comprise holding of unsold prize bonds denominated Tk.100) and Income tax bonds held by the Deposit Money Banks should be reported here.

vi) Other Securities of Government

Other securities of Government include the holding of pre-liberation and post liberation treasury bonds, all kinds of Government savings certificates, shares and debentures, etc. Holdings of mutual funds, unit certificates, debentures etc. issued by the Government should be reported against respective sectors codes. The sector should be determined on the basis of the issuing authorities of the mutual funds, unit certificates, debentures etc. and before reporting these should be valued at cost price.

b) Autonomous and Semi-Autonomous Bodies27120Holding of all sorts of securities other than shares issued by
Autonomous and Semi-autonomous bodies should be reported at cost
value against this code.27120

c) Other Public Sectors

Holding of all sorts of securities issued by Local Authorities, Public Non-financial Corporations, NBDCs, OFIs, and ICPFs-Public should be reported at cost value as per following sectors.

i) Local Authorities Holding of all sorts of securities issued by Local Authorities should be reported at cost value against this code.	27210
ii) Public Non-Financial Corporations	27220

Holding of all sorts of securities issued by Public Non-Financial Corporations should be reported at cost value against this code.

iii) Non-Bank Depository Corporations (NBDCs)-Public

a) Securities other than shares27230Holdings of all types of securities issued by the NBDCs-Public
should be reported against this code.27230

b) Reverse REPO	27232
Investment made in the form of Reverse REPO with the	
NBDCs-Public should be reported in this code.	

iv) Other Financial Intermediaries (OFIs)-Public

a) Securities other than shares Holdings of all types of securities issued by the OFIs-Public should be reported against this code.	27240
b) Reverse REPO Investment made in the form of Reverse REPO with the OFIs- Public should be reported in this code.	27242
v) Insurance Companies and Pension Funds-Public	
a) Securities other than shares Holdings of all types of securities issued by the Insurance Companies and Pension Funds-Public should be reported against this code.	27250
b) Reverse REPO Investment made in the form of Reverse REPO with the Insurance Companies and Pension Funds-Public should be reported against this code.	27252
II. PRIVATE SECTOR:	
i) Non Bank Depository Corporations (NBDC)-Private	
a) Securities other than shares Holdings of all types of securities issued by the NBDCs-Private should be reported against this code.	27330
b) Reverse REPO Investment made in the form of Reverse REPO with the NBDCs- Private should be reported against this code.	27332
ii) Other Financial Intermediaries (OFIs)-Private	
a) Securities other than shares Holdings of all types of securities issued by the OFIs-Private should be reported against this code.	27340

b) Reverse REPO Investment made in the form of Reverse REPO with the OFI- Private should be reported against this code.	27342
iii) Insurance Companies and Pension Funds-Private	
a) Securities other than shares Holdings of all types of securities issued by the Insurance Company and Pension Funds-Private should be reported against this code.	27350
b) Reverse REPO Investment made in the form of Reverse REPO with the Insurance Company and Pension Funds-Private should be reported against this code.	27352
iv) Non-Financial Corporations-Private	27370
Holdings of all type of securities issued by Non-Financial Corporations-Private should be reported against this code.	
III. BANGLADESH BANK	
III. BANGLADESH BANK a) Reverse REPO Investment made in the form of Reverse REPO with the Bangladesh Bank should be reported against this code.	27401
a) Reverse REPO Investment made in the form of Reverse REPO with the	27401 27402
 a) Reverse REPO Investment made in the form of Reverse REPO with the Bangladesh Bank should be reported against this code. b) Bangladesh Bank Bills Holdings of all types of Bangladesh Bank Bills (such as 30 days, 	

IV.	DEPOSIT	MONEY	BANK:
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a) Debt Securities of DMBs Holdings of all types of debentures, bonds, mutual funds etc. issued by Deposit Money Banks should be reported against this code.	27501
b) Reverse REPO	27502

b) Reverse REPO

Investment made in the form of Reverse Repo with Deposit Money Banks (DMBs) should be reported against this code.

2.2.8.2 B. Shares and Other Equity:

Shares and equities cover all instruments and records acknowledging after the claims of all creditors have been met, claims on the residual value of incorporated enterprises, viz: shares, stocks, preferred shares and participation on similar documents. Holdings of stocks/shares and other equities by the reporting Banks should be reported against respective sector codes (the sector should be determined on the basis of the issuing authorities of the

stocks/shares and other equities). If the securities are traded in stock exchanges (DSE, CSE etc) data should be reported at market price.

I. PUBLIC SECTOR:

a) Public Non-Financial Corporations Holdings of all types of shares and other equities of Public Non- Financial Corporations by the reporting bank should be reported in this code.	27221
b) Non-Bank Depository Corporations (NBDC)-Public Holdings of all types of shares and other equities issued by the Non- Bank Depository Corporations (NBDC)-Public should be reported in this code.	27231
c) Other Financial Intermediaries (OFI)-Public Holdings of all types of shares and other equities issued by the Other Financial Intermediaries (OFI)-Public by the reporting bank should be reported in this code.	27241
d) Insurance Companies and Pension Funds-Public Holdings of all types of shares and other equities issued by the Insurance Companies and Pension Funds-Public should be reported in this code.	27251

II. PRIVATE SECTOR:.

a) Non-Bank Depository Corporations- Private. Holdings of all types of shares and other equities issued by the Non- Bank Depository Corporations (NBDC)-Private should be reported in this code.	27331
b) Other Financial Intermediaries –Private Holdings of all types of shares and other equities issued by the Other Financial Intermediaries (OFI)-Private should be reported in this code.	27341
c) Insurance Companies and Pension Funds-Private Holdings of all types of shares and other equities issued by Insurance Companies and Pension Funds-Private should be reported in this code.	27351
d) Non-Financial Corporations- Private Holdings of all types of shares and other equities issued by Non- Financial Corporations-Private should be reported in this code.	27371
III. DEPOSIT MONEY BANK	27503
Holdings of all types of shares and other equities issued by Deposit Money Banks (DMBs) should be reported in this code.	
Head Office and inter Branches Adjustments Account This item comprises the adjusted balances (Adjustments Account) between the head office and its branches and also among other branches of the same bank. Only the debit balances of this account should be reported against this code (28500). In case of credit balances the amount should be reported in code 18500. It is noted that the bank branches should not report data at a time both in codes 18500 and 28500. The head office will sum up both credit and debit balances of adjustments accounts as reported by its branches and report both in credit and debit sides of SBS-1 return.	28500
Other Assets	
a) Contingent Assets as per Contra	29000
Contingent assets as per contra should tally with the data reported in the liability side i.e. contingent liabilities as per contra (code-19000).	
b) Fixed Assets Present value of all kinds of fixed assets (furniture, fixtures, bank premises, other fixed assets etc.) of the bank should be reported here.	29001
	 Holdings of all types of shares and other equities issued by the Non-Bank Depository Corporations (NBDC)-Private should be reported in this code. b) Other Financial Intermediaries -Private Holdings of all types of shares and other equities issued by the Other Financial Intermediaries (OFI)-Private should be reported in this code. c) Insurance Companies and Pension Funds-Private Holdings of all types of shares and other equities issued by Insurance Companies and Pension Funds-Private should be reported in this code. d) Non-Financial Corporations- Private Holdings of all types of shares and other equities issued by Non-Financial Corporations-Private should be reported in this code. III. DEPOSIT MONEY BANK Holdings of all types of shares and other equities issued by Deposit Money Banks (DMBs) should be reported in this code. Head Office and inter Branches Adjustments Account This item comprises the adjusted balances (Adjustments Account) between the head office and its branches and also among other branches of the same bank. Only the debit balances of this account should be reported in code 18500. It is noted that the bank branches should not report data at a time both in codes 18500 and 28500. The head office will sum up both credit and debit balances of adjustments accounts as reported by its branches and report both in credit and debit sides of SBS-1 return. Other Assets a) Contingent Assets as per contra should tally with the data reported in the liability side i.e. contingent liabilities as per contra (code-19000). b) Fixed Assets

c) Valuation Adjustments While reporting foreign currency assets/Liabilities, if the amount in taka differs due to fluctuations of exchange rate then only the difference amount (debit balance) should be reported here. In case of credit balance, it should be reported against the code 19002. In both the cases the amount of foreign currency should not be changed.	29002
d) Expenditure Account Total expenditure of the bank up to the reporting period should be reported here.	29003
 e) Suspense Account The balance of suspense account should be reported under this code. f) Accrued Interest (Interest receivable) 	29004
Interest receivable from loans and advances and all other investments should be reported as described under the following codes. i) Government Sector	29100
Interest receivable from loans/advances and all other investments (securities) against Government sector should be reported under this code. Sector and instrument wise breakdown of the accrued interest should be reported in Table- E. The amount reported in Table-E against Government sector must agree with the amount reported in code 29100.	
ii) Other public Sector Interest receivable from loans/advances and all other investments (securities) against other public sector should be reported under this code. The breakdown of the accrued interest as per loans/advances and investments (securities) should be reported in Table-E of the SBS-1 return. The amount reported in Table-E against other public sector must agree with the amount reported in code 29200.	29200
iii)Private Sector Interest receivable from loans/advances and all other investments (securities) against Private Sector should be reported under this code. The breakdown of the accrued interest should be reported in Table-E of the SBS-1 return. The amount reported in Table-E against Private sector must agree with the amount reported in code 29300.	29300
g) Current year losses Total loss incurred from its business for the current year should be reported under this code. It should be reported once a year at the end of December only.	29008
h) Others The item others under this head "Other Assets" comprises accounts that cannot be allocated to any of the items or sectors listed above.	29009

CHAPTER 3. EXPLANATION & COMIPILATION PROCEDURE OF TABLES OF SBS-1

Some components of assets and liabilities of SBS-1 return have been classified by separate tables which are needed for analytical purposes. In **Table-A**, the total deposit liabilities of banks have been classified by Sectors and types of Instrument, **Table-B** is for the detail reporting of foreign assets & liabilities in foreign currencies, **Table-C1** is for loans classification, **Table-C2** is for loans provision and loans write off and **Table-D** is for the classification of total investment. In **Table-E**, accrued interest receivable has been classified by sectors and category of investments.

The explanations and guidelines to fill up the above tables/matrix are given below:

3.1 Table-A:-

Deposit Classification Matrix by Sectors and Instruments

Table-A is a Deposit Classification Matrix which comprises of all types of taka deposits including margin deposits.

It is to be noted that the following items should not be included in this matrix:-

- 1. Exporters retention quota (Code No. 16391),
- 2. RFCD of Individuals (Code No. 16392),
- 3. Other Resident Foreign Currency Deposits (Code No. 16393),
- 4. Foreign currency Deposit of wage Earners (Code No. 16700),
- 5. Convertible taka accounts of foreigners (Code No. 17602),
- 6. Foreign currency accounts of non- residents (code no- 17603),
- 7. NFCD accounts (code no- 17604),
- 8. Non- resident Investors taka accounts (code-17605),
- 9. Non- resident taka accounts of foreign bank branches and correspondents (code-17606).

Banks are required to report all types of Taka deposits by sectors against their respective codes in Table-A. The aggregate total of deposits of all columns should be equal to the aggregate total deposits of all rows of the matrix. The grand total of Table-A (deposit matrix) should be reported against the code No-12000 in the liabilities side of the SBS-1 return.

Explanation of each sectors and instruments are given in chapter-2 at page nos. 4-8.

3.2 Table-B:-Details of Foreign Assets & Liabilities

Table-B is a matrix classified by foreign liabilities/assets and foreign currencies. Foreign liabilities comprise of all types of non-resident deposits held in reporting banks; such as F.C Account(code-17603) & NFCD Account (code-17604), Bilateral trade liabilities (code-17601), Convertible Taka Account of foreigners (code-17602), Non-resident investors Taka Account (code-17605), Taka account of foreign bank branches & correspondents (code-17606), Short-term liabilities abroad (code-17608) and Long-term liabilities abroad (code-17609).

In Table-B, Foreign assets comprise foreign currency notes in hand (code-22601), F.C deposits held in abroad (code-22602),Bilateral trade credits(code-22603),Wage earners' account abroad (code-22604), Export bills (code-23601), Other foreign bills (code-23602), Foreign direct investment-FDI(code-24601), Investment in foreign equity securities (code-24602), Investment in foreign debt securities (code-24603) and advances to non-residents (code-26600).The accounts maintained in foreign currencies and the accounts maintained in Taka should be reported in units of taka in the Table-B.

In case of conversion of the foreign currency into taka the general instruction given in chapter-1 should be meticulously followed. To convert the foreign currency into taka, the end month closing average exchange rate (supplied by the Bangladesh Bank) should be used and the converted amounts of taka should be reported both liabilities and assets sides accordingly. If the differences arise due to conversion into taka from foreign currency are to be adjusted with the Valuation Adjustments Account in liabilities side (Code No. 19002) for credit balances or with the Valuation Adjustments Account in assets side (Code No. 29002) for debit balances.

3.3 Table-C1:-Classification of Loans and Advances

Loans and advances provided by the banks to their clients should be classified as per BRPD circular no. 14, dated 23rd, September, 2012 of Bangladesh Bank. The classified and unclassified loans against three major sectors as per Table-C1 should be reported. Loans write off should be made according to BRPD Circular No. 02, Dated 13th January, 2003 and the amount of loans write off made by the banks should be reported in Table-C1 against the respective sectors. Total amount (cumulative amount) of loans write off up to reporting period should be reported in Table-C1.

3.4 Table-C2:-

Provision for Loans and Advances

According to BRPD Circular No. 14, dated 23rd, September, 2012 of Bangladesh Bank, the provision for loans and advances should be reported here. Sector wise provisions for loans and advances should be reported in Table-C2. Provisions for loans and advances reported in the codes 19100, 19200 & 19300 of SBS-1 return of liabilities side must agree with Table-C2.

3.5 Table-D:-Breakup of Total Investment

A. Unencumbered Shares & Securities

1. Govt. Securities

- a) All Promissory Notes, Bonds, Treasury Bills and any other securities of the government of Bangladesh.
- b) All types of Savings Certificates issued by the Directorate of National Savings (NSD).
- c) Debentures of the Nationalized Institutions which are guaranteed by the government of Bangladesh but are not marked "Non-Transferable".

All kinds of above mentioned securities held with a banking company will be treated as *Unencumbered Approved Securities* for the purpose of Section-33 of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1991 (revised) provided that these securities are free from any encumbrance.

Approved securities lodged with another institution for an advance or any other credit arrangement to the extent to which such securities have not been drawn against or availed of are also treated as unencumbered approved securities.

The amounts of unencumbered approved securities should be reported against this code in Table-D.

2. Other than Govt. Securities

All kinds of securities other than govt. securities (such as shares, debentures, bonds, etc of private and public companies) held with reporting bank should be reported against this code.

Holdings of Bangladesh bank bills by the reporting banks should also be reported here.

Total amount of these shares and securities should be reported against this code in Table-D.

B. Encumbered Shares & Securities

All kinds of shares and securities (such as Treasury Bills, Savings certificates, Shares, Debentures, Bonds, etc of private and public companies) of reporting bank that are encumbered should be reported here.

33100

33113

1. Govt. Securities

a) Repurchase Agreement (REPO)

Bangladesh Bank develops repurchase agreements (REPO) with commercial banks for the purpose of short-term management. Repurchase agreements liquidity are arrangements whereby a bank sells securities at a specified price under a commitment to repurchase the same or similar securities at a specific date. The REPO generally represents a form of short-term borrowing in which the third party securities represent collateral for transaction. By treating the repurchase agreement as a means of short-term lending against which the assets in question only serve as collateral-rather than as a means of changing the ownership of those assets. The treasury bills that are being used as collateral be separately identified from other treasury bills in the accounts of the banks and it should be reported against REPO in this code in Table-D.

b) Others:

Govt. securities which are encumbered for loans and advances (other than REPO) should be reported against this code in Table-D.

2. Other than Govt. Securities

All kinds of securities other than govt. securities (such as shares, debentures, bonds, etc of private and public companies) held with reporting bank should be reported against this code.

Total amount of these shares and securities should be reported against this code in Table-D.

3.6 Table-E:-

Classification of total accrued interest

Interest accrued on investments (securities) should be reported in code 30131 and interest accrued on loans and advances should be reported in code 30132 in Table-E according to the specified sectors.

33118

33112

CHAPTER 4. CLASSIFICATION OF SECTORS AND ITS COMPONENTS

Sectorisation of domestic enterprises/institutions is a key element in compilation and presentation of monetary statistics. Enterprises/institutional units differ with respect to their economic objectives, functions and behaviors. They are grouped into sectors that include units with similar characteristics/activities.

The domestic sectors of the economy are grouped into the following mutually exclusive institutional units.

4.1 I. PUBLIC SECTOR

Public sector is divided into major two categories:-

- A) Government Sector.
- B) Other Public Sector.

4.1.1 A. Government Sector:

Government Sector of a country consists of the public authorities and their agencies,

which are entities established through political process that exercise legislative, judicial and executive authorities within the country.

The **Government sector** is divided into three categories for reporting of data in SBS-1 return.

a) Food Ministry (Including Directorate of Food)

b) Presidency, Prime Minister's Office, Other Ministries, Parliament, Judiciary, all Directorates and Departments

i) Directorates, Departments and other govt. offices

- a) Directorates Directorate of Agricultural Expansion Directorate of Archaeology Directorate of Armed Forces Medical Service Directorate of Bangladesh Family Planning Directorate of Bangladesh Geological Survey Directorate of Co-operatives Directorate of Government Transport
 - Directorate of Health Services

Directorate of Insurance Directorate of Jute Directorate of Land Records and Survey Directorate of Livestock Directorate of Police Directorate of Primary Education Directorate of Public Health & Engineering Directorate of Public Works Directorate of Registration Directorate of Relief and Rehabilitation Directorate of Relief and Rehabilitation Directorate of Roads & Highways Directorate of Secondary & Higher Secondary Education Directorate of Social Welfare Directorate of Textiles Other Directorates n.i.e

b) Departments

Department of Labour Department of Local Government & Engineering Department of National Savings Department of Printing, Stationary, Forms and Publications Department of Railroad Inspector Department of Sports Department of Women's Affairs Other Departments n.i.e

c) Other Govt. Offices

Anti-Corruption Commission Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics Bangladesh Civil Service (Administration) Academy Bangladesh Diplomatic Mission Hajj Office Marine Academy National Board of Revenue National Board of Revenue National Broadcasting Authority Office of the Boiler Inspection Office of the Boiler Inspection Office of the Commissioner of Taxes Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General of Bangladesh Office of the Dhaka Malaria Eradication Office of the Divisional/District Commissioner Office of the Thana Executive Officer Other Government Offices

- ii) Directorate of Bangladesh Post Office (Postal services)
- iii) Bangladesh Post Office (Savings Bank Scheme)

c) Autonomous and Semi-autonomous Bodes

The Ministry of Finance has defined the Autonomous and Semi-autonomous bodies for the presentation of Government accounts. The bodies that are substantially financed by the Government and do not produce goods or services for sale at market price are defined as Autonomous and Semi-Autonomous Bodies.

A list of Autonomous and Semi-Autonomous Bodies is given below:-

i) Text Book Board and Education Boards

Board of Intermediate and Secondary Educations. Bangladesh Madrasha Education Board Bangladesh Technical Education Board National Curriculum and Text Book Board

ii) Government Educational Institutions

All Agricultural Universities/Colleges All Government Schools, Colleges & Madrashas All Public Universities (General, Engineering, Technical etc.) Bangladesh Krira Shikkha Protisthan (BKSP) Bangladesh National University (NU) Bangladesh Open University (BOU) Cadet Colleges Medical Universities Medical/Dental Colleges Nazrul Institute Other Public Educational Institutions Technical Colleges/Institutes (Vocational, Polytechnic, Commercial, Physical Institutes etc.)

iii) Research, Training and Cultural Academy

Bangla Academy Bangladesh Academy for Rural Development (BARD), Comilla Bangladesh Insurance Academy Bangladesh Shilpakala Academy Bangladesh Shishu Academy Foreign Services Academy Marine Fisheries Academy National Academy for Planning & Development National Training & Research Academy for Multilingual Shorthand, Bogra Rural Development Academy, Bogra Tribal Cultural Academy, Birisiri, Netrokona Bangladesh Agriculture Research Council (BARC) Bangladesh Medical & Dental Council (BMDC) Bangladesh Medical Research Council Bangladesh National Social Welfare Council Bangladesh Nursing Council Bangladesh Veterinary Council National Sports Council (NSC) Pharmacy Council of Bangladesh Bangladesh Council of Scientific & Industrial Research (BCSIR) Bangladesh National Medical Council Bangladesh Press Council Accident Research Institute (ARI), Bangladesh Bangladesh Agricultural Research Institute (BARI) Bangladesh Fisheries Research Institute (BFRI) Bangladesh Forestry Research Institute Bangladesh Health Professionals Institute (BHPI), Savar Bangladesh Institute of Development Studies (BIDS) Bangladesh Institute of International and Strategic Studies (BIISS) Bangladesh Institute of Bank Management (BIBM) Bangladesh Institute of Management (BIM) Bangladesh Institute of Textile Technology (BITT), Tangail Bangladesh Jute Research Institute (BJRI) Bangladesh Livestock Research Institute Bangladesh Rice Research Institute (BRRI) Bangladesh Rural Development Training Institute (BRDTI) Bangladesh Silk Research and Training Institute (BSRTI), Rajshahi Bangladesh Standards and Testing Institution (BSTI) Bangladesh Sugarcane Research Institute (BSRI) Bangladesh Sugarcane Research Institute, Pabna Bangladesh Tea Research Institute (BTRI) Council of Bangladesh Institute of Technology Housing & Building Research Institute Institute of Chartered Accountants of Bangladesh Institute of Cost & Management Accountants of Bangladesh National Institute of Cardiovascular Diseases National Institute of Disease of Chest & Hospital (NIDCH) National Institute of Local Government National Institute of Mass Communication (NIMCO) National Institute of Ophthalmology National Institute of Population, Research & Training (NIPORT) National Institute of Preventive & Social Medicine (NIPSOM) National Institute of Traumatology & Orthopedic Rehabilitation (NITOR) Press Institute of Bangladesh **River Research Institute** Tribal Cultural Institute, Rangamati & Bandarban Bangladesh Institute of Nuclear Agriculture Research, Mymensingh Other Similar Councils/Institutes n.i.e

iv) Other Similar Centre, institutes

Bangladesh College of Physicians & Surgeons Bangladesh Industrial Technical Assistance Centre (BITAC), Tejgaon, Dhaka Bangladesh National Museum Bangladesh Space Research and Remote Sensing Organization (SPARRSO) Central Public Library Cox's Bazar Cultural Centre Islamic Foundation, Bangladesh Jatiya Mohila Sangstha National Book Centre, Bangladesh National Museum of Science & Technology Public Administration Training Centre, Savar & Eskaton

v) Development Board/Centre/Authorities/Foundations

a) Authorities:

Bangladesh Export Processing Zone Authority (BEPZA) Bridge Authority Chittagong Development Authority Khulna Development Authority Micro Credit Regulatory Authority (MRA) National Housing Authority Rajdhani Unnayan Kartreepaksha (RAJUK) Rajshahi Development Authority Varendra Multipurpose Development Authority, Rajshahi Other Authorities n.i.e

b) Boards:

Bangladesh Handloom Board Bangladesh Sericulture Board Bangladesh Power Development Board Bangladesh Water Development Board Rural Electrification Board (REB) Bangladesh Rural Development Board (BRDB) Dhaka Transport Co-ordination Board (DTCB) Bangladesh Haor And Wetland Development Board Bangladesh Homoeopathic Board Bangladesh Tobacco Development Board Jute Industries Development Board Bangladesh Sports Control Board Vested Property Management Board Board of Unani & Ayurvedic Council Bangladesh Tea Plantation Employees' Provident Fund Trustee Board National Board of Abandoned Properties Bangladesh Applied Nutrition And Human Resources Development Board Other Boards n.i.e

c) Commissions:

Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission Bangladesh Tariff Commission Joint River Commission Privatisation Commission University Grants Commission of Bangladesh Other Commissions n.i.e

d) Funds and Welfare Trusts:

Benevolent Funds Buddhist Welfare Trust Development Funds Development Works Program Fund Hindu Welfare Trust Prime Minister's Relief Fund Public Educational Funds Public Trust Funds Sheikh Zayad Bin Sultan Al Nahian Trust (Bangladesh) Urban Development Trust Welfare Funds Other similar funds n.i.e

e) Hill Tracts:

Chittagong Hill Tracts Development Board Chittagong Hill Tracts Regional Council Hill Tracts District Council, Rangamati Hill Tracts District Council, Khagrachori Hill Tracts District Council, Bandarban

f) Foundations:

Bangladesh Folk Arts & Craft Foundation, Sonargaon Bangladesh NGO Foundation Horticulture Export Development Foundation National Foundation for Development of the Disabled Persons National Foundation for Research on Human Resources Other Foundations n.i.e

g) Others:

Bangladesh Girls' Guide Association Bangladesh National Science & Technical Documentation Centre Bangladesh Agricultural Development Corporation (BADC) Bangladesh Overseas Employment Service Limited (BOESEL) Bangladesh Scouts Cyclone Preparedness Programme (CPP) Executive Cell, BEPZA Power Cell Export Promotion Bureau Investment Advisory Centre of Bangladesh Office of the Bangladesh Waqf Administrator Other Similar Boards/Centres n.i.e

vi) Publicity and News Media

Bangladesh Betar

Bangladesh Sangbad Sangstha (BSS)

Bangladesh Television

4.1.2 B. Other Public Sector (Other Than Govt.)

a) Public non-financial corporations

These sectors comprises of enterprises owned or controlled by the Government that produce goods or services for sale to the public at significant market price. These enterprises have their own budget and are likely to hold accounts and overdraft facilities with banks. The following enterprises should be included in this sector.

The list of subsidiary organizations of some of the enterprises has been given below: -

- 1. Bangladesh Jute Mills Corporation and Related Enterprises (Pages: 136).
- 2. Bangladesh Textile Mills Corporation and Related Enterprises (Pages: 132).
- 3. Bangladesh Sugar & Food Industries Corporation and Related Enterprises
 - a) Sugar Mills (Pages: 133).
 - b) Food and Allied Industries
- 4. Bangladesh Steel & Engineering Corporation and Related Enterprises
 - a) Steel Mills (Pages: 135).
 - b) Engineering and Ship Building Industries
- 5. Bangladesh Chemical Industries Corporation and Related Enterprises (Pages: 134).
 - a) Fertilizer, Chemical & Pharmaceutical Industries
 - b) Paper and Paper Board Industries
- 6. Bangladesh Petroleum, Oil, Gas and Mineral Corporation & Related Enterprises
 - a) Bangladesh Petroleum Corporation and Related Enterprises (Pages: 137).
 - b) Bangladesh Oil, Gas and Mineral Corporation & Related Enterprises (Pages: 138).
 - c) Hydrocarbon Unit, Bangladesh.
- 7. Bangladesh Power Development Board and Related Enterprises
 - a) Ashuganj Power Station Company Ltd (APSCO)
 - b) Dhaka Electric Supply Company (DESCO)
 - c) Dhaka Power Distribution Company Ltd (DPDCL)
 - d) Electric Generation Company of Bangladesh Ltd (EGCB)
 - e) North West Power Generation Company Ltd (NWPGC)
 - f) Pally Bidhut Samities
 - g) Power Grid Company of Bangladesh (PGCB)
 - h) Rural Power Company Ltd (RPLC)
 - i) West Zone Power Distribution Company Ltd (WZPDCL)
 - j) Other power generation and distribution companies.

- 8. Bangladesh Tannery Industries Corporation
- 9. Bangladesh Forest Industries Development Corporation
- **10.** Bangladesh Film Development Corporation
- **11**. Bangladesh Fisheries Development Corporation
- 12. Bangladesh Parjatan Corporation
- 13. Bangladesh Small & Cottage Industries Corporation (BSCIC)
- 14. Trading Corporation of Bangladesh
- **15.** Land, water and transportation and related enterprises.
 - a) Bangladesh Water Transport Corporation
 - b) Biman Bangladesh Airlines Ltd.
 - c) Bangladesh Inland Water Transport Authority (BIWTA)
 - d) Bangladesh Inland Water Transport Corporation (BIWTC)
 - e) Bangladesh Railway
 - f) Bangladesh Road Transport Corporation (BRTC).
 - g) Bangladesh Shipping Corporation (BSC).
 - h) Chittagong Port Authority
 - i) Mongla Port Authority
 - j) Bangladesh Land port Authority
 - k) Civil Aviation Authority of Bangladesh
 - I) Others.
- 16. Bangladesh Telecommunications Company Limited (BTCL)
 - a) Fixed Land Phone.
 - b) Teletalk (Cell phone, Internet service provider enterprises.)
- 17. Bangladesh Services Limited and Hotels International Limited *(Hotels having status 3 stars and above).*
- 18. Chittagong WASA
- 19. Dhaka WASA
- 20. Bangladesh Tea Board
- 21. Chittagong Dock Labour Management Board
- 22. Mongla Dock Labour Management Board

b) Local Authorities

- 1. City Corporations
- 2. Zilla Parisad
- 3. Municipalities
- 4. Thana/Upazila Parishad
- 5. Union Parishad
- 6. Gram Parishad
- 7. Other Local Bodies.

b) Non- Bank Depository Corporations - Public

Government owned or controlled financial institution that takes term deposits and takes part in deposit mobilization is specified as *Non-bank Depository Corporations-Public*. This type of NBDCs is not the member of Bangladesh Bank clearing house and do not issue chequing facility to the depositors. Examples of such institutions are given below :

- **1**. Ansar-VDP Unnayan Bank
- 2. Karma Sangsthan Bank
- 3. Probashi Kallyan Bank
- 4. Others.

d) Other Financial Intermediaries -Public

Government owned or controlled financial institutions that **do not** take term deposits directly from the public are treated as OFIs-Public. They are not permitted to issue cheques. Their main function is financial intermediations and they are deemed to create liquidity.

The following institutions should be included in this sector.

- 1. House Building Finance Corporation (HBFC).
- 2. Investment Corporation of Bangladesh (ICB).
- **3.** Infrastructure Development Company Ltd (IDCOL).
- 4. Saudi-Bangladesh Industrial and Agricultural Investment Company Ltd.
- 5. Government Islamic Investment Bond (Islamic Bond).
- 6. Palli Karma Sahayak Foundation (PKSF).
- 7. SME Foundation.
- 8. Equity Entrepreneur Fund (EEF)
- 9. Grihayan Tahabil.
- **10.** Bangladesh Infrastructure Finance Fund Limited (BIFFL).
- **11.** Agrani SME financing Company Limited.
- **12.** Mutual Funds/Units of Public Enterprises.
- 13. Others.

e) Insurance Companies and Pension Funds-Public

- 1. Jiban Bima Corporation
- 2. Sadharan Bima Corporation
- 3. Pension Funds/Provident Funds of Public Organizations

4.2 II. PRIVATE SECTOR

4.2.1 1. Financial Sector

a) Non-Bank Depository Corporations -Private

Private financial institutions that take term deposits and takes part in deposit mobilization are specified as Private Non-bank Depository Corporations.

List of such institutions is given below:

- a) Finance & Leasing Companies (Depository) (Pages: 142).
- b) Central Co-operative Banks
- c) Land Mortgage Co-operative Banks
- d) Other Co-operative Banks/Societies
- e) Grameen Bank.
- f) Jubilee Bank limited.
- g) NGOs -(Depository Such as BRAC, ASA, PROSHIKA etc.)
- h) Other Depository Corporations

b) Other Financial Intermediaries-Private

Other Financial Intermediaries (Private) comprise of those financial institutions (non depository) other than Deposit Money Banks that are deemed to create liquidity.

A list of Other Financial Intermediaries-Private is given below :

- a) All Investment Companies
- b) Finance & Leasing Companies (Non-depository)
- c) Merchant Banks-Private.
- d) Mutual Funds/Units-Private.
- e) Micro Credit Organizations (who participates in microcredit and earns profits)

c) Insurance Companies and Pension Fund -Private

- a) All Private Insurance Companies. (Page: 140).
- b) Pension Funds/Provident Funds of Private Organizations.

d) Financial Auxiliaries -Private

- a) Money Changers
- b) Stock Exchanges (DSE,CSE etc)
- c) Brokerage Houses (Share & Securities Trading Houses)
- d) Issue Manager, Underwriter, Asset Management Companies etc.
- e) Other Financial Auxiliaries (Such as bKash, etc.)

4.2.2 2. Non-Financial Sector

1) Private Non-Financial Corporations

The Private non-financial corporation sector encompasses corporations and quasi corporations engaging primarily in the production of goods and non-financial services for sale to the public at significant market price (Profit motive). Other non-financial corporation comprises foreign controlled and national private non-financial corporations. Foreign-controlled non-financial corporations are resident non-financial corporations and quasi corporations are resident non-financial private non-financial corporations and quasi corporations are resident non-financial corporations and quasi corporations are resident non-financial corporations and quasi corporations are resident non-financial corporations and quasi corporations that are not controlled by government or non-residents. Such as:

1. Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, Livestock and other related enterprises.

- a) Agriculture, Nursery, Horticulture, Apiculture, Plantation etc.
 - b) Forestry and related activities.
 - c) Fishing (Inland and Marine) Hatchery, Shrimp culture etc.
 - d) Livestock -Dairy Farms, Poultry Farms, etc.

2. Manufacturing Industries.

- a) Jute Mills and Jute products industries.
- b) Textile Mills and Textile related, spinning, Weaving, Knitting, Hosiery, Handloom, Handicrafts & Similar Industries.
- c) Garments and Garments Accessories Industries.
- d) Other private manufacturing, processing and assembling Industries (not mentioned elsewhere).

3. Chemical and chemical products Industries.

- a) Chemicals, Pharmaceuticals, Cements, Fertilizer, Paints, etc.
- b) Cosmetic & Detergents, Polymer & Polythine, Rubber, Battery etc.

4. Steel & Engineering Industries.

- a) Steel/Engineering products, Ship building & breaking, Re-rolling, etc.
- b) Electronic Goods Manufacturing and Assembling Industries.

5. Food and Food products.

- a) Agro and Agro based industries (Coconut, Rice, Flower, Pulse and other agro based product Industries.)
- b) Sugar, Beverage, Mineral water, Ice, Salt, Oil, Fish, Milk, Potato, Mushroom, Tea, Meat, Bakery products, other agro processing activities.

6. Leather and Leather Products.

- a) Leather Processing and Tanning Industries.
- b) Leather Products Manufacturing Industries (Bags, Shoes, Belt, etc).

7. Electricity, Gas and Power Generating Companies.

- a) Electricity Generating Companies.
- b) LP Gas, Oxygen and Other Gas Companies.
- 8. Furniture, Fixture, Sawing, Particle Board and other wood related Industries.
 - a) Saw Mills
 - b) Furniture, Fixture, Particle Board and other wood related Industries.
- 9. Tiles, Ceramics, Glass & Glassware, Stone Crashing, Bricks and similar Industries.
 - a) Tiles, Ceramics, Crockeries, Potteries Industries.
 - b) Glass and Glassware Industries.
 - c) Stone Crashing, Brick Manufacturing and Similar industries.

10. Transport & Communications.

- a) Road, Water and Air Transport (Bus, Track, Rail, Launch, Cargo, Rent-a-car etc.
- b) Shipping, Freight and other carriers.
- c) Telecommunication services (cell/land phone).

11. Other Services.

- a) Travel & Tourism Agencies.
- b) Consulting and Advisory Farms (Law, Engineering, Construction, Education, Science & Technology etc)
- c) Postal, Courier, Outsourcing, Information Centre, Cable Operating, etc.
- d) Hospital, Clinics, Diagnostic Centers and other health related activities.
- e) Hotel & Restaurant, Tourism, Caterers, Community Centre, etc.
- f) Security Services, Beauty Parlour and Similar Services And Activities.

12. Commerce and Trades.

- a) Importers and Exporters.
- b) Wholesale and Retail Traders.
- c) Chain Super Market/Shopping Mall.
- d) Indenting Farms, Suppliers etc.
- e) All other Business Enterprises.

13. Construction Companies

- a) Real Estate Companies.
- b) Road, Warehouse and other Construction Companies.

14. News Media

- a) Newspaper (Daily, Weekly and other periodicals).
- b) Private Television Channels.
- c) Private Radio
- d) Online News Media

15. Educational Institutions(General/Technical/Specialised)

- a) Private Schools, Colleges, Madrashas, Universities.
- b) Medical & Dental Colleges.
- c) IT/Vocational Training Institutions.
- d) Other Educational/Training Institutions.
- **16.** Others (other Non-Financial entities not included above).

2) Non Profit Institutions Serving Household (NPISH)

The NPISH sector comprises a sub set of non-profit institutions. NPISHs are mainly engaged in providing goods and services to households or the community at large free of charge or at prices that are not economically significant (and thus are classified as non market producers), except those that are controlled and mainly financed by government units. NPISHs are mainly financed from contributions, subscriptions from members or earnings on holdings or real or financial assets. NPISHs consist mainly of associations such as trade unions; professional or learned societies; consumers' associations; political parties (except is included in general government); churches and religious societies (including those financed by government); social, cultural, recreational and sports clubs; and organizations that provide goods and services for philanthropic purposes rather than for the units that control them.

- a) All Mosques/Temples/Churches etc
- b) All Sporting Clubs/Other Clubs (Private non-profit)
- c) Theatre & Cultural Organizations (non-profit)
- d) Political Parties/Trade Unions/Associations
- e) Professional Associations (Doctor, Engineers, Economist, Statisticians etc)
- f) Chamber of Industries
- g) Other Associations n.i.e
- h) Trust Funds
- i) Micro Credit Organizations (Non Profit NGOs)

3) Households

A household is defined as a small group of persons who share the same living accommodation, pool some or all of their income and wealth and consume certain types of goods and services (mainly housing and food) collectively. Unattached individuals are also considered households. Other groups, such as persons in monasteries, hospitals, asylums, prisons and retirement homes, may constitute households if the inhabitants share resources and consumption for extended periods. Servants or other paid domestic employees who live on the premises but do not have claims on the collective resources are treated as separate households. Individuals who work in other countries are considered part of their home country households unless and until they establish centers of economic interest in foreign economies. Households may engage in the production of goods and services for sale in the market, for consumption by the

household itself, for construction of housing and for accumulating other physical capital for the household's own use. Unincorporated enterprises owned by households and engaged in market production are classified in the nonfinancial corporation if the enterprises can be treated as quasi-corporations. Otherwise, these unincorporated enterprises are classified in the household sector. The activities of unincorporated enterprises owned by households correspond closely to informal economic activity, which exists in all countries. The informal economy is not identical with hidden or illegal activity typically consists of small scale production that provides employment and income for individuals or small family or kinship units but is not integrated into a formal system of registration of legal recognition. In many developing countries, the informal economy is extensive and statistics on the extent of production and income generated through informal activities are clearly necessary. In economies with large informal sectors, many financial flows may be channeled through informal markets and it may be necessary to develop statistics on informal financial activity in order to measure the behavioral relationships between monetary and financial activity.

The accounts of single person or persons may be treated as Households.

4.3 III. Deposit Money Banks

The Financial Institutions those accept all types of deposits including transferable deposits, provide chequing facilities and participate in Money Supply are known as Deposit Money Banks.

The banks listed below are specified as Deposit Money Banks.

- 1. Agrani Bank Ltd.
- 2. Janata Bank Ltd.
- 3. Rupali Bank Ltd.
- 4. Sonali Bank Ltd.
- 5. Standard Chartered Bank Limited
- 6. State Bank of India
- 7. Habib Bank Limited
- 8. Citibank N.A
- 9. Commercial Bank of Ceylon
- 10. National Bank of Pakistan
- **11**. Woori Bank Limited
- **12**. The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
- **13.** Bank Al Falah Ltd.
- 14. Bangladesh Krishi Bank
- 15. Bangladesh Development Bank Ltd
- **16**. Rajshahi Krishi Unnayan Bank
- 17. Bangladesh Small Industries and Commerce Bank Ltd.
- **18**. Bangladesh Samabaya Bank Limited
- **19**. AB Bank Limited
- 20. Islami Bank Bangladesh Limited
- 21. National Bank Limited

- 22. The City Bank Limited
- 23. IFIC Bank Limited
- 24. United Commercial Bank Limited
- 25. Pubali Bank Limited
- 26. Uttara Bank Limited
- 27. ICB Islamic Bank Limited
- 28. Eastern Bank Limited
- 29. National Credit and Commerce Bank Limited
- 30. Prime Bank Limited
- 31. South East Bank Limited
- 32. Dhaka Bank Limited
- **33**. Al-Arafah Islami Bank Limited
- 34. Social Islami Bank Limited
- 35. Dutch-Bangla Bank Limited
- **36**. Mercantile Bank Limited
- 37. Standard Bank Limited
- 38. One Bank Limited
- 39. Exim Bank Limited
- 40. Bangladesh Commerce Bank Limited
- 41. Mutual Trust Bank Limited
- **42**. Premier Bank Limited
- 43. First Security Islami Bank Limited
- **44**. Bank Asia Limited
- **45**. Trust Bank Limited
- 46. Shajalal Islami Bank Limited
- 47. Jamuna Bank Limited
- 48. BRAC Bank Limited
- 49. NRB Commercial Bank Limited
- 50. South Bangla Agriculture and Commerce Bank Limited
- 51. Union Bank Limited
- **52**. Meghna Bank Limited
- **53**. Midland Bank Limited
- 54. The Farmers Bank Limited
- 55. NRB Bank Limited
- 56. Madhumati Bank Limited.

4.4 IV. Offshore Banking Units

According to the Balance of Payments Manual 6th edition, published by the IMF the offshore banks are treated as resident. Offshore Banking Units should also submit the separate SBS-1return regularly to the Statistics Department, Bangladesh Bank through their head offices before the 25th of the month following the one to which it relates.

4.5 V. Foreign Sector

The definition of the foreign sector is, for the most part, consistent with the exchange control regulations. All enterprises that produce goods or services in Bangladesh are deemed to be *resident* in Bangladesh regardless of ownership.

However, foreign embassies, foreign government bodies and international agencies that have office in Bangladesh are deemed to be *non-resident* as well as their non-locally recruited employees.

Overseas branches of banks are deemed to be resident abroad; any accounts with them should therefore be treated as foreign accounts.

The non-resident sector is defined as comprising all units, which have a centre of economic interest outside Bangladesh. All other units are regarded as comprising the resident sector. Significant involvement with an economic activity located in a foreign country for one year or longer generally implies that a unit no longer has its centre of economic interest in Bangladesh.

4.5.1 a) Foreign Direct Investment (FDI):

Direct Investment is a category of cross border investment associated with a resident in one economy having control or a significant degree of influence on the management of an enterprise that is resident in another economy.

Foreign direct investment reflects the objective of a resident entity in one economy obtaining a lasting interest in an entity resident in another economy (the resident entity is the direct investor and the entity in another economy is the direct investment enterprise). The lasting interest implies the existence of a long-term relationship between the direct investor and the direct investment enterprise and a significant degree of influence on the management of the enterprise. Direct investment involves both the initial transaction between the two entities and subsequent capital transactions between them and among affiliated enterprises, both incorporated and unincorporated.

A direct investment enterprise is an incorporated or unincorporated enterprise in which a direct investor owns 10 percent or more of the equity shares or voting power for an incorporated enterprise or its equivalent for unincorporated enterprises. The components of FDI equity capital transactions are ordinary shares, revaluation reserves, non- remittable and non-distributable reserves, tax holiday reserves, reserve for bonus shares, share money deposits, reinvested earnings, intra-company loans etc.

i) Subsidiary:

A subsidiary is a direct investment enterprise over which the direct investor owns more than 50 percent of shareholder's voting power and is able to exercise control.

ii) Associate:

An associate is a direct investment enterprise over which the direct investor owns at least 10 percent but not more than 50 percent of shareholder's voting power and is able to exercise a significant degree of influence, but not control.

iii) Branches:

Branches are direct investment enterprises that are wholly jointly owned unincorporated enterprise either directly or indirectly owned by the direct investor.

4.5.2 b) Portfolio Investment:

Portfolio investment is defined as cross border transactions and positions involving debt or equity securities, other than those included in direct investment or reserve assets. Securities are debt and equity instruments that have the characteristic feature of negotiability. That is, their legal ownership is readily capable of being transferred from one unit to another unit by delivery or endorsement.

The negotiability of securities is a way of facilitating trading, allowing them to be held by different parties during their lives. Negotiability allows investors to diversify their portfolios and to withdraw their investment readily. Investment fund shares or units (i.e., those issued by investment funds) that are evidenced by securities and that are not reserve assets or direct investment are included in portfolio investment. Although they are negotiable instruments, exchange traded financial derivatives are not included in portfolio investment because they are included in their own separate category.

i) Equity Securities:

Equity consists of all instruments and records that acknowledged claims on the residual value of instrumental units, after claims of all creditors have been met. Equity is treated as a liability of the issuing instrumental units. Equity securities comprise:

a) Shares and Stocks,

- b) Participating Preference Shares,
- c) Share Money Deposits,
- d) Others (Branches, Mutual Funds, Investment Trusts, Depository Receipts etc.)

ii) Debt Securities:

Debt securities are negotiable instruments serving as evidence of a debt. They include bills, bonds, notes, negotiable certificates of deposit, commercial papers, debentures, asset-backed securities, money market instruments and similar instruments normally traded in the financial markets. Debt securities give the holders the unconditional right to fixed or contractually determined variable payments *(i.e. earning of interest does not depend on earnings of the debtors).*

4.5.3 Valuation of the securities:

Market value should be used to report all holdings of securities. The face value of the security **should not** be reported as the market value. For enterprises listed on a stock exchange, market value of all holdings of securities should be calculated using the market price prevailing on the stock exchange at close of business. For unlisted enterprises, if the market value is not available, market value of all holdings of securities should be estimated by using one of the following methods:

- a) A recent transaction price.
- b) Director's valuation and
- c) Net asset value.

CHAPTER:5 FORMATS OF SBS-1 RETURNS

5.1 Liability side of Deposit Money Banks

(Excluding Overseas Branches)

r	(Та				
Nam	e of th	ne iter	ns	Code No	Amount
1.	1. Paid up Capital				
2.	Rese	erve	and Surplus	11000	
3.	Dep	osit	Liabilities (Grand total of Table-A)	12000	
4.	Domestic Borrowing from:				
	a)		vernment for on-lending	13100	
	b)		n-Bank Depository Corporations-Public		
		1)	Money payable at call	13231	
		2)	REPO	13232	
		3)	Other Borrowing	13239	
	c)	, í	ner Financial Intermediaries-Public		
	0)	1)	Money payable at call	13241	
		2)	REPO	13241	
		3)	Government Islamic Investment Bond (Islamic Bond)	13243	
		4)	Other Borrowing	13249	
	d)	, í	urance Companies and Pension Funds-Public	10217	
	u)	1)	Money payable at call	13251	
		2)	REPO	13252	
		3)	Other Borrowing	13259	
	e)	- ´	n-Bank Depository Corporations-Private	10207	
	e)	1)	Money payable at call	13331	
		2)	REPO	13331	
		3)	Other Borrowing	13339	
	f)		ner Financial Intermediaries-Private		
	- 1/	1)	Money payable at call	13341	
		2)	REPO	13342	
		3)	Other Borrowing	13349	
	g)	- /	urance Companies and Pension Funds-Private	10017	
	9/	1)	Money payable at call	13351	
		2)	REPO	13352	
		3)	Other Borrowing	13359	
	h)		ngladesh Bank		
	/	1)	On-lending Project	13401	
		2)	Normal Borrowing (Demand Loan)	13401	
		3)	Foreign Currency Loan	13403	
		4)	REPO	13403	
		5)	Borrowing for Refinancing	13409	
		6)	Other Borrowing	13409	

Nam	e of th	e iter	ns	Code No	Amoun
	i)	Dep	posit Money Banks (DMB)		
		1)	Money payable at call	13501	
		2)	REPO	13502	
		3)	Other Borrowing	13509	
5.	Secu				
	a)	Nor	n-Bank Depository Corporations-Public	14230	
	b)		ner Public Sectors (Other than NBDC-Public)	14200	
	c)		n-Bank Depository Corporations-Private	14330	
	d)		her Private Sectors (Other than NBDC-Private)	14300	
				14500	
	e)		Dosit Money Banks (DMB)		
	f)		n-Resident Sectors (NRB)	14600	
6.			Currency Deposits of Wage Earners	16700	
7.	Fore		Currency Deposits of Residents		
	a)	Exp	porters Retention Quota	16391	
	b)	RF	CD of Individuals	16392	
	c)	Oth	ner RFCDs	16393	
8.	Fore	eign	Currency Deposit of DMBs	16501	
9.	Fore	eign	Liabilities (as per matrix in Table-B)		
	a)		prt-term		
		1)	Bilateral Trade Liabilities	17601	
		2)	Convertible Taka Account of Foreigners	17602	
		3)	Foreign Currency Accounts of Non-Residents	17603	
			NFCD Accounts	17603	
		4)			
		5)	Non-Resident Investors Taka Accounts (NITA)	17605	
		6)	Non-Resident Taka Accounts of Foreign Bank Branches and Correspondents	17606	
		7)	Other Short-Term Liabilities to Banks Abroad	17608	
	b)	Lor	ng-term Foreign Liabilities	17609	
10.	Hea	d Of	fice and Inter-branch Adjustment Accounts	18500	
11.	Othe	er Li	abilities		
	a)		ntingent Liabilities as per Contra	19000	
	b)		vision for Loans of Government Sector (As per matrix in Table C2)	19100	
	c) d)		vision for Loans of Other Public Sector (<i>As per matrix in Table C2</i>)	19200 19300	
	e)	Provision for Loans of Private Sector (As per matrix in Table C2) Valuation Adjustments		19300	
	f)	Income Account		19003	
	g)	Interest Suspense Account			
	h)	Other Provisions n.i.e.			
	i)	Bad Debt Recovered			
	j)	Acc	umulated Depreciation	19007	
	k)		rent Year Profit	19008	ļ
	I)	Oth	ners n.i.e	19009	

5.2 Asset side of Deposit Money Banks

(Excluding Overseas Branches)

			(Ta	ka in unit
Nam	ne of th	e items	Code No	Amount
1.	Currency and Deposit held in Banks (Except Banks Abroad)			
	a)	Cash in hands		
		1) Bangladesh Bank Notes and Coins	20001	
		2) Government Notes and Coins	20002	
	b)	Transferable Deposits		
		1) Balances with Bangladesh Bank	20400	
		2) Balances with Sonali Bank Limited (as agent of Bangladesh Bank)	20401	
		3) Balances with DMBs (Other Scheduled Banks)	20500	
	c)	Other Deposits (Non-transferable Deposits)		
	-/	1) Balances with NBDC-Public	20230	
		2) Balances with OFI-Public	20240	
		3) Balances with NBDC-Private	20330	
		4) Balances with OFI-Private	20340	
		5) Balances with DMBs (Other Scheduled Banks)- <i>Fixed/Term Deposits</i>	20502	
		6) Balances with DMBs (Other Scheduled Banks)- <i>Foreign Currency</i>	20503	
2.	Mor	ey at call and Short Notice		
	a)	Non Bank Depository Corporations-Public	21230	
	b)	Other Financial Intermediaries-Public	21240	
	c)	Non Bank Depository Corporations-Private	21330	
	d)	Other Financial Intermediaries-Private	21340	
	e)	Deposit Money Banks (DMB)	21500	
3.	Fore	eign Currency Balances Held (as per matrix in Table-B)		
	a)	Foreign Currency Clearing Account Balances with Bangladesh Bank	22400	
	b)	Foreign Currency Notes and Coins in Hand	22601	
	c)	Balances with Banks Abroad (except wage earners accounts)	22602	
	d)	Bilateral Trade Credit Balances	22603	
	e)	Wage Earners Account	22604	
4.	For	eign Bills (as per matrix in Table-B)		
	a)	Export Bills	23601	
	b)	Other Foreign Bills	23602	
5.	For	e ign Investments (as per matrix in Table-B)		
	a)	Foreign Direct Investment	24601	
	b)	Portfolio Investment	21001	
		1) Equity Securities	24602	
		2) Debt Securities	24603	
6.	Imp	ort and Inland Bills	21000	
0.				
	a)	Government Sector	05111	
		1) Food Ministry 2) Other Ministry and Covernment Offices	25111	
		2) Other Ministry and Government Offices 3) Autonomous and Sami autonomous Padica	25112	
		3) Autonomous and Semi-autonomous Bodies	25120	
	b)	Other Public Sector		
		1) Local Authorities	25210	ļ
		2) Public Non-Financial Corporations	25220	

lam	e of th	e iter	ns		Code No	Amoun
	c)	Priv	vate S	ctor		
		1)	Non-	inancial Corporations	25370	
		2)	Non-	Profit Institutions Serving Households (NPISH)	25380	
		3)	Hous	ehold-Resident	25390	
7.	Loai	ns ar	nd Ad	ances		
	a)			nt Sector		
		1)	Food	Ministry	26111	
		2)		Ministry and Government Offices	26112	
		3)		nomous and Semi-autonomous Bodies	26120	
	b)	Oth	er Pu	lic Sector		
		1)	Loca	Authorities	26210	
		2)	Non-	inancial Corporations-Public	26220	
		3)	Non	Bank Depository Corporations-Public	26230	
		4)	Othe	Financial Intermediaries-Public	26240	
		5)	Insu	ance Companies and Pension Funds-Public	26250	
	c)	Priv	/ate S	ctor		
		1)	Non	Bank Depository Corporations-Private	26330	
		2)	Othe	Financial Intermediaries-Private	26340	
		3)	Insu	ance Companies and Pension Funds-Private	26350	
		4)	Fina	cial Auxiliaries	26360	
		5)	Non-	inancial Corporations	26370	
		6)	Non-	Profit Institutions Serving Households	26380	
		7)	Hous	ehold-Residents	26390	
	d)	Nor	n-Resi	ent Sector	26600	
8.	Dom	nesti	c Inve	stment (as per matrix in Table-D)		
	a)	Sec	urities	other than Share		
		1)	Gove	nment Securities		
			i)	Treasury Bills (less than 1 year)	27111	
			ii)	Treasury Bills (1 year and Above)	27112	
			iii)	Treasury Bonds (1 year and above but less than 5 years)) 27113	
			iv)	Treasury Bonds (5 years and above)	27114	
			V)	Prize Bonds/Income Tax Bonds	27117	
			vi)	Other Government Securities	27119	
		2)	Auto	nomous and Semi-autonomous Bodies	27120	
		3)	Othe	Public Sector		
			i)	Local Authorities	27210	
			ii)	Non-Financial Corporations-Public	27220	
			iii)	Non Bank Depository Corporations-Public		
				a) Securities other than Shares	27230	
				b) Reverse REPO	27232	
			iv)	Other Financial Intermediaries-Public		
				a) Securities other than Shares	27240	
				b) Reverse REPO	27242	
			V)	Insurance Companies and Pension Funds-Public	27250	
				a) Securities other than Shares	27250 27252	
		-	D '	b) Reverse REPO	27252	
		4)		te Sector		
			i)	Non-Bank Depository Corporations-Private		
				a) Securities other than Shares	27330	1

Vame o	of the	items		Code No	Amour
		ii)	Other Financial Intermediaries-Private		
			a) Securities other than Shares	27340	
			b) Reverse REPO	27342	
		iii)	Insurance Companies and Pension Funds-Private		
			a) Securities other than Shares	27350	
			b) Reverse REPO	27352	
		iv)	Non-Financial Corporations-Private	27370	
	Ę	5) Ban	ladesh Bank		
		i)	Reverse REPO	27401	
		ii)	Bangladesh Bank Bill	27402	
		iii)	Undisbursed Agri-Credit	27403	
		iv)	Others	27409	
	e	5) Dep	sit Money Banks		
		i)	Debt Securities of DMBs (Debenture, Bonds etc)	27501	
		ii)	Reverse REPO	27502	
	b) 5	Shares a	d other Equities		
	1	1) Pub	c Sector		
		i)	Non-Financial Corporations-Public	27221	
		ii)	Non Bank Depository Corporations-Public	27231	
		iii)	Other Financial Intermediaries-Public	27241	
		iv)	Insurance Companies and Pension Funds-Public	27251	
	2	2) Priv	te Sector		
		i)	Non-Bank Depository Corporations-Private	27331	
		ii)	Other Financial Intermediaries-Private	27341	
		iii)	Insurance Companies and Pension Funds-Private	27351	
		iv)	Non-Financial Corporations-Private	27371	
	3	B) DMI	's Share and other Equities	27503	
9. F	lead	Office a	nd Inter Branch Adjustment Account	28500	
0. C	Other	Assets			
	a) (Continge	t Assets as per contra	29000	
	b) F	-ixed As	ets	29001	
	c) \	Valuatio	Adjustments	29002	
	d) E	Expendit	ire Account	29003	
	e) 5	Suspense	Account	29004	
	f) /	Accrued	nterest Receivable from: (as per matrix in Table-E)		
	1	1) Gov	rnment Sector	29100	
	2	2) Oth	r Public Sector	29200	
		3) Priv	te Sector	29300	
	g) (Current	ear Loss	29008	
	h) (Others n	.e	29009	
otal /	Accate	2			

a)		TetoT							Т										al
(Amount in Taka)	вма	Deposit Money Banks	15600	15															Grand Total
ount i		stnabisa blodasuoH	15390	14															Gran
(Ame		Non- Profit Institutions Serving Household	15380	13															•
	a)	Non-Financial Corporations- Private	15370	12															
	Private Sector	Financial Auxiliaries	15360	11															
	<u>r</u> v	اnsurance Companies & Pension Funds-Private	15320	10															
		Other Financial Intermediaries- Private	15340	9															
		Non-Bank Depository Corporations-Private	15330	8															
trix s)		Insurance Companies & Pension Funds-Public	15520	7															
TABLE-A Deposit Classification Matrix (Sector and Instruments)	r ctor	Other Financial Intermediaries-Public	12240	6															
LE-/ ficatio Instru	Other Public Sector	Non-Bank Depository Corporations-Public	15530	5															
TABLE-A Classification and Instrur	Puk	Public Non Financial Corporations	15550	4															
oosit sector		Local Authorities	12210	3															
Dep (S	iment tor	-im92 & zuomonotuA 29ibo8 zuomonotuA	12120	2															
	Government Sector	Presidency, PM's Office, Ministries & Govt. Offices	12110	1															
		.code Nos.			12901	12902	12903	12904	12905	12906	12907	12908	12909	12910	12911	12912	12913	06666	
		Sector	ments		1. Current Deposits	2. Cash Credit Deposits	3. Deposits withdrawable on Sight	4. Savings Deposits	5. Fixed Deposits	6. Special-Notice Deposits	Pension Scheme Deposits	8. Margin Deposits-F.C.	9. Margin Deposits - Taka	10. Special Purpose Deposits	11. NCD& Promissory Notes	12. Restricted Deposits	13. Accrued interest		
			Instruments		1. Cur	2. Cat	3. Dep	4. Sav	5. Fix	6. Sp£	7. Per	8. Ma	9. Ma	10. Sk	11. N(12. R€	13. Ac	Total	

Note: Grand Total must agree with items-3 on the liability side of the return.

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_		וון דמועמ						Т	Т			Т					
ency)		stnebizeЯ-noN ot seonevbA in Taka															
Curr		Debt Securities	54603														
ign (Equity Securities	24602														
(Amount in Units of Foreign Currency)	sets	Foreign Direct Investment	1094S														
its of	n As	Other Foreign Bills	53602														
Un	Foreign Assets	Export Bills	10982														
unt ir	μ	Vage Earners Accounts	22604														
Amo		Bilateral Trade Credit Balances	52603														
3		Balances with Banks Abroad	52602														
()		Foreign Currencies in Hand	10922														
ssets		Long-Term Foreign Liabilities	609 <i>L</i> l														
anda		Other Short-Term Liabilities to Banks Abroad	809 <i>L</i> L														
(Details of foreign liabilities and assets)	ities	Non-resident Taka Account of Foreign Bank Branches & Correspondents	909 <i>L</i> L														
eign II	Foreign Liabilities	Non-Resident Investors Taka Accounts(NITA)	909 <i>L</i> L														
of tor	eign	NFCD Accounts	⊅09∠l														
etails c	Fore	Foreign Currency Accounts of Non-Residents	£092L														
n)		Convertible Taka Accounts of Foreigners	20971														
		Bilateral Trade Liabilities	10921														
		Currency-wise Exchange Rate															
		Instrument Name of Currency & Code	(Code)	US Dollar (01)	Canadian Dollar (02)	Philippines Peso (03)	Pound Sterling (10)	Australian Dollar (11)	Newzealand Dollar (12)	Pakistani Rupee (13)	Burmese Kyat (14)	Srilanka Rupee (15)	Indian Rupee (16)	Malaysian Ringgit (17)	Hongkong Dollar (18)	Bangladeshi Taka (19)	Singapore Dollar (20)

TABLE-B

(Details of foreign liabilities and assets)

	Table-B (Co	Table-B (Continued)	
Denish Krone (30)			
Norwegian Krone (32)			
Swedish Krona (35)			
Swiss Franc (38)			
Omani Riyal (41)			
Saudi Arabian Riyal (42)			
Iranian Rial (43)			
South Korean Won (50)			
Yemeni Riyal (53)			
Chinese Yuan (67)			
Indonesian Rupiah (71)			
Iraqi Dinar (73)			
Libyan Dinar (74)			
Japanese Yen (75)			
Syrian Pound (81)			
Thai Baht (85)			
EURO (86)			
Russian Rouble (87)			
Kuwaiti Dinar (90)			
Nepalese Rupee (91)			
Oatari Rial (93)			
Bahrain Dinar (94)			
U. A. E. Dirham (96)			
ACU Dollar (98)			
Total Amount (in Taka)			

5.5 TABLE-C1 CLASSIFICATION OF LOANS & ADVANCES AND LOANS WRITE OFF

(Amount in taka)

		Sector-wise Loan						
Loan Classification	Code Number	Government	Other Public	Private	Total			
		21	22	23				
Unclassified (Standard and SMA)	30111							
Substandard	30112							
Doubtful	30113							
Bad/Loss	30114							
Total	99990							
Loan Write Off	99991							

5.6 TABLE-C2 PROVISION FOR LOANS & ADVANCES

(Amount in taka)

		Sector-wise Provision						
Loan Classification	Code Number	Government	Other Public	Private	Total			
		31	32	33				
Unclassified (Standard and SMA)	30121							
Substandard	30122							
Doubtful	30123							
Bad/Loss	30124							
Total	99990							

5.7 TABLE-D Break up of Investment

Shares	& Se	curities	Code Number	Amount in taka
A. Un-ei	ncum	bered Shares & Securities		
1	Gov	rt. Securities	33100	
2	Oth	er than Govt. Securities	33113	
B. Encu	mbei	red Shares & Securities		
1	Gov	rt. Securities		
	a)	REPO	33111	
	b) Others		33112	
2	Oth	er than Govt. Securities	33118	
Total Investments (A+B)			33119	

5.8 TABLE-E Break up of Accrued Interest

(Amount in taka)

Accrued Interest	Code Number	Sector-wise Loan						
		Government	Other Public	Private	Total			
		41	42	43				
Investment (Securities)	30131							
Advances	30132							
Total	99990							

CHAPTER 6. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON SBS-1 RETURN

Besides the monthly SBS-1 return, Statistics Department of Bangladesh Bank collects some supplementary data relating to SBS-1 return from Deposit Money Banks regularly. The supplementary data are needed in advance to meet urgent requirement of policy makers. It is to be mentioned here that the definitions, explanations and codes are provided in this guideline which are applicable for reporting of supplementary information as per Tables. However, the other new items asked for as supplementary data should be submitted as instructed by the Statistics Department.

The formats of supplementary information are given below.

6.1 Supplementary Table-1:

Information on Government Deposits, Import and Inland Bills, Advances and Investments.

Name of the Bank: Period (Day/Month/Year):

(Amount in Taka)

ITE	MS		Code	Amount
1.	Gov	vernment Deposits:		
	a)	Presidency, PM's Office, Parliament, Ministries, Judiciary & Other Ministries/ Offices.	12110	
	b)	Autonomous and Semi-autonomous Bodies.	12120	
2.	Imp	port and Inland Bills:		
	a)	Food Ministry.	25111	
	b)	Presidency, PM's Office, Parliament, Ministries, Judiciary & Other Ministries/ Offices.	25112	
	c)	Autonomous and Semi-autonomous Bodies.	25120	
3.	Loa	ans and Advances		
	a)	Food Ministry.	26111	
	b)	Presidency, PM's Office, Parliament, Ministries, Judiciary & Other Ministries/ Offices.	26112	
	c)	Autonomous and Semi-autonomous Bodies.	26120	
4.	Inv	estments		
	a)	Government		
		i. Treasury Bills (less than 1 year)	27111	
		ii. Treasury Bills (1 year and above)	27112	
		iii. Treasury Bonds (1 year & less than 5 years)	27113	
		iv. Treasury Bonds (5 years and above)	27114	
		v. Prize Bonds/Income Tax Bonds	27117	
		vi. Other Government Securities.	27119	
		Total		

6.2 Supplementary Table-2: Economic purpose wise information on advances to Other Non-Financial Corporations-Private (Advances as reported in code-26370 of SBS-1 return)

Name of the Bank: Period (Day/Month/Year):

					(An	nount in Taka)			
Economic	Outstanding	Disbursement	Accrued	Recovery	Loan	Outstanding			
Purpose	Loans	of Loans	Interest	(current	Write-	Loans			
	(previous	(current	(current	month)	Off	(current			
	month)	month)	month)		(current	month)			
1	2	3	4		month)	7=(2+3+4-5-6)			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7=(2+3+4-5-6)			
A. Disburseme	nt of loans to	Private Non-F	Financial	Corporatio	on's (code	e no.26370)			
1.Agriculture									
2.Industry									
3.Export									
Financing									
4.Import									
Financing									
5.Transport &									
Communication									
6.Internal									
Trade									
Financing									
7.Housing									
Companies/									
Societies									
8.Special									
Program									
9.Others									
Total (A):									
B. Disbursement of loans to Household Residents (code no.26390)									
1.Agriculture									
2.Housing									
3.Special									
Program									
4.Others									
Total (B):									

Note: i) The total (A) should be equal to the amount reported in SBS-1 return against code 26370 ii) The total (B) should be equal to the amount reported in SBS-1 return against code 26390

6.3 Supplementary Table-3:

Information on Foreign Investment of the reporting Bank (Breakup statement of foreign investment as reported in code-24601, 24602 & 24603 respectively of SBS-1 return)

Name of the Bank: Period (Day/Month/Year):

(Amount in Foreign Currency)

Country	Foreign Direct Investment (Code#24601)							P	olio Inv						
↓											t Securities de#24603)				
Currency	\$	£	¥			Total Taka	\$	£	¥	 Total Taka	\$	£	¥	•	Total Taka
UK															
USA															
Total (Amount in taka)															

Note: i) The table should be filled up as per definition given in the guideline at page 54.

ii) The totals of FDI, Equity securities and Debt securities must agree with the code nos.24601, 24602 & 24603 of SBS-1 return respectively.

iii) The currencies should be converted into taka by using the official mid-rate of month end closing exchange rate.

PART-2 (SBS-2 & SBS-3 Returns)

Effective from July-September'2013

CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION AND GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

1.1 INTRODUCTION

Since July, 1974 the Statistics Department of Bangladesh Bank has been collecting the detailed information on deposits, debits, advances and bills from all branches of scheduled banks operating in Bangladesh in the prescribed formats SBS-2 and SBS-3 on quarterly basis. We are also collecting data on SME, Interest rate Spread and Economic purpose and sector wise disbursement, recovery, outstanding and overdue etc. On the basis of these returns a consistent database is compiled for policy makers and other users. These information are therefore extremely vital for formulating monetary policy, credit policy, planning of economic developments.

Detailed instructions, explanations and definitions have been provided below to help bank officials to prepare the SBS-2 and SBS-3 returns.

1.2 GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- a) Supplied different templates for SBS-2 and SBS-3 quarterly returns are to be completed by using appropriate codes.
- b) The reporting bank branches shall have to submit account wise statement to their respective Head Offices/Controlling Office by 7th day of the month and the head office will make instant check of these returns and submit the branch wise and account wise (not consolidated) data through CD to Statistics Department of Bangladesh Bank by 20th day of the same month following the quarter to which the returns relate.
- c) If any bank failed to submit the returns within the stipulated time, the bank must be penalised according to the article no. 36(6) of Bangladesh Bank Order, 1972 (revised 2003).
- d) Whoever in these returns under the Article 36(7) of Bangladesh Bank Order, 1972 (revised 2003) willfully or recklessly makes a statement false in any material particular or willfully or recklessly omits to state a material particular shall by order of the Bank be punishable with fine which may extend to taka ten lacs in respect of each such return.
- e) At the time of opening new accounts the bank officials who are experienced/trained on that line duly fill in "SBS-2 and SBS-3 Reporting Forms" (as per circular no-01/2010 dated August 20, 2010) and provide these account to account wise information while submitting SBS-2 and SBS-3 quarterly returns.

- f) The total amount of deposits at the end of the quarter as reported in SBS-2 excluding (Deposit Type of accounts 140, 150, 151, and 152) should match with the grand total of deposit classification Matrix (Table-A) excluding Deposit Money Bank's deposit (code-12,500) and accrued interest (code no.-12913) of the liabilities side of SBS-1 return of the corresponding month. The total amount of outstanding advances at the end of the quarter reported in SBS-3 should match with the total amount of item 7 of the asset side of SBS-1 return of corresponding month. Similarly, the total amount of the bills at the end of the quarter reported in SBS-3 should match with the total amount of bills of items 4 and 6 of the assets side of SBS-1 of the corresponding month.
- g) It is mentioned that the amount of Deposits, Debits, Advances and Bills must match with the statement of affairs for each reporting bank branches.
- h) The Head Office of all scheduled Banks should submit an updated list (in ascending order of branch code) of all the branches (as on 30th November) indicating their location containing the names of the division, district, thana and municipality/union parishad in which the branches fall within the last day of November every year. (Proforma at Annexure-A page no-122).
- i) For all queries, reporting branches of banks should contact their head offices who should be thoroughly familiar with SBS-2 & SBS-3 returns. The head office should contact directly to the Statistics Department (Banking Statistics Division), Bangladesh Bank, Head Office, Dhaka, for any clarification.

1.3 INSTRUCTIONS AND EXPLANATORY NOTES ON SBS-2 & SBS-3 RETURNS

For SBS-2	For SBS-3	INSTRUCTIONS AND EXPLANATIONS
Column-1	Column-1	Serial Number
Column-2 Column-3	Column-2 Column-3	The serial numbers are nothing but the entries of Deposit/Advance accounts. Number of Accounts This space is meant for reporting of number of Deposit/Loan accounts. The number of accounts should be shown in numeric form. Sector Codes
		Sector codes are the identity of the depositors/ borrowers. In case of personal account, sector codes will be determined according to their occupation and in case of organisational account it will be determined according to the activity of the organisation. The sectors have been classified mainly into two parts:-
		 Public Sector Private Sector
		Public Sector is sub-grouped by:- (a) Government Sector (b) Other Public Sector (except Government).
		The reporting branches are required to insert the appropriate sector codes from the <i>SBS-2 & SBS-3 Reporting Form</i> which is earlier chosen from code list-1 at page 79-100 of the guidelines.
		The reporting officers, while picking up appropriate sector code, may take the opportunity of the following characteristics of the sector codes:
		SectorFirst two digits of the codeGovernment Sectors11Other public sectors (other than govt.)12Private sectors90 and 91
Column-4	Column-4	Rate of Interest
		Reporting banks are required to enter the appropriate interest
		rate corresponding to each individual Deposit/Advance
		account. The rate of interest should be in conformity with the
		rates circulated from time to time by the Head Office of the
		concerned Bank. The interest rate should be shown up to two
		decimal places. If there are some accounts bearing no interest,
		the interest rate should be reported as (0.00).

For SBS-2	For SBS-3	INSTRUCTIONS AND EXPLANATIONS
Column-5		Type of deposits codes
		The reporting bank branches are required to pick up the
		appropriate code number in respect of each deposit account
		from the SBS-2 & SBS-3 Reporting Form which is earlier taken
		from Code List-2. Types of deposits codes and their
		definitions are given at page no. 101-105 of the guidelines.
	Column-5	Economic Purpose Codes
		The purpose for which the advance is disbursed should be
		used as economic purposes. The reporting bank branches are
		required to pick up the appropriate code number of economic
		purposes from the SBS-2 & SBS-3 Reporting Form which is
		earlier chosen from Code List-3 at page 106-109 and enter it
		in this column for each account of advance. Following points
		may be helpful to the reporting officers' while picking up
		appropriate "Economic Purpose Codes". These codes have
		been divided into seven parts mainly. Each of these parts has
		been categorised into several small parts. The main parts of
		"Economic Purpose Codes" are mostly as follows:

Code Numbers
1101 to 1300
2199 to 2390
3199 to 3310
4100 to 5310
6100 to 6300
8111 to 8599
9801 to 9899
9200 to 9900

For SBS-2	For SBS-3	INSTRUCTIONS AND EXPLANATIONS
Column-6		Balance of Deposit Accounts
		The reporting bank branches are required to report the actual
		balance of each deposit account (including zero balance) in unit
		taka (up to two decimal places) at the end of the reporting
		quarter. Negative balance of deposit accounts should be
		reported in SBS-3 in the reporting period.
	Column-6	Security codes
		The reporting bank branches are required to pick up the
		appropriate code number in respect of security for each account
		of advance from the SBS-2 & SBS-3 Reporting Form which is
		earlier taken from Code List-4 in page 110 of the guidelines and
		enter it in this Column.
	Column-7	Loan Classification Codes
		In order to strengthen credit discipline and improve the recovery
		position of loans and advances by the banks it has been decided
		to introduce a system covering loan classification. It is actually
		the status of the loan. The reporting bank branches are required
		to pick up the appropriate "Loan Classification code" from code
		list-5 at page 111 of the guidelines.
	Column-8	SME codes
		The reporting bank branches are required to pick up the
		appropriate SME-code number in respect of the concerns of the
		enterprises for each account of advance from the Code List-7 at
		page 113-115 of the guidelines and enter it in this Column.
	Column-9	Product codes
		The reporting bank branches are required to pick up the
		appropriate product code number in respect of the category of
		each account of advance from the Code List-8 at page 116 of the
		guidelines and enter it in this Column.
	Column-10	Outstanding Advances
		The outstanding position of each loan account is maintained by
		the banks in their ledger books/loan statements. The amount
		should be reported in unit taka (up to two decimal places) at the
		end of the quarter. Zero balance of the respective accounts
		should also be reported.

The General formula for the outstanding advances at the end of current quarter may be given as below:

$$O_r = O_p + D - R + I$$

Where,

 O_r = Outstanding advance at the end of reporting quarter.

 O_{p} = Outstanding advance at the end of preceding quarter.

D = Total disbursement of loan during the reporting period.

R = Total recovery of loan during the reporting period.

I = Interest added there on during the period + other charges.

While reporting the Outstanding position all types of loans and advances (excluding bills purchased/ discounted) must be included. Positive balance of all loan accounts should be reported in SBS-2 in the reporting period.

1.3.1 Withdrawals from Deposit Account

Reporting branches are required to report the amount of withdrawals (debits) during the period for each type of deposits on the SBS-2 return. The withdrawals or debits, pertaining to each type of deposits should be added up to give the total withdrawals or debits which are to be reported in unit as usual.

1.3.2 Bills Purchased/Discounted

Bills purchased/discounted refer to those bills, which are held by the bank for a short period and payments are made against the documents. The procedure for filing in the table is similar to that of advances. For bills codes, (nature of bills) banks are required to follow the code list-6 at page no-112. The bill code pertaining to the bills purchased/discounted can easily be identifiable by observing the nature of both foreign and local bills (the import, export and inland bills). In order to put the sector code it is necessary to identify the specific sector to which the party (individual agency) belongs.

1.4 PROCEDURE TO FILL IN THE SBS-2 & SBS-3 RETURNS

Reporting banks should report each account as a **single entry** in the returns.

a) For Deposits

The reporting bank branches are required to pick up sector code, type of deposit code from SBS-2 & SBS-3 Reporting Form and amount should be reported in unit taka (up to two decimal places) from their customer wise ledger balance and rate of interest should be reported against each corresponding deposit account.

b) For Advance

The reporting bank branches are required to pick up sector code, economic purpose code, security code, product code and SME code from *SBS-2 & SBS-3 Reporting Form* and rate of interest should be reported which was imposed for each account. Then amount should be reported in unit taka (up to two decimal places) on the basis of ledger balance of outstanding advance for each account. Loan classification code should be determined according to the classification status for each account.

c) For Bills

The reporting bank branches are required to pick up sector code from account opening form and bill code should be determined according to nature of bills. The amount should be reported in unit for each bill which was discounted /purchased. The reporting bank branches are required to pick up the appropriate "Bills Code" of bills from code list-6 at page 112 of the guidelines. It should be noted that bills amount (PAD, IBP, FBP etc) should be reported in advance when it becomes forced loan.

CHAPTER 2 : SECTOR CODE (Applicable for SBS-2 and SBS-3) (Code List-1) **SECTOR** CODE 1 PUBLIC SECTOR (A+B) A. GOVERNMENT SECTOR I) Food Ministry(Including food divisions/directorates) 111000 II) Other Ministries/Offices 1) Directorate of Health 112001 2) Directorate of Relief and Rehabilitation 112002 3) Directorate of Primary Education 112003 4) Directorate of National Savings 112004 5) Directorate of Jute 112005 6) Directorate of National Consumer Rights Protection 112006 7) Directorate of Labor 112007 8) Directorate of Land Record and Survey 112008 9) Registration Directorate 112009 112010 10) Directorate of Public Health and Engineering 11) Directorate of Secondary and Higher Secondary Education 112011 12) Directorate of Social Welfare 112012 13) Directorate of Livestock 112013 14) Directorate of Sports 112014 112015 15) Directorate of Archaeology Directorate of Bangladesh Family Planning 112016 16) 17) Directorate of Printing, Stationary, Forms and Publication 112017 18) Directorate of Nursing Services 112018 19) Directorate of Meteorology 112019 20) Directorate of Bangladesh Survey 112020 21) Directorate of Archives and Libraries 112021

22)	Directorate of Govt. Accommodation	112022
23)	Urban Development Directorate	112023
24)	Directorate of Inspection and Audit of Ministry of Education	112024
25)	Directorate of Technical Education	112025
26)	Directorate General of Forces Intelligence (DGFI)	112026
27)	Directorate General of Drug Administration	112027
28)	Directorate General of Family Planning	112028
29)	Directorate General of Defense Purchase	112029
30)	Department of Local Government & Engineering (LGED)	112030
31)	Public Works Department	112031
32)	Department of Women Affairs	112032
33)	Department of Agricultural Extension	112033
34)	Department of Co-operative	112034
35)	Roads and Highway Department	112035
36)	Department of Youth Development	112036
37)	Press Information Department	112037
38)	Department of Mass Communication	112038
39)	Department of Film and Publications	112039
40)	Health Engineering Department	112040
41)	Department of Immigration and Passports	112041
42)	Department of Prisons	112042
43)	Department of Fire Service and Civil Defense	112043
44)	Department of Narcotics Control	112044
45)	Department of Patents, Designs and Trademarks	112045
46)	Department of Fisheries	112046
47)	Department of Livestock Services	112047
48)	Bangladesh Forest Department	112048
49)	Department of Shipping	112049
50)	Department of Disaster Management	112050
51)	Department of Architecture	112051
52)	Department of Explosive	112052

53)	Department of Agricultural Marketing	112053
54)	Bangladesh Education Engineering Department	112054
55)	Department of Environment	112055
56)	Department of Textile	112056
57)	Office of the Thana Executive Officer	112057
58)	Office of the District Commissioner	112058
59)	Office of the Divisional Commissioner	112059
60)	Office of the Chief Inspector of Boilers	112060
61)	Public Private Partnership Office	112061
62)	Copyright Office	112062
63)	Hajj Office	112063
64)	Disaster Management Bureau	112064
65)	Bureau of Manpower, Employment and Training	112065
66)	Bureau of Non-formal Education	112066
67)	NGO Affairs Bureau	112067
68)	Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics	112068
69)	Board of Investment Bangladesh	112069
70)	National Board of Revenue	112070
71)	Bangladesh National Parliament (Jatio Sangshad Secretariat)	112071
72)	Bangladesh Missions in Abroad	112072
73)	Geological Survey of Bangladesh	112073
74)	Bangladesh Marine Academy	112074
75)	Bangladesh Govt. Press (BG Press)	112075
76)	Bangladesh Police	112076
77)	Special Security Force	112077
78)	Border Guard Bangladesh	112078
79)	Bangladesh Ansar and VDP	112079
80)	Rapid Action Battalion (RAB)	112080
81)	Bangladesh Coast Guard	112081

	82)	Banglade	esh Ordinance Factories	112082
	83)	Banglade	esh Army	112083
	84)	Banglade	esh Navy	112084
	85)	Banglade	esh Air Force	112085
	86)	Banglade	esh Secretariat	112086
	88)	Banglade	esh Form and Publications Office	112088
	89)	Office of	the Assistant Commissioner of Land	112089
	90)	Banglade	esh Supreme Court (Including High Court)	112090
	91)	District .	Judge Court (Including Other Courts in District)	112091
	92)	Other Mi	inistries, Directorates and Departments	112099
	b)	Banglade	esh Post Office (except Savings Bank Scheme)	112100
	c)	Banglade	esh Post Office Savings Bank Scheme	112200
)	Autonoi		Semi-Autonomous Bodies	
	a)		k Board and Education Boards	110101
		1)	National Curriculum and Text Book Board	113101
		2)	Bangladesh Madrasha Education Board	113102
		3)	Bangladesh Technical Education Board	113103
		4)	Board of Intermediate and Secondary Educations	113199
	b)	Governm	ent Educational Institutions	
		1)	Government Schools, Colleges, University College &	113201
		2)	Madrashas Cadet Colleges	113202
		3)	National University (NU), Gazipur	113204
		4)	Bangladesh Open University (BOU)	113205
		5)	Medical/Dental Colleges	113206
		6)	Institutes of Technology	113207
		7)	(Including Polytechnic Institutes) Bangladesh University of Engineering & Technology	113208
		8)	Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujib Medical University	113209
		9)	Dhaka University	113210
		10)	Rajshahi University	113211
		11)	Chittagong University	113212
		12)	Jahangirnagar University	113213

13)	Khulna University	113214
14)	Shahjalal University of Science and Technology	113215
15)	Bangladesh Agricultural University, Mymensingh	113216
16)	Islamic University, Kushtia	113217
17)	Dhaka University of Engineering & Technology	113218
18)	Chittagong University of Engineering & Technology	113219
19)	Khulna University of Engineering & Technology	113220
20)	Rajshahi University of Engineering & Technology	113221
21)	Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman Agricultural University	113222
22)	Sher-e-Bangla Agricultural University	113223
23)	Hajee Mohammad Danesh Science & Technology University	113224
24)	Patuakhali Science & Technology University	113225
25)	Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman Science & Technology University	113226
26)	Bangladesh Textile University	113227
27)	Bangladesh University of Professional	113228
28)	Barisal University	113229
29)	Begum Rokeya University	113230
30)	Chittagong Veterinary and Animal Sciences University	113231
31)	Comilla University	113232
32)	Jagannath University	113233
33)	Jatiya Kabi Kazi Nazrul Islam University	113234
34)	Jessore Science & Technology University	113235
35)	Mawlana Bhashani Science & Technology University	113236
36)	Pabna University of Science and Technology	113237
37)	Patuakhali Science and Technology University	113238
38)	Sylhet Agricultural University	113239
39)	Other Public Educational Institutions	113299

c)	Academy, Research Institute, Development Institutes, Training Centre,	
	and Council	

1) Bangladesh Academy for Rural Development 113301 (BARD)

2)	Rural Development Academy, Bogra	113302
3)	Bangla Academy	113303
4)	Bangladesh Shilpakala Academy	113304
5)	Foreign Service Academy	113313
6)	Bangladesh Insurance Academy	113322
7)	Marine Fisheries Academy	113323
8)	National Academy for Planning & Development	113324
9)	Bangladesh Shishu Academy	113325
10)	National Academy of Primary Education (NAEP)	113326
11)	Bangladesh Co-operative Academy	113327
12)	Khudro Nri Gosthi Cultural Academy, Netrokona	113328
13)	National Training & Research Academy for	113329
14)	Multilingual Shorthand, Bogra National Academy for Educational Management (NAEM)	113330
15)	National Academy for Computer Training and	113331
16)	Research (NACTAR) Bangladesh Civil Service Administration Academy	113332
17)	Islamic Foundation, Bangladesh	113305
18)	Bangladesh Agricultural Research Institute (BARI)	113306
19)	Bangladesh Council of Scientific & Industrial Research (BCSIR)	113307
20)	Bangladesh Rice Research Institute (BRRI)	113308
21)	Bangladesh Standards & Testing Institution (BSTI)	113309
22)	National Institute of Population, Research & Training (NIPORT)	113314
23)	Institute of Public Health and Nutrition	113315
24)	National Institute of Cardiovascular Diseases	113316
25)	National Institute of Preventive & Social Medicine (NIPSOM)	113317
26)	Institute of Public Health And Hospital	113318
27)	National Institute of Disease of Chest & Hospital (NIDCH)	113319
28)	National Institute of Ophthalmology	113320
29)	National Institute of Traumatology & Orthopedic Rehabilitation (NITOR)	113321
30)	Bangladesh Jute Research Institute (BJRI)	113333
31)	Housing & Building Research Institute	113334
32)	Bangladesh Institute of Nuclear Agriculture, Mymensingh	113335
33)	Bangladesh Sugarcane Research Institute, (BSRI)	113336

34)	Bangladesh Livestock Research Institute	113337
35)	Bangladesh Fisheries Research Institute (BFRI)	113338
36)	Bangladesh Tea Research Institute (BTRI)	113339
37)	Accident Research Institute (ARI), Bangladesh	113340
38)	Bangladesh Silk Research and Training Institute (BSRTI), Rajshahi	113341
39)	Bangladesh Forest Research Institute	113342
40)	River Research Institute	113343
41)	Bangladesh Institute of Bank Management (BIBM)	113344
42)	Bangladesh Health Professionals Institute (BHPI)	113345
43)	Bangladesh College of Physicians & Surgeons	113346
44)	Bangladesh Institute of Development Studies (BIDS)	113347
45)	Bangladesh Institute of International and Strategic Studies (BIISS)	113348
46)	Bangladesh Institute of Management (BIM)	113349
47)	Institute of Chartered Accountants of Bangladesh (ICAB)	113350
48)	Institute of Cost & Management Accountants of Bangladesh (ICMA)	113351
49)	Khudro Nri Gosthi Cultural Institute, Rangamati & Bandarban	113352
50)	National Institute of Local Government	113353
51)	Press Institute of Bangladesh	113354
52)	National Institute of Mass Communication (NIMCO)	113355
53)	Nazrul Institute	113356
54)	International Mother Language Institute	113357
55)	Bangladesh Rural Development Training Institute (BRDTI)	113358
56)	Madrasha Teachers Training Institute (MTTI)	113359
57)	Judicial Administration Training Institute	113360
58)	National Legal Aid Institute	113361
59)	Bangladesh Foreign Trade Institute (BFTI)	113362
60)	Soil Resources Development Institute	113363
61)	Central Development Resources Development Institute	113364
62)	Bangladesh Seri cultural Research and Training Institute	113365
63)	Institute of Water Modeling	113366
64)	National Maritime Institute	113367
65)	Bangladesh Petroleum Institute	113368

66)	National Institute of Biotechnology	113369
67)	Bangladesh Krira Shikkha Protisthan (BKSP)	113370
68)	Bangladesh Institute of Textile Technology (BITT), Tangail	113371
69)	Bangladesh Institute of International and Strategic Studies	113372
70)	Bangladesh Industrial Technical Assistance Centre (BITAC), Tejgaon, Dhaka	113373
71)	National Book Centre, Bangladesh	113374
72)	Public Administration Training Centre, Savar & RPATC, Eskaton	113375
73)	Cox's Bazar Cultural Centre	113376
74)	Land Administration Training Centre (LATC)	113377
75)	Bangladesh Veterinary Council	113312
76)	Bangladesh Medical & Dental Council (BMDC)	113378
77)	Pharmacy Council of Bangladesh	113379
78)	Bangladesh Medical Research Council	113380
79)	Bangladesh Nursing Council	113381
80)	Jatiya Mohila Sangstha	113382
81)	Bangladesh National Social Welfare Council	113383
82)	Council of Bangladesh Institute of Technology	113384
83)	Bangladesh Agriculture Research Council (BARC)	113385
84)	National Sports Council (NSC)	113386
85)	Bangladesh Computer Council (BCC)	113387
86)	National Freedom Fighter Council	113388
87)	Central Public Library	113310
88)	Bangladesh National Museum	113311
89)	National Museum of Science & Technology	113389
90)	Bangladesh Space Research and Remote Sensing Organisation (SPARRSO)	113390
91)	Other Councils/Institutes	113399

d) Other Autonomous & Semi-autonomous bodies (Commission, Authority, Development Board/Centre/Foundations etc)

1)	Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission	113401
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3)	University Grants Commission of Bangladesh	113427
4)	Bangladesh Tariff Commission	113428

5)	Joint River Commission	113429
6)	Bangladesh National Commission of UNESCO	113430
7)	Bangladesh Energy Regulatory Commission (BERC)	113431
8)	National Human Rights Commission	113432
9)	Bangladesh Judicial Service Commission	113433
10)	Election Commission Bangladesh	113434
11)	Anti Corruption Commission	113435
12)	Bangladesh Telecommunication Regulatory Commission (BTRC)	113436
13)		113437
14)	Rajdhani Unnayan Kartreepaksha (RAJUK)	113405
15)	Chittagong Development Authority	113406
16)	Khulna Development Authority	113407
17)	Rajshahi Development Authority	113408
18)	Bangladesh Bridge Authority	113413
19)	BARID Multipurpose Development Authority, Rajshahi	113416
20)	National Housing Authority	113424
21)	Bangladesh Export Processing Zone Authority (BEPZA)	113438
22)	Micro Credit Regulatory Authority (MRA)	113439
23)	Dhaka Transport Co-ordination Authority (DTCA)	113418
24)	Non-Government Teachers Registration and Certification Authority (NTRCA)	113440
25)	Insurance Development and Regularity Authority (IDRA)	113441
26)	Bangladesh Road Transport Authority (BRTA)	113442
27)	Seed Certification Agency	113444
28)	Bangladesh Hi-Tech Park Authority	113445
29)	Agriculture Information Service	113446
30)	Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General of Bangladesh	113447
31)	Chittagong Hill Tracts Development Board	113403
32)	Bangladesh Handloom Board	113409
33)	Bangladesh Sericulture Board	113410
34)	Export Promotion Bureau	113411
35)	Bangladesh Rural Development Board (BRDB)	113412
36)	Bangladesh Haor And Wetland Development Board	113425

 37) 38) 39) 40) 41) 42) 43) 44) 45) 46) 47) 48) 49) 	Bangladesh Homoeopathic Board Bangladesh Tobacco Development Board Jute Industries Development Board Bangladesh Applied Nutrition And Human Resources Development Board Vested Property Management Board Board of Unani & Ayurvedic Council Bangladesh Sports Control Board National Board of Abandoned Properties Bangladesh Tea Plantation Employees' Provident Fund Trustee Board Cotton Development Board Bangladesh Accreditation Board	113448 113449 113450 113451 113452 113453 113454 113455 113456 113457
 39) 40) 41) 42) 43) 44) 45) 46) 47) 48) 	Jute Industries Development Board Bangladesh Applied Nutrition And Human Resources Development Board Vested Property Management Board Board of Unani & Ayurvedic Council Bangladesh Sports Control Board National Board of Abandoned Properties Bangladesh Tea Plantation Employees' Provident Fund Trustee Board Cotton Development Board Bangladesh Accreditation Board	113450 113451 113452 113453 113454 113455 113456 113457
 40) 41) 42) 43) 44) 45) 46) 47) 48) 	Bangladesh Applied Nutrition And Human Resources Development Board Vested Property Management Board Board of Unani & Ayurvedic Council Bangladesh Sports Control Board National Board of Abandoned Properties Bangladesh Tea Plantation Employees' Provident Fund Trustee Board Cotton Development Board Bangladesh Accreditation Board	113451 113452 113453 113454 113455 113456 113457
 41) 42) 43) 44) 45) 46) 47) 48) 	Resources Development Board Vested Property Management Board Board of Unani & Ayurvedic Council Bangladesh Sports Control Board National Board of Abandoned Properties Bangladesh Tea Plantation Employees' Provident Fund Trustee Board Cotton Development Board Bangladesh Accreditation Board	113452 113453 113454 113455 113456 113457
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49)	Land Reform Board	113459
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50)	Bangladesh Agricultural Development Corporation (BADC)	113402
51)	The Security Printing Corporation (Bangladesh) Ltd.	113417
52)	Chittagong Hill Tracts Regional Council	113419
53)	Rangamati Hill District Council	113420
54)	Khagrachori Hill District Council	113421
55)	Bandarban Hill District Council	113422
56)	Bangladesh National Medical Council	113461
57)	Bangladesh Press Council	113462
58)	Prime Minister's Relief Fund	113404
59)	Public Trust Funds	113463
60)	Welfare Funds	113464
61)	Development Funds	113465
62)	Benevolent Funds	113466
63)	Public Educational Funds	113467
64)	Development Works Program Fund	113468
65)	Horticulture Export Development Foundation (Hortex Foundation)	113469
66)	Bangladesh Folk Arts & Craft Foundation, Sonargaon	113470
67)	National Foundation for Research on Human Resources	113471

National Foundation for Development of the Disabled Persons	113472
Bangladesh NGO Foundation	113473
Hindu Welfare Trust	113474
Buddhist Welfare Trust	113475
Christian Welfare Trust	113476
Urban Development Trust	113477
Sheikh Zayad Bin Sultan Al Nahian Trust (Bangladesh)	113478
Office of the Bangladesh Waqf Administrator	113479
Water Resources Planning Organisation (WARPO)	113415
Executive Cell, BEPZA	113426
Bangladesh National Science & Technical Documentation Centre (BANSDOC)	113480
Bangladesh Overseas Employment Service Limited (BOESEL)	113423
Investment Advisory Centre of Bangladesh	113481
Bangladesh Girls' Guide Association	113482
Bangladesh Scouts	113483
Cyclone Preparedness Programme (CPP)	113484
Registrar of Joint –Stock Companies and Firms	113485
Comprehensive Disaster Management Program	113486
Bangladesh National Herbarium	113487
All Other Boards/Centres	113499
	Disabled Persons Bangladesh NGO Foundation Hindu Welfare Trust Buddhist Welfare Trust Christian Welfare Trust Urban Development Trust Sheikh Zayad Bin Sultan AI Nahian Trust (Bangladesh) Office of the Bangladesh Waqf Administrator Water Resources Planning Organisation (WARPO) Executive Cell, BEPZA Bangladesh National Science & Technical Documentation Centre (BANSDOC) Bangladesh Overseas Employment Service Limited (BOESEL) Investment Advisory Centre of Bangladesh Bangladesh Girls' Guide Association Bangladesh Scouts Cyclone Preparedness Programme (CPP) Registrar of Joint –Stock Companies and Firms Comprehensive Disaster Management Program Bangladesh National Herbarium

e) Publicity And News Media

1)	Bangladesh Television/BTV World/ Sangshad Bangladesh TV	113501
2)	Bangladesh Sangbad Sangstha (BSS)	113502
3)	Bangladesh Betar	113503

B. OTHER PUBLIC SECTOR (OTHER THAN GOVT.)

		ial Corporations	
a)	•	esh Textile Mills Corporation & Related Enterprises ix- Pages : 132)	122100
b)	•	esh Sugar & Food Industries Corporation and Related ses (Appendix- Pages: 133)	
	1)	Sugar Mills	122210
	2)	Food and Allied Industries	122220
c)	Banglade	esh Chemical Industries Corporation and Related ses (Appendix- Pages: 134)	
	1)	Fertilizer, Chemical & Pharmaceutical Industries	122310
	2)	Paper and Paper Board Industries	122320
d)	•	esh Steel & Engineering Corporation and Related ses (Appendix- Pages: 135)	
	1)	Steel Mills	122410
	2)	Engineering and Ship Building Industries	122420
e)	0	esh Jute Mills Corporation and Related Enterprises ix- Pages: 136)	122510
f)	& Minera	esh Petroleum Corporation and Bangladesh Oil, Gas al Corporation and Related Enterprises ix-Pages: 137-139)	
	1)	Bangladesh Petroleum Corporation & related	122610
	2)	enterprises Bangladesh Oil, Gas & Mineral Corporation &	122620
	3)	related enterprises Hydrocarbon Unit, Bangladesh	122630
g)	Banglade	esh Power Development Board & Related Enterprises	
	1)	Bangladesh Power Development Board	122700
	2)	Rural Electrification Board (REB)	123410
	3)	Dhaka Electric Supply Authority (DESA)	123415
	4)	Dhaka Electric Supply Company (DESCO)	123420
	5)	Ashuganj Power Station Company Ltd (APSCL)	123425
	6)	Electricity Generation Company of Bangladesh Ltd (EGCB)	123430
	7)	North West Power Generation Company Ltd (NWPGC)	123435
	8)	West Zone Power Distribution Company Ltd (WZPDCL)	123440
	9)	Dhaka Power Distribution Company Ltd (DPDCL)	123445
	10)	Power Grid Company of Bangladesh (PGCB)	123450

	11)	Rural Power Company Ltd (RPCL)	100455
	12)	Power Cell	123455 123460
	12)	Pally Bidyut Samities	123460
	14)	Others	123405
h)		on-financial Public Corporations	123477
,	1)	Bangladesh Biman Corporation	122810
	2)	Bangladesh Shipping Corporation	122820
	3)	Trading Corporation of Bangladesh	122901
	4)	Bangladesh Railway	122902
	5)	Bangladesh Telecommunications Company Limited	122903
	6)	(BTCL) (Including Teletalk) Bangladesh Road Transport Corporation (BRTC)	122904
	7)	Bangladesh Forest Industries Development	122905
	8)	Corporation Bangladesh Fish Development Corporation	123110
	9)	Bangladesh Tea Board	123120
	11)	Bangladesh Inland Water Transport Authority	123210
	12)	(BIWTA) Bangladesh Inland Water Transport Corporation (BIWTC)	123220
	13)	Bangladesh Water Development Board	123310
	14)	WASA (Dhaka, Chittagong, Khulna etc)	123320
	15)	Chittagong Port Authority	123510
	16)	Mongla Port Authority	123520
	17)	Bangladesh Sthal Bandar Katripaksha	123530
	18)	Bangladesh Small & Cottage Industries Corporation (BSCIC)	123610
	19)	Bangladesh Parjatan Corporation	123701
	20)	Bangladesh Film Development Corporation	123702
	21)	Civil Aviation Authority of Bangladesh	123704
	22)	Bangladesh Freedom Fighters Welfare Trust	123705
	23)	Telephone Shilpa Sangstha	123706
	24)	Bangladesh Cable Industries Corporation	123707
	25)	Bangladesh Tannery Industries Corporation	123708
	26)	Bangladesh Services Ltd.	123709
	27)	Hotels International Ltd. (3 Stars & above)	123710
	28)	Dock Labour Management Board, Chittagong	123711
	29)	Dock Labour Management Board, Bagerhat	123712

		30)	Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman Novo	123713
		31)	Theatre Bangladesh Submarine Cable Company Limited	123714
		31)	Bangladesh Cable Shilpa Limited	123714
		33)	.	123715
		33) 34)	Essential Drugs Company Limited	123710
		,	Khulna Shipyard Limited	
		35)	Bangladesh Machine Tools Factory Limited	123718
		36)	Others	123799
11)		uthorities		
	a)	Zila Paris		124100
	b) c)	•	I/City Corporation bazila Parishad	124200 124300
	d)	Union Pa		124300
	e)	Gram Par	rishad	124500
	f)	Other Loo	cal Authorities.	124600
111)	Non-Bar	nk Deposite	ory Corporations (NBDC) public	
	a)	Ansar-VE	0P Unnayan Bank	121710
	b)	Karma Sa	angsthan Bank	121720
	c)	Probashi	Kallyan Bank	121730
	d)	Others		121750
IV)	Other F	inancial In	termediaries (OFI) except DMBs-Public	
	a)	Banglade	sh House Building Finance Corporation (HBFC)	121100
	b)	Investme	nt Corporation of Bangladesh (ICB)	121300
	c)	Infrastru	cture Development Company Limited (IDCOL)	121501
	d)		ngladesh Industrial and Agricultural nt Company Limited (SABINCO).	
				121510
	e)		ma-Sahayak Foundation (PKSF)	121515
	f)	. 5	ntrepreneurship Fund	121516
	g)	Grihayan	Tahobill	121517
	h)	SME Fou	ndation	121518
	i)	Agrani SI	ME Financing Company Limited	121519
	j)	Banglade	sh Infrastructure Finance Fund Limited	121520
	k)	Banglade	sh Government Islamic Investment Bond	121521
	I)	Others		121599
V)	Insuran	•	ies and Pension Funds (ICPF)-Public	
	a)		Bima Corporation	121600
	b) c)		na Corporation Funds /Provident Funds of Government Offices	121700
	U)			121799

2 PRIVATE SECTOR (Occupations/Activities)

1) NON-FINANCIAL CORPORATIONS

A. Agriculture, Fishing & Livestock

I)	Agricultural Farms (Nursery, Horticulture, Apiculture etc)	901001
11)	Fishing Farms (Hatchery, Shrimp Culture etc)	901002
)	Dairy Farms	901003
IV)	Poultry Farms	901004

B. Industries

I) Manufactures/Manufacturing Companies

1)	Jute Mills/Jute products Manufacturing Industries (rope, thread, twain, canvass, bag, carpet, etc.)	902110
2)	Printing & Dyeing Industries	902111
3)	Spinning Mills	902112
4)	Weaving Mills	902113
5)	Tobacco Processing Industries	902115
6)	Cosmetics & Toiletries Industries	902116
7)	Rubber And Plastic Industries	902117
8)	Leather Products (bag, shoe, etc) Manufacturing Industries	902119
9)	Textile Mills	902120
10)	Paper and Paper Products Manufacturing Industries	902121
11)	Furniture, Fixture, Particle Boards and Other Wood product manufacturers	902122
12)	Readymade Garments Industries	902125
13)	Hosiery Factories	902126
14)	Pharmaceutical Industries	902127
15)	Chemical and Chemical Products Industries	902130
16)	Cement Factories	902131
17)	Ceramic Industries	902132
18)	Bricks Manufacturers and Sand elevators	902133

19)	Glass and Glassware Products Factories	902134
20)	Soaps & Detergents Factories	902136
21)	Steel Engineering & Metallic Products Industries (Including Rerolling Mills)	902137
22)	Assembling Industry	902138
23)	Fertilizer Company	902141
24)	Sugar Mills	902142
25)	Beverage and Soft Drinks manufacturing Companies	902143
26)	Distilleries, Mineral & Drinking Water purifying industries	902144
27)	Leather Processing and Tanning (raw hide)	902145
28)	Packaging Industries including paper boards	902146
29)	Manufacturing of Electrical equipments & spares (cables, bulbs, switches etc)	902147
30)	Manufacturing of Transport Equipments	902148
31)	Manufacturing of agro-equipments	902149
32)	Electronic Goods Manufacturing/Assembling Industries (TV, Computer etc)	902150
33)	Ice Factory	902151
34)	Ship Building Industries	902152
35)	Ship Breaking Industries	902153
36)	Battery Manufacturing Industries	902154
37)	Garments Accessories manufacturing industries (Zipper, Button etc)	902155
38)	Polymer and polythene industries	902156
39)	Cottage Industries	902210
40)	Saw Mills	902215
41)	Handloom Factories	902220
42)	Handicrafts Factories	902230
43)	EPZ Industries (Type A)	902231
44)	EPZ Industries (Type B)	902232
45)	EPZ Industries (Type C)	902233
46)	Other Industries not above mentioned	902240

11)	Gas/Electricity/Power Generating Companies		
	1)	Production, supply and distribution of power in the private sector	902310
	2)	LP Gas Companies	902311
	3)	Oxygen Gas Companies	902312
	4)	Other Gas Companies	902313
	5)	Others	902319
)	Service	Industries	
	1)	Entertainment (Amusement Park, Theme park, eco park, zoo etc.) Services	902410
	2)	Hospitals, Clinics, Diagnostic Centers and Other Health Services	902420
	3)	IT-based activities (system analysis, design, developing system solutions, Grameen Solution, information service, call centre service, offshore development centre, business process outsourcing, Cyber Cafes, Internet Service etc.)	902430
	4)	Courier Services & Express Mail Services	902440
	5)	Restaurants /Fast Food	902450
	6)	Photo Studios and Color labs	902451
	7)	Travel Agencies/Overseas Employment / Aviation Service/Immigration consultants/Ticket sales agent	902452
	8)	Cold-Storages	902453
	9)	Beauty Parlours/ Saloons/ Health Club/Fitness centre	902454
	10)	Testing Laboratory	902456
	11)	Tourism Industry (List available at page no-115)	902457
	12)	Filling Stations (Petrol pump, CNG Station)	902458
	13)	Private Inland Container Depot and Container Freight Station	902459
	14)	Tank Terminal	902460
	15)	Chain Super Market/Shopping Mall	902461
	16)	Stone Crashers	902462
	17)	Jwelery Services	902463
	18) 19)	Modernised Cleaning Service for High-rise Apartments, Commercial Building Auto mobile service including CNG conversion centre.	902464 902465
	20)	Advertising Industry and modeling (print modeling, TV commercials, ramp modeling, catwalk, fashion-show)	902466

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21)	Outsourcing and Security Service (Private Security forces/manpower supply)	902467
22)	Residential Hotels (Including 3star & Above)	902468
23)	Caterers /Decorators/Sound & Lighting rental business	902469
24)	Community Centers/ Convention centers/Auditorium	902470
25)	Shipping Agency	902471
26)	Freight Forwarders	902472
27)	Indenting firms	902473
28)	Legal advisory Firms	902474
29)	Laundry Services	902475
30)	Private Survey Institutions	902476
31)	Sports and Event management organisation	902477
32)	Tailoring Shop and Tailors	902478
33)	Satellite Cable Operator	902479
34)	Satellite Channel Distributor/Cinema Distributors	902480
35)	Audit and Accounting Firm/CA Firm/ Credit Rating Company	902481
36)	Cinema Studio	902482
37)	Cinema Hall/Cineplex	902483
38)	Graphic Designers	902484
39)	Light Engineering and Metal-workshop	902485
40)	Consultancy & Supervisory Farms	902486
41)	Interior Design & Decorators and other engineering consultancy farms	902487
42)	Contractor and Supplier farms	902488
43)	Road Transport Companies (including Rent -a - car)	904001
44)	Water Transport	904002
45)	Air Transport	904003
46)	Construction Companies	905000
47)	Publishing Industries (including printing press)	905100
48)	Telecommunication (Mobile/cellular operators and private land phone) Grameen Phone, Banglalink etc)	905200
49)	Housing Companies or Societies/Land Developers	905500
50)	Warehouse	906000
51)	Buying House	906001
52)	Other Services	902490

IV)	Agro-based and agro-processing industry	
	01) Coconut oil production industries	902114
	02) Rice mills including puffed rice, chirra , fine rice, flavoured rice etc.	902118
	03) Milk Processing Industries (Pasteurisation, milk powder, ice-cream, condensed milk, sweet, cheese, butter, ghee, chocolate, curd etc)	902123
	04) Food Processing Industry (PRAN, AFTAB, BD-Food etc) 05) Salt Processing Industries	902124 902128
	06)Tea processing industries	902120
	07) Refining and hydrogenation of edible oil, vanaspati, Ghee etc	902135
	08) Processing of Prawn/Shrimp and other fishes and freezing	902139
	09) Processing of bread and biscuits, vermicelli, laccha, chanachur, noodles etc.	902501
	 Processed fruit products (jam, jelly, juice, pickles, asrbat, syrup, sauce etc.) 	902502
	 Fruits processing including vegetables. (Tomato, guava, jackfruit, lichie, pineapple, coconut etc.) 	902503
	12) Manufacturing of flour, sujee (Flour Mills)	902504
	13) Processing of mushroom and spirulina	902505
	14) Starch, glucose and other dextrose product	902506
	15) Processing of potato products (chips, potato, flex, starch etc.)	902507
	16) processing of powder spice	902508
	17) Manufacturing of Unani and Ayurvedic Medicines/Herbal Cosmetics	902509
	18) Fish feed and fish meal processing for poultry and livestock	902510
	19) Seed processing and preservation	902511
	20) Pulse Mills	902512
	21) Processing of rubber tape, shellac	902513
	22) Production of bamboo and cane furniture (excluding cottage industry)	902514
	23) Meat processing	902515
	24) Production of bio slurry, mixed manure and urea.	902516
	25) Production of bio-pesticides, neem pesticides etc.	902517
	26) Sweetening products.	902518
	27) Soya food production & processing.	902519
	28) Mustard oil producing industry (if local variety is used).	902520
	29) Other Agro based Industries.	902599

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2)

C.		nerce & Trade (excluding individual businessmen)	
	I)	Importers	903010
	II)	Exporters	903020
)	Importers and Exporters	903030
	IV)	Whole Sale Traders	903040
	V)	Retail Traders	903050
	VI)	Other Business Institutions	903090
D.	Non (Govt. Publicity & News Media	
	I)	Newspaper	907601
	11)	Television	907602
	111)	Radio	907603
	IV)	Online News Media	907604
E.	Priva	te Educational Institutions	
	I)	Private Schools, Colleges, University Colleges & Madrashas	908100
	II)	Medical & Dental Colleges	908200
	111)	Private Universities	908300
	IV)	Private Institute of IT	908400
	V)	Other Educational /Training institutes /Technical Vocational Institute	908900
F.	Sund	[•] Private Sector (Official Account n.i.e) [•] y Deposit, CIB Inquiry Charge, Clearing Adjustment Account, rative Account, Suspense account etc.)	915051
FIN	ANCI	AL CORPORATIONS	
Α.	Non	Bank Depository Corporations -Private	
	I)	Leasing Companies (Appendix-Pages : 142)	909200
	II)	Central Co-operative Bank	909300
	111)	Land Mortgage Co-operative Bank	909400
	IV)	Other Co-operative Banks/Societies	909500
	V)	Grameen Bank	909600
	VI)	Bangladesh Samabaya Bank Ltd	909650
	VII)	Other Depository Corporations	909699

	В.	Othe	er Financial Intermediaries Private (Except DMBs).	
		I)	Investment Companies	909210
		II)	Leasing Companies (Non-depository)	909220
		III)	Mutual Funds	909230
		IV)	Merchant Banks	909240
		V)	NGO/Micro Credit Organizations (BRAC, ASA, PROSHIKA etc.)	909250
		VI)	Other Financial Intermediaries	909299
	C.	Insu	rance Companies and Pension Funds-Private	
		I)	Insurance Companies (Appendix Pages : 140)	909100
		11)	Pension Funds /Provident Funds of private organisations	909199
	D.	Fina	incial Auxiliaries	
		I)	Money Changers	909700
		1)	Stock Exchanges (DSE, CSE, etc)	909700
			Brokerage Houses/ (Share & Security Trading Houses)	909720
		IV)	Issue manager, Under-writer, Asset Management Company etc.	909730
		V)	Other Financial Auxiliaries	909799
3)	Far	ms/N	Offices/ Embassies/Enterprises/Companies/Liaison Offices/ GOs g Multinational Companies incorporated in Bangladesh)	912051
4)	Nor	n-prof	it institutions serving households (NPISH)	
		i)	Mosques	914051
		ii)	Temples, Churches & the like	914052
		iii)	Sports Clubs	914053
		iv)	Other Clubs	914054
		V)	Theatre & Cultural Organisations	914055
		vi)	Political Parties	914056
		vii)	Trade Unions	914057
		viii)	District/Upazila Associations	914058
		ix)	Professional Associations (Doctors, Engineers, Statisticians, Economists etc.)	914059
		x)	Chambers of Industries	914060
		xi)	Other Associations, n.e.s.	914061
		xii)	Trust fund & Other Non-profit Organisations	914062
		xiii)	Other Non-profit Organisations	914063

5) Households (individual customers)

i)	Farmer/Fishermen	901009
ii)	Businessmen/Industrialist	903009
iii)	Wage Earners (Bangladeshi nationals working abroad)	910500
iv)	Wage & Salary Earners (working in the country)	911000
V)	Professionals and Self-employed Persons (Such as Doctors, Lawyers, Contractors, Taxi Drivers, Architects, Consultants, etc)	910000
vi)	Foreign Individuals	912050
vii)	Housewife	915001
viii)	Student	915002
ix)	Minor/Autistics/Disabled and other dependent persons	915003
x)	Retired Persons	915004
xi)	Old/Widowed/Distressed person	915005
xii)	Land Lord	915006
xiv)	Other Local Individuals not above mentioned	915059

CHAPTER 3: DEPOSIT TYPE CODE

(Code List-2)

Тур	bes of Deposits	<u>Code</u>
1.	Current and Cash Credit Account (Credit Balance) Deposit	
	a) Without Interest	100
	b) With Interest	105
2.	Deposits Withdrawable on Sight	120
3.	Savings Deposits	130
4.	Convertible Taka Account of Foreigners	140
5.	Foreign Currency Account	150
6.	Wage Earners' Deposits	151
7.	Resident Foreign Currency Deposits	152
8.	Special Notice Deposits (Former STD)	160
9.	Fixed Deposits	
	a) Less than 6 Months	171
	b) For 6 Months to less than 1 Year	172
	c) For 1 year to less than 2 Years	173
	d) For 2 years to less than 3 Years	174
	 e) For 3 years and above (Including Monthly Benefit Scheme, Double/Triple Benefit Scheme) 	175
10.	Recurring Deposits	
	a) Deposits Pension Scheme (Introduced From 1983)	180
	b) Other Deposit Pension Scheme	181
11.	Margin Deposits (Foreign Currency/Taka)	183
12.	Special Purpose Deposits	185
13.	Negotiable Certificates of Deposits and Promissory Notes	190
14.	Restricted (Blocked) Deposits	200

NOTES ON TYPES OF DEPOSITS

1. Current and Cash Credit Deposits (100, 105)

(a) These are of nature of demand deposits and comprise current accounts. No interest is allowed on these deposits. These accounts have chequing facilities and balances are transferable. Balance of these accounts shall be reported under Code No. 100.

b) Credit balance of Cash Credit deposits should also be reported in this code as they are current account in nature and does not provide interest on balance. Credit Balance of all loan account shall also be reported under this code.

c) Non-convertible Taka account and Non-resident Taka account should be reported against 100 as these are of current account in nature.

d) Some Banks are paying interest on this type of deposits. Balance of this account shall be reported under Code No. 105.

2. Deposits Withdrawable on Sight (120)

This item includes all deposits which cannot be transferred through cheques, but are withdrawable on demand, such as overdue fixed deposit accounts, unclaimed balances, payment orders, telephonic transfers, mail transfers, electronic money transfers, demand drafts, travelers' cheques, unclaimed dividends, draft payable accounts, earnest money of Tender/Quotations. Bills Payable items (i.e., payment order, demand drafts etc.) should be reported according to their sector (beneficiary of the instruments).

3. Savings Deposits (130)

Savings deposits are self-explanatory. These accounts generally carry minimum balance that must be maintained to earn interest.

4. Convertible Taka Accounts of Foreigners (140)

Convertible taka accounts of foreigners are deposits of foreign individuals, embassies, foreign governments and international agencies, all of which have non-resident status under current exchange control regulations. The detailed description of this account is given at Annexure (Page No. 146).

Non-resident Investors Taka Account (NITA) should be reported under the code-140 because this account is of fully convertible in nature.

5. Foreign Currency Accounts (150)

These deposits comprise the Foreign Currency Accounts of

- a) Foreigners, residing abroad or in Bangladesh.
- b) Foreign missions and their expatriate employees.
- c) Foreign offices/companies/farms/enterprises. (including Type-A companies of EPZ).

Descriptions of these accounts have been given at Annexure (Page Nos. 147).

6. Wage Earners' Deposits (151)

The depositors of these accounts are the Bangladeshi nationals, who have been working abroad. These accounts are fed by the remittances (either in local currency or foreign currency) from these persons. Deposits or remittances from these persons should be reported in this Code. Deposits in NFCD accounts along with interest thereon should also be reported in this code.

7. Resident Foreign Currency Deposits (152)

(a) Persons ordinarily resident in Bangladesh may open this account with foreign exchanges brought in at the time of their return from travel abroad. Deposits or remittances from the persons, working in Bangladesh missions abroad,

(b) Deposits of Retention Quota for Exporters should be reported in this code.

(c) Any Resident Bangladeshi person who earns foreign currency as salary or any other way may maintain foreign currency account with ADs (with prior permission of BB) and those foreign currency accounts should also be reported under the Code-152.

(d) Resident Corporate Entity i.e, Bangladeshi companies/firms/offices/ enterprises with prior permission of Bangladesh Bank may maintain foreign currency account with ADs and those foreign currency accounts should be reported under the Code-152.

For detailed description about RFCD please see page nos. 144.

8. Special Notice Deposit (Former Short Term Deposit) (160)

Balances of Special Notice deposits (i.e., deposits held for 7 days to 89 days), which are withdrawable on special notice, should be reported in this code.

These types of accounts such as Short Term Deposit/SND/Call Accounts etc. should only be termed as Special Notice Deposit (SND).

SND is an interest bearing deposit where advance notice required for withdrawal.

9. Fixed Deposits (171-175)

Fixed deposits are self-explanatory. Fixed deposits should be included in Code Nos. 171-175 according to maturity time. Fixed Deposits are reported to the following codes:

a)	Less than 6 Months	171
b)	For 6 Months to less than 1 Year	172
c)	For 1 year to less than 2 Years	173
d)	For 2 years to less than 3 Years	174
e)	For 3 years and above (Including Monthly/Quarterly Benefit Scheme,	175
	Double/Triple Benefit Scheme, Ogrim Munafa etc)	

10 Recurring Deposits (180-181)

a) **Deposit Pension Scheme (DPS):**-The Deposits under deposits pension scheme as introduced in 1983 (Fixed Interest rate 15%) should be included here. These deposits should be reported in private sector only. The balance of this type of deposits should be reported under Code No. 180.

b) Other than DPS, instruments of same nature which have been introduced by different banks such as APS, SDPS, SPS, DPS PSS, Education Savings Scheme, Marriage Savings Scheme and Hajj Deposit Scheme etc. should be reported in Code no. 181 against Private Sector.

c)Any other recurring deposit scheme where installment size, installment time are not fixed such as Family Maintenance Deposit Scheme, Monthly Profit Based Small Deposit, Target Based Small Deposit etc may be reported in code no.-181 against private sector only.

11. Margin Deposits-Foreign Currency/Taka (183)

Equivalent Taka balance of the foreign currency margin deposits & Tk. balance of margin deposits (Margins on Letters of Credit and Margins on Guarantees) should be reported in this code.

12. Special Purpose Deposits (185)

Balance of the following items should be reported in this code.

- a) Employees' Provident Fund/Pension Funds.
- b) Contribution towards insurance funds.
- c) Hajj Deposits.
- d) Employees' Security/Guarantee deposits.
- e) Security deposits.
- f) Gift Certificate deposits.
- g) Cash Waqf Deposits.
- h) Sundry Deposits.
- i) Excise Duty, VAT , Source Tax, Development Tax, Surcharge etc.

13. Negotiable Certificates Deposits and Promissory Notes (190)

Balances of Negotiable/Bearer Certificates of Deposits (NCD/BCD) should be reported in this code. The balances of the account Promissory Notes/Savings Bonds issued by the reporting bank should be reported in this code.

14. Restricted (Blocked) Deposits (200)

Balance of Restricted (Blocked) deposits should be reported in this code against private sector only. These deposits comprise obligations which carry special terms set by the appropriate authority that may override normal liquidity characteristics (e.g. blocked or earmarked accounts). The nature of these deposits is that the account holders do not have access to the funds during blocked period.

CHAPTER 4: ECONOMIC PURPOSE CODE

			(Code List-3)
ECC	NOM	C PURPOSES	Code
Α. Α	aricu	ture, Fishing and Forestry	
1.	0	culture	
	a)	Cultivation	
	uj	i) Food Crops (Paddy, Wheat, Potato, Maize etc)	1101
		ii) Cash Crops (Jute, Cotton, Tobacco, Sugarcane etc)	1102
		iii) Lentils (Mug, Masur, Kalai etc)	1103
		iv) Oil Seeds (Sayabeen, Mastered oil, Peanut etc)	1104
		v) Spices(Onion, Garlic, Zinger etc)	1105
		vi) Vegetables	1107
		vii) Flowers	1117
		viii) Others	1119
	b)	Plantation	
		i) Tea	1121
		ii) Rubber	1122
		iii) Sericulture	1123
		iv) Horticulture (Mango, Banana, Pine apple, Coconut etc.)	1124
		v) Apiculture	1125
		vi) Tissue Culture	1126
		vii) Others	1129
	c)	Agricultural Machineries and Implements	
		i) Shallow/Deep Tube Well (Including Solar Energy Pump)	1131
		ii) Low Lift Pumps/Other Pumps	1132
		iii) Tractors/Power Tillers	1133
		iv) Ploughing Cattle	1134
		v) Bio-gas Plant	1135
		vi) Others (Manual Tube well/ Bullock Carts etc.)	1139
	d)	Fertilizers and Pesticides Loans for Farmers	1140
	e)	Livestock	
		i) Dairy Farming	1151
		ii) Poultry Farming	1152
		iii) Purchase of Cattle/Goat	1153
		iv) Others	1159
	f)	Vegetables/Fruits Preservation in cold storage	1160
	g)	Agriculture Loan Disbursed through NGOs	1170

2.	Fishing	
	a) Inland Fishing (Other than Shrimp Culture) including pond fishing	1210
	b) Marine Fishing	1220
	c) Shrimp/Prawn Culture (including hatchery)	1240
	d) Other Fishing	1290
	e) Purchase of Fishing Equipments (Trawler, Boat, Net etc)	1299
3.	Forestry and Logging	1300
B. Ir	ndustry	
1.	Term Loan (Other than Working Capital Financing)	
	(A) Large Industries	2199
	(B) Small and Medium Industries	2249
	(C) Cottage Industries/Micro Industries	2220
	(D) Service Industries	2390
2.	Working Capital Financing (Excluding Export & Import Financing)	
	(A) Large Industries	3199
	(B) Small and Medium Industries	3210
	(C) Cottage Industries/Micro Industries	3220
	(D) Service Industries	3310
C. C	construction	
1.	Housing (Commercial) :-For Developer/Contractor	4100
2.	Housing (Residential) in urban area for individual person	4210
3.	Housing (Residential) in rural area for individual person	4220
4.	Infrastructure Development (Road, Culvert, Bridge, Tower etc)	4230
5.	House Renovation or Repairing or Extension	4240
6.	Commercial Building	4300
7.	(Market, Factory, Hotel, Cold storage, Ware-house etc) Establishment of Solar panel	4400
8.	Effluent Treatment Plant	4500
9.	Loan against Work Order/Pay Order/Earnest Money	4600
10.	Water-works	5300
11.	Sanitary Services	5310
D. T	ransport	
1.	Road Transport (excluding personal vehicle & lease finance)	6100
2.	Water Transport (excluding Fishing Boats)	6200

۷.	Water Transport (excluding Fishing Doats)	0200
3.	Air Transport	6300

E. Trade & Commerce

1.	Wholesale and Retail Trade (CC, OD etc)			
	a)	Wholesale Trading	8111	
	b)	Retail Trading	8112	
	c)	Other Commercial lending	8120	
2.	Procu	irement by Government		
	a)	Jute	8210	
	b)	Paddy	8220	
	c)	Wheat	8230	
	d)	Others	8290	
3.	Expo	rt Financing (PC, ECC etc)		
	a)	Jute and Jute Products		
		i) Raw Jute	8311	
		ii) Jute Goods	8312	
	b)	Tea	8320	
	c)	Hides and Skins	8330	
	d)	Ready-made Garments	8340	
	e)	Non-traditional Items		
		i) Fish, Shrimps, Prawns etc.	8391	
		ii) Handicrafts	8392	
		Frozen foods (Fruits, Vegetables etc)	8393	
		iv) Medicines	8394	
		v) Other non-traditional items	8399	
	f)	Others (Other than non-traditional items)	8380	
4.	Impo	rt Financing (LIM, LTR, TR etc)		
	a)	Food Items	8401	
	b)	Petroleum and Petroleum Products	8402	
	c)	Machineries and Implements	8403	
	d)	Textile and Textile Products	8404	
	e)	Electric and Electronic goods & Spares	8405	
	f)	Sanitary Goods Including Tiles, Stones & Clinkers	8406	
	g)	Cosmetics & Crockeries	8407	
	h)	Medicine and Surgical Instruments	8408	
	i)	New Automobiles and Spares	8410	
	j)	Reconditioned Automobiles	8411	
	k)	Chemicals (except Medicine)	8412	
	I)	Iron and Steel Products	8413	
	m)	Paper and Printed Papers	8414	
	n)	Computer and Accessories	8415	
	0)	Wood & Logging	8416	
	p)	Plastic & Plastic Products including toys	8417	

	q)	Leather Goods	8418
	r)	Poultry feeds	8419
	s)	Cattle feeds	8420
	t)	Coal	8421
	u)	Ship	8422
	V)	Others	8499
5.	Loan	to Financial Corporations	
	a)	Credit to NBFI	8501
	b)	Credit to Insurance companies	8502
	c)	Credit to NGO	8503
	d)	Credit to Merchant Banks/Brokerage Houses	8504
	e)	Credit to Co-operative Banks/Societies	9400
6.	Finan	cing to Educational Institutions	8505
7.	Share	Trading	8506
8.	Lease	Financing/Leasing	8507

F. Consumer Finance

1.	Doctors Loan/ Professional Loans	9500
2.	Flat Purchase	9810
3.	Transport Ioan (Motor car/Motor cycle etc)	9815
4.	Consumer Goods (TV, Freeze, Air Coolar, Computer, Furniture etc)	9820
5.	Credit Cards	9830
6.	Educational Expenses	9840
7.	Treatment Expenses	9850
8.	Marriage Expenses	9860
9.	Land Purchase	9870
10.	Loan against Salary	9871
11.	Loan against PF	9872
12.	Personal Loan against DPS, MSS	9873
13.	Personal Loan against FDR, MBS, DBS etc	9874
14.	Travelling/ Holiday Loan	9875
15.	Other personal Loans	9899

G. Miscellaneous

1.	Private Welfare and Development Activities	9200
2.	Advances for Special Credit Program	9300
	(Special Economic Zone, EPZ, Youth development etc.)	
3.	Swanirvar	9600
4.	Poverty Alleviation Program	9700
5.	Other loans not mentioned above	9909

CHAPTER 5: SECURITY CODE

		(Code List-4)
Name	e of the Securities	<u>Code</u>
1.	Gold & Gold Ornaments	10
2.	Shares & Securities	20
3.	Export Documents	30
4.	Commodities a) Export Commodities b) Import Commodities	34
	 1) Raw Materials 2) Capital Machineries (Industrial Machineries) 3) Other Machineries 4) Other Goods c) Other Commodities Pledged /Hypothecated. (Other than Export and Import Commodities) 	35 36 37 38 39
5.	Machinery/Fixed Assets (Excluding Land ,Building/Flat)	40
6.	Vehicles	45
7.	Real estate (Land, Building, Flat etc.)	50
8.	Financial obligations only (Insurance Policies, Savings Certificates, Cheque, FDR, TDR, DPS, MBS, DBS, TBS etc.)	60
9.	Hypothecation of Crops	71
10.	Guarantee of Individuals (Personal Guarantee)	72
11.	Guarantee of Institutions (Corporate Guarantee)	73
12.	Assignment of Bills Receivable	74
13.	Parri Passu Charge	75
14.	Others	79
15.	Without any security	80

CHAPTER 6: LOAN CLASSIFICATION CODE

(Code List-5)

<u>Stat</u>	of Loans & Advances	<u>Code</u>
1.	Inclassified Loans	
	a) Standard	0
	b) Special Mentioned Account (SMA)	1
2.	Classified Loans	
	a) Substandard (SS)	2
	b) Doubtful (DF)	3
	c) Bad/Loss (BL)	4

CHAPTER 7: BILLS CODE (For bills purchased & discounted)

(Code List -6)

<u>Code</u>

NATURE OF THE BILLS

A. Foreign Bills

1. Import Bills (Bill of Exchange)

a)	Foods (including Animal & Vegetable oils and fats)	11
b)	Chemicals (including raw materials)	12
c)	Machinery & Transport equipments (including spares)	13
d)	Crude Materials (including fuel & lubricants)	14
e)	e) Other manufactured goods	

2. Export Bills

a)	Raw Jute	31
b)	Jute Goods	32
c)	Теа	33
d)	Hides & Skins	34
e)	Ready-made Garments	35
f)	Fish	36
g)	Handicraft	37
h)	Others	39

3. Other Foreign Bills (Except Export and Import Bills)

a)	Demand Drafts, Cheques etc (Foreign Currency)	41
b)	Others	49

B. Inland Bills

a)	Agriculture	61
b)	Trade & Commerce	62
c)	Others	69

CHAPTER 8: SME CODE

(Code List-7)

Enterprises	Value of Fixed Asset	Number of	SME Code
	(excluding Land & Building)	Employees	
Small Enterprises			
Service Concern	Tk. 5.00 lac to Tk. 1.00 crore	10 to 25	11
Trading Concern	Tk. 5.00 lac to Tk. 1.00 crore	10 to 25	12
Manufacturing Concern	Tk. 50.00 lac to Tk. 10.00 crore	25 to 99	13
Medium Enterprises			
Service Concern	Tk. 1.00 crore to Tk. 15.00 crore	26 to 100	21
Trading Concern	Tk. 1.00 crore to Tk. 15.00 crore	26 to 100	22
Manufacturing Concern	Tk. 10.00 crore to Tk. 30.00 crore	100 to 250	23
Micro Enterprises			
Service Concern	Up to Tk. 5.00 lac	Up to 9	31
Trading Concern	Up to Tk. 5.00 lac	Up to 9	32
Manufacturing Concern	Tk. 5.00 lac to Tk. 50.00 lac	10 to 24	33
Cottage Industries	Up to Tk. 5.00 lac	Up to 10	43
Non-SME			
Large Industries			91
Others (Personal Loan, Ag	priculture Loan, Transport Loan etc.)		99

[N.B.: It should be changeable according to the circular of the SME & Special Programs Department, Bangladesh Bank.]

Definition of Different Industries

Under Chapter-3 of "Industrial Policy, 2010" published by the Ministry of Industries.

Definition of various industries is as follows:

Large Industry

In manufacturing, large industry will be deemed to comprise enterprises with either the value (replacement cost) of fixed assets excluding land and building in excess of Tk. 300 million or with more than 250 workers.

For services, 'large industry' will correspond to enterprises with either the value (replacement cost) of fixed assets excluding land and building in excess of Tk. 150 million or with more than 100 workers.

Medium Industry

In manufacturing, medium industry will be deemed to comprise enterprises with either the value (replacement cost) of fixed assets excluding land and building between Tk. 100 million and Tk. 300 million, or with between 100 and 250 workers.

For services, 'medium industry' will correspond to enterprises with either the value (replacement cost) of fixed assets excluding land and building between Tk. 10 million and Tk. 150 million, or with between 26 and 100 workers.

If on one criterion, a firm fall into the 'medium' category, while it falls into 'large' category based on the other criterion, the firm will be deemed as in the 'large' category.

Small Industry

In manufacturing, small industry will be deemed to comprise enterprises with either the value (replacement cost) of fixed assets excluding land and building between Tk. 5 million and Tk. 100 million, or with between 25 and 99 workers.

For services, 'small industry' will correspond to enterprises with either the value (replacement cost) of fixed assets excluding land and building between Tk. half a million and Tk. 10 million, or with between 10 and 25 workers.

If on one criterion, a firm fall into the 'small' category, while it falls into 'medium' category based on the other criterion, the firm will be deemed as in the 'medium' category.

Micro Industry

In manufacturing, micro industry will be deemed to comprise enterprises with either the value (replacement cost) of fixed assets excluding land and building between Tk. half a million and Tk. 5 million, or manpower between 10 and 24.

If on one criterion, a firm fall into the 'micro' category, while it falls into 'small' category based on the other criterion, the firm will be deemed as in the 'small' category.

Cottage Industry

Cottage industry is a family oriented/dominated industry with either the value (replacement cost) of fixed assets excluding land and building less than half a million taka or manpower not more than 10 including household members.

If on one criterion, a firm fall into the 'cottage' category, while it falls into 'micro' category based on the other criterion, the firm will be deemed as in the 'micro' category of manufacturing.

Tourism Industry:

- 1. Private Tourism Centre.
- 2. Hotel/motel/cottage/hunting lodge/holiday home etc.
- 3. All kind of rides.
- 4. Theme park.
- 5. Tourist resort.
- 6. Amusement park.
- 7. Family Fun and games.
- 8. Picnic spot.
- 9. Shooting spot.
- 10. Health club.
- 11. Children park.
- 12. Permanent stage for indigenous dance, cultural show etc.
- 13. Birds/butterfly park.etc.

CHAPTER 9: PRODUCT CODE

(Code List-8)

ategory of Loans	Pi	roduct Details	Product Code
A. Continuous Loan			
	a)	Bai Muazzel	20701
	b)	Murabaha	20702
	c)	Working Capital financing	20709
	d)	Overdraft	20710
	e)	Packing Credit (PC)	20712
	f)	Payment Against Document (PAD)	20713
	g)	Cash Credit Hypothecation	20714
	h)	Loan Against Trust Receipt (LTR)	20716
	i)	Cash Credit Pledge	20718
	j)	Import Loan	20719
	k)	Credit Card	24300
	I)	Other Continuous Loans (Including SME)	20700
B. Demand Loan			
	a)	Murabaha	20801
	b)	Working Capital (LIM, PAD, FBP, IBP etc)	20808
	c)	Other Demand Loans	20800
C. Fixed Term Loan			
	a)	Industrial Term Loan	21005
	b)	Other Commercial Lending	21012
	c)	Hire Purchase	21017
	d)	Housing Loan	21200
	e)	Lease Finance	21400
	f)	Project Loans	21500
	g)	Staff Loan	21700
	h)	Loan for Professional	21800
	i)	Loan to NBFIs	22700
	j)	Consumer Credit	24200
	k)	Other Term Loans (Including SME)	21000
D. Short-Term Agricu	Itur	e & Microcredit	
-	a)	Agricultural Credit	22200

a)	Agricultural Credit	22200
b)	Microfinance	22300
c)	Other special programme	22405

CHAPTER 10: SBS-2 & SBS-3 REPORTING FORM

(To be filled in English by the bank officials)

AvgvbZKvixi Z_ (Depositor's Information) t-**A**.

(For SBS-2 Reporting)

wnmve by¤vi (Account No.) t <u>e^w³i †¶‡Î (For individual)t</u>

- 1 AvgvbZKvixi bvg (Depositor's Name) t (In Block Letter)
- 2 | †Ckv (Profession) t
- 3 wnmvtei aib (Type of Account) t

Sector code t See page 79-100 of Guidelines for SBS-1,2&3Returns Type of Deposit code t e page 101 of Guidelines for SBS-1.2&3Ret

clizô4bi †¶‡Î (For Institution/Office/Company/Farm etc.)t

- 1 CůZôv‡bi byg (Name of the Institution) t (In Block Letter)
- 2 cliZôvtbi aib (Type of Institution) t
- 3 unmutei aib (Type of Account) t

Sector code t (See page 79-100 of Guidelines for SBS-1,2&3Returns)			
Type of Deposit code t (See page 101 of Guidelines for SBS-1,2&3Returns)			

B. FY MobKvixi Z_ (Borrower's Information) t-

(For SBS-3 Reporting)

wnmve by¤@i (Account No.) t e^{w3}i †¶‡Î (For Individual)t

- 1| FYMBYKvixi bvg (Borrower's Name) t (In Block Letter)
- 2 tckv (Profession) t
- 3 FYMöntbi Dtik (Purpose of loans/advances) t
- 4 | RvgvbZ (Security) t
- 5| F‡Yi aib (Category of Loan) t
- 6 GmGgB wK bv (SME) t n v/ubv

cizô¢bi †¶‡Î (For Institution/Office/Company/Farm etc.)t

- 1| FYMBYKvix cüZôv‡bi bvg (Name of the Borrowing Institution) t (In Block
- 2 | c**ü**Zôv‡k
- 3 | FY M的 (Purpose of loans/advances) t
- 4 | RvgvbZ (Security) t
- 5 | F[‡]Yi aib (Category of Loan) t
- 6 GmGgB wK bv (SME) t n v/bv

Sector code t (See page 79-100 of Guidelines for SBS-1,2&3Returns)				
Economic Purpose code t (See page 106-109 of Guidelines for SBS-1,2&3Returns)				
Security code t (See page 110 of Guidelines for SBS-1,2&3Returns)				
Product code t (See page 116 of Guidelines for SBS-1,2&3Returns)				
SME code t (See page 113 of Guidelines for SBS-1,2&3Returns)				

k Letter)	
tbi aib (Type of Institution) t	Sector code t (See page 79-100 of Guidelines for SBS-1,2&3Returns)
ntbi Dti k	Economic Purpose code t
se of loans/advances) t	(See page 106-109 of Guidelines for SBS-1,2&3Returns)

Economic Purpose code t (See page 106-109 of Guidelines for SBS-1,2&3Returns)			
Security code t (See page 110 of Guidelines for SBS-1,2&3Returns)			
Product code t (See page 116 of Guidelines for SBS-1,2&3Returns)			
SME code t (See page 113 of Guidelines for SBS-1,2&3Returns)			

Prepared by Verified by Approved by

Note: Form <code>wU</code> Account opening form Gi <code>mt½ msi ¶bxq|</code>

FYMhbKvixi Z_"mgn Loan Sanction nl qvi ci cůZtul FYMbxZv e"w³/cůZôvtbi Loan File Gi mt½ msi¶bxq]

Joint Account Gi †¶‡Î 1st applicant †K wetePbv Ki‡Z n‡e| •

GKwaK Security Øviv Loan MMY Ki‡j Reporting Gi mqq Gt`i q‡a effective Security netePbv K‡i Zvi Security code emvtZ n‡e

SBS-2/SBS-3 Reporting Gi mgq GB ditgi code _tj v Aek B mbbenkZ KitZ nte •

(35090) FORM SBS-2

CLASSIFICATION OF DEPOSITS

(Excluding Inter-bank Deposits)

Quarter ending on
Stamp of Branch Serial Number
(As provided by the Bangladesh Bank)

Name of Bank:	Bran	Branch:			
District:	Thana/Upazila:		P.O		

Location: Municipality/Union Parishad (Tick the appropriate one)

Serial Nos.	Number of Account	Sector Codes	Rates of Interest	Types of Deposit Codes	Balances of Deposit (Actual ledger balance)
1	2	3	4	5	6

999999

WITHDRAWALS FROM DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

During the Quarter ending on-----

Stamp of Branch Serial Number-----

(As provided by the Bangladesh Bank)

			Amount
Serial	Type of Deposits	Debit Code	(Actual ledger balance)
1		100	balance
	Current Deposits and Cash Credit Accounts	100	
2	Deposits Withdrawable on Sight	120	
3	Savings Deposits	130	
4	Convertible Taka Accounts of Foreigners	140	
5	Foreign Currency Accounts	150	
6	Wage Earners' Deposits	151	
7	Resident Foreign Currency Deposits	152	
8	Special Notice Deposits	160	
9	Fixed Deposits (including DBS,TBS,MBS etc)	170	
10	Recurring Deposits (DPS, SDPS, APS etc)	180	
11	Margin Deposits (Foreign Currency/Taka)	183	
12	Special Purpose Deposits	185	
13	Negotiable Certificates of Deposits and Promissory Notes	190	
999	·		

Certified to be correct

Signature-----

Name-----

Manager/Officer-in-charge

Telephone No:.----

Official Stamp

Date-----

(35091) FORM SBS-3

CLASSIFICATION OF ADVANCES

(Excluding Inter-bank Advances)

Quarter ending on
Stamp of Branch Serial Number
(As provided by the Bangladesh Bank)

Name of Bank:----- Branch:-----

District:----- Thana/Upazila:----- P.O.-----

Location: Municipality/Union Parishad (Tick the appropriate one)

Serial Nos.	Number of Account	Sector Codes	Rates of Interest	Economic Purpose Codes	Security Codes	Classification Codes	SME Codes	Product Codes	Balances of Outstanding Advances (Actual ledger balance)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

999999

CLASSIFICATION OF BILLS PURCHASED AND DISCOUNTED

Quarter ending on-----

Stamp of Branch Serial Number-----

(As provided by the Bangladesh Bank)

Serial Nos.	Number of Bills	Sector Codes	Bill Codes	Amounts of bills purchased/discounted (Actual ledger balance)		
1	2	3	4	5		
999999						

Certified to be correct

Signature
Name
Manager/Officer-in-charge
Telephone No:
Official Stamp

Date-----

Annexure-A

List of bank branches with their location (Urban/Rural) (As on 30th November)

Name of the Bank:

SL No.	Name of branch	Branch code	Name of Municipality	Name of Division	Name of District	Name of Thana Upazilla	Urban/ Rural
Total							

Signature: Name : Designation: Telephone:

CHAPTER 11: RETURNS SBS-3.1 & SBS-3.2

(Quarterly Statement on Advances Classified by Economic Purposes and Sectors.)

11.1 INTRODUCTION

Statistics Department of Bangladesh Bank has been collecting economic purpose and sector wise data on disbursement, recovery, outstanding balance and overdue (DORO) from all branches of Scheduled Banks operating in Bangladesh on quarterly basis. Rationalized Input Template (RIT) T_ME_Q_ACEP is used to collect these data.

11.2 GENERAL GUIDELINES

- 1. The banks should invariably submit the quarterly statement within 25th day of the following month.
- 2. While filling in different columns of this statement banks should put in appropriate economic purpose and sector codes.
- 3. While submitting the statement the banks must ensure accuracy of the data.
- 4. Total amount of outstanding advances at the end of the quarter should tally with the total of SBS-3 return of the same period.
- 5. Total amount of disbursement and recovery should tally with those sent to the Ministry of Finance and Offsite Supervision Department of Bangladesh Bank.
- 6. Banks should directly contact Statistics Department, Bangladesh Bank, Head Office, Dhaka for any clarification.
- 7. The statement should be submitted in respective Templates through web portal of EDW with following instructions:
 - a. Open the template to be filled in:- T_ME_Q_ACEP.
 - b. Fill in corresponding columns and rows with the necessary data.
 - c. Check the information entered into the template for correctness of the data.
 - d. Save the file in CSV format for uploading Bangladesh Bank Web Portal.
 - e. The next step is to navigate to the Bangladesh Bank Web Portal and Login.

- f. Select the template category (ME) and locate the name of the template to be uploaded.
- g. Browse the files to be uploaded and Upload CSV files.
- h. A confirmation message "successfully uploaded" will be displayed and preserve it for future reference and finally Log out from the Portal.

11.3 DEFINITION AND METHODOLOGY

Disbursement:

Disbursement should be consonant with the loan ledger debit column marked as disbursement at dates which fall within the starting and ending of the period. Disbursement on the first and last day will be included. For continuous loan (cash credit, overdraft loans) the formula for ascertaining the amount of disbursement during the reporting period may be derived as below:

where,

$$D = H_{\rm br} - O_{\rm p} - I$$

D = Disbursement during the reporting period.

 H_{br} = Highest outstanding balance during the quarter.

 O_{n} = Outstanding balance at the end of the preceding period.

I = Interest charged during the period.

Recovery:

The amount recovered for term loan is the total payment made during the reporting period. This is determined by summing all credit entries which are listed as payments by the borrower with dates during the reporting period. For any term loan the formula of recovery during the period is as follows:

 $R = D_r - O_d$

where,

- R = Recovery during the period.
- D_r = Due for Recovery during the period.
- $O_{d}^{'}$ = Overdue at the end of the reporting period.

For continuous loan (cash credit and over draft loans) recovery during the reporting period may be determined by the following formula:

$$R = I + O_{d}(O) - O_{d}(I)$$

where,

I = Interest added during the period (This includes all posting of interest, ordinary and penal).

 $O_{d}(O)$ = Amount over the limit on the first day of the reporting period.

 $O_{d}(I)$ = Amount over the limit on the last day of the reporting period.

If the amount is positive, it will be reported as recovery. If the amount is negative, then it will be reported as zero.

- i.e., If R is +ve, the amount will be recovery.
 - If R is -ve, there will be no recovery.

Outstanding Balance (Excluding bills):

An outstanding loan is the portion of the loan that has not been paid. As payments are applied towards the loan balance, the amount outstanding decreases. The lower the interest rate, the faster the balance declines when payments are made.

The general formula may be given as follows:

$$O_r = O_p + D - R + I$$

where,

- $O_r = Outstanding Advance at the end of the period.$
- O_{p} = Outstanding Advance the preceding period.
- D = Total Disbursement of loan during the reporting period.
- R = Total Recovery of loan during the reporting period.
- I = Interest added there on during period + other Charges.

While reporting the outstanding position the classified loans must be included.

Overdue:

The loan which is repayable within a particular period of time as per repayment schedule will be treated as term loan. If any borrower fails to repay the amount as per schedule that amount will be treated as overdue. In case of continuous loan, if the advances have not been renewed, and the expiration date is passed, the loan becomes overdue on the date of expiration. For any Term Loan the amount of overdue on the last of the period is found as follows:-

$$O_{d} = O_{r} - D + R - I$$

Where

 O_{d} = Overdue at the end of reporting period.

O_r = Balance outstanding on the last day of the period.

D = Disbursement during the period.

R = Recovery during the period.

I = Interest accrued that is not due.

Return:- SBS- 3.1

		(Exclue	ding Bills P	urchase	d & Di	scoun	ted)				(T	aka in Unit)
				Recovery		Outs	tanding A	dvances (Excludir	ng bills)	·	
SI.No.	Economic Purposes	Sanctioned Limit	Disbursement within the	within the		Class		ssified		ssified		Overdue
			quarter	quarter	S.S	D.F	B/L.	Total	SM A	SD	Total Advances	
1	Agriculture											
	a) Cultivation											
	b) Plantation											
	c) Livestock											
	d) Fishing											
	e) Others											
2	Industry											
	a) Term Loan											
	b) Working Capital											
3	Trade & Commerce											
	a) Retail trading											
	b) Wholesale trading											
	c) Export Financing											
	d) Import Financing											
	e) Lease Finance											
	f) Others											
4	Construction											
	a) Housing											
	b) Other than housing											
5	Transport											
	a) Road Transport											
	b) Water Transport											
	c) Air Transport											
6	Consumer Financing											
7	Miscellaneous											
	Total											

Advances Classified By Economic Purposes (Excluding Bills Purchased & Discounted)

Returns:- SBS- 3.2

											(Taka	in Unit)
			Disburse	Recov		Outstanding Amount(Excluding bills)						
SI. No.	Sector	Sanctioned Limit	ment within the guarter	ery within the	Classified				Unclassified			Over due
			quarter	quarter	S.S	D.F	B/L.	Total	SMA	SD	Total Advances	
1	Public Sector											
	a) Ministries											
	b) Autonomous Bodies											
	c) Public Non-Financial Corporations											
	d) Others											
2	Private Sector											
	a) Agriculture (Dairy, Poultry, Nursery, Hatchery etc)											
	b)Textile Mills											
	c) Rubber & Plastic Industries											
	d) Readymade Garments											
	e) Pharmaceutical Industries											
	f) Chemical Industries											
	g) Cement Industries											
	h) Iron, Steel & Aluminum Industries											
	i) Hospital, Clinic & Pathology											
	j) Fuel & Electricity											
	k) Agro based Industries											
	I) IT Sector											
	m) Transport											
	n) Real Estate											
	o) Telecommunication											
	p) Financial Corporation											
	q) Household											
	r) Others											
	Total											

Advances Classified By Sector (Excluding Bills Purchased & Discounted)

CHAPTER 12: INTEREST RATE SPREAD

12.1 INTRODUCTION

The Statistics Department of Bangladesh Bank has been collecting detailed interest rate wise information on deposits and advances from all scheduled banks since August 2008 and from all non-banks financial institutes (NBFI's) since January, 2013 operating in Bangladesh in the prescribed formats on monthly basis. On the basis of these returns the weighted average rates on deposits and advances are calculated for compilation of Interest Rate Spread (IRS).

Interest Rate Spread (IRS) is an important determinant of the productivity of the banking system in a country. Magnitude of the spread varies across the world. It is actually reverse to the degree of efficiency of the banking sector, which is an offshoot of a competitive environment. The nature and efficiency of the financial sector have been found to be the major reasons behind differences in IRS in countries across the world. In economies with weak financial sectors, the intermediation costs which are involved in deposits mobilisation and channelling them into productive uses, as much larger. They have been found to be responsible for high spreads.

12.2 DEFINITION

The gap between the interest rate a financial institute pays on deposits and the higher rate it charges for loans. i.e., the difference between Weighted Average Lending Rates and Weighted Average Deposit Rates.

12.3 CALCULATION PROCEDURE OF INTEREST RATE SPREAD

Earlier, Bangladesh Bank developed a uniform format for calculation of the interest rate spread considering regional and international practices which is weighted average method. In this method spread between lending and deposit rates would be calculated as the difference between weighted average interest rates on advances and weighted average interest rates on deposits. Weights for each type of advance and deposit would be calculated using end-period outstanding amount.

Formats used for collecting data are given below :-

Deposit Distributed by Rates of Interest

			(Amount in unit taka)
Serial No	Types of Deposits	Rate of Interest	Outstanding Amount
	100		
	105		
	120		
	130		
	140		
	150		
	151		
	152		
	160		
	171		
	172		
	173		
	174		
	175		
	180		
	181		
	183		
	185		
	190		
	200		
Total			

Advances Classified by Rates of Interest

		(Amount in unit taka)
Serial No	Rate of Interest	Outstanding Advances
Total		

12.4 Instruction for submitting the Return through RIT

The banks should invariably submit the monthly statement by the 15th day of the following month. The statement should be submitted in respective Templates through web portal of EDW with following instructions:

For Deposits:

- 1. Type of Deposit will be reported separately.
- 2. For each different interest rate, a new row should be created.
- 3. Actual interest rate should be shown up to two decimal places.
- 4. The outstanding deposits must be in unit taka up to two decimal places.

Procedure for uploading data in BBs web portal:-

- a) Open the template to be filled in:- T_ME_M_DEPO_DRI.
- b) Fill in corresponding columns and rows with the necessary data.
- c) Check the information entered into the template for correctness of the data.
- d) Save the file in CSV format for uploading Bangladesh Bank Web Portal.
- e) The next step is to navigate to the Bangladesh Bank Web Portal and Login.
- f) Select the template category (ME) and locate the name of the template to be uploaded.
- g) Browse the files to be uploaded and Upload CSV files.
- h) A confirmation message "successfully uploaded" will be displayed and preserve it for future reference and finally Log out from the Portal.

For Advances:

- 1. Bills purchased and discounted will not be included in the statement.
- 2. If several advance accounts having the same interest rate, the individual advance balance of these accounts should be merged together.
- 3. For each different interest rate, a new row should be created.
- 4. Actual interest rate should be shown up to two decimal places.
- 5. The outstanding Advances must be in unit taka up to two decimal places.

Procedure for uploading data in BBs web portal:-

- a) Open the template to be filled in:- T_ME_M_LNA_RATES.
- b) Fill in corresponding columns and rows with the necessary data.
- c) Check the information entered into the template for correctness of the data.
- d) Save the file in CSV format for uploading Bangladesh Bank Web Portal.
- e) The next step is to navigate to the Bangladesh Bank Web Portal and Login.
- f) Select the template category (ME) and locate the name of the template to be uploaded.
- g) Browse the files to be uploaded and Upload CSV files.
- h) A confirmation message "successfully uploaded" will be displayed and preserve it for future reference and finally Log out from the Portal.

APPENDIX

1 List of Subsidiary Organisations of Public Non-financial Corporations.

1.1 The following mills belong to Bangladesh Textile Mills Corporation:

- 1 Amin Textiles Ltd-1*
- 2 Amin Textiles Ltd 2
- 3 Sundarban Textile Mills -2
- 4 R.R. Textile Mills*
- 5 Bengal Textile Mills-1*
- 6 Bengal Textile Mills-2
- 7 Tangail Cotton Mills-1*
- 8 Dost Textile Mills
- 9 Darwani Textile Mills
- 10 Quaderia Textile Mills*
- 11 Rajshahi Textile Mills
- 12 Valika Woolen Mills
- 13 Magura Textile Mills*
- 14 Ahmed Bawani Textile Mills
- 15 Chittaranjon Cotton Mills
- 16 Dinajpur Textile Mills*
- 17 Sylhet Textile Mills*
- 18 Khulna Textile Mills ***
- 19 Rangamati Textile Mills*
- 20 Kurigram Textile Mills
- 21 Tangail Cotton Mills-2*
- 22 Sundarban Textile Mills-1

* Basically Closed but run temporarily by the workers without govt. liability.

*** Lay Off.

1.2 The following mills belong to Bangladesh Sugar and Food Industries Corporation:

- 1 Panchagar Sugar Mills Ltd.
- 2 Thakurgaon Sugar Mills Ltd.
- 3 Setabgonj Sugar Mills Ltd.
- 4 Rangpur Sugar Mills Ltd.*
- 5 Shyampur Sugar Mills Ltd.
- 6 Rajshahi Sugar Mills Ltd.
- 7 North Bengal Sugar Mills Ltd.
- 8 Jaipurhat Sugar Mills Ltd.
- 9 Carew and Co.(BD) Ltd.
- 10 Kushtia Sugar Mills Ltd.
- 11 Mobarakgonj Sugar Mills Ltd.
- 12 Faridpur Sugar Mills Ltd.
- 13 Zeal Bangla Sugar Mills Ltd.
- 14 Pabna Sugar Mills Ltd.
- 15 Natore Sugar Mills Ltd.
- 16 Renwick, Jajneswar & Company Ltd.
- 17 Carew's Distillery
- * Layoff after pay off.

1.3 The following Enterprises belong to Bangladesh Chemical Industries Corporation:

- 1 Chittagong Urea Fertilizer Factory Ltd.
- 2 Ashuganj Fertilizer & Chemical Co. Ltd. (Former Zia Fertilizer Company Ltd.)
- **3** Urea Fertilizer Factory Ltd.
- 4 Natural Gas Fertilizer Factory Ltd.
- 5 TSP (Tripal Super Phosphate) Complex Ltd.
- 6 Karnaphuli Paper Mills Ltd.
- 7 Jamuna Fertilizer Company Ltd.
- 8 Chatak Cement Company Ltd.
- 9 Usmania Glass Sheet Factory Ltd.
- 10 Bangladesh Insulator & Sanitary Ware Factory Ltd.
- 11 Palash Urea Fertilizer Factory Ltd.
- 12 Khulna Hardboard Mills Ltd.*
- 13 DAP Fertilizer Company Ltd.

Joint Venture Companies.

- 1 KAFCO (Karnaphully Fertilizer Company) Limited
- 2 Sanafi Aventis Ltd
- 3 Novartis (Bangladesh) Ltd.
- 4 Bulk Management (Bangladesh) Ltd.
- 5 Dhaka Match Industries Company Ltd.
- 6 Buyer Crop Science (BD) Ltd.
- 7 SYNGENTA (BD) Ltd.
- 8 Magura Paper Mills Ltd.
- 9 Miracle Industries Ltd.

*Closed Industries.

1.4 The following mills belong to Bangladesh Steel & Engineering Corporation:

- 1 National Tubes Ltd.
- 2 Eastern Tubes Ltd.
- 3 Eastern Cables Ltd.
- 4 Gazi Wires Ltd.
- 5 GEM (General Electric Manufacturing) Company Ltd.
- 6 Chittagong Dry Dock Ltd.
- 7 Bangladesh Blade Factory Ltd.
- 8 Atlas Bangladesh Ltd.
- 9 Pragoti Industries Ltd.

1.5 The following mills belong to Bangladesh Jute Mills Corporation:

- 1 Latif Bawany Jute Mills Ltd.***
- 2 Bangladesh Jute Mills Ltd.
- 3 U.M.C Jute Mills Ltd.
- 4 Karim Jute Mills Ltd.
- 5 Aleem Jute Mills Ltd.
- 6 Carpeting Jute Industries Ltd.
- 7 Eastern Jute Mills Ltd.
- 8 Jessore Jute Industries Ltd.
- 9 Khalishpur Jute Mills (Peoples Jute Mills) Ltd.
- 10 Platinum Jubilee Jute Mills Ltd.**
- 11 Star Jute Mills Ltd.**
- 12 Rajshahi Jute Mills Ltd.
- 13 Qaumi Jute Mills Ltd. (Jatio Jute Mills Ltd)
- 14 Amin Jute Mills Ltd.
- 15 Amin Old Field Ltd.
- 16 Gul-Ahmed Jute Mills Ltd.
- 17 Hafiz Jute Mills Ltd.
- 18 Karnaphully Jute Mills Ltd.
- 19 M.M. Jute Mills Ltd.
- 20 R.R. Jute Mills Ltd.
- 21 Baghdad-Dhaka Carpet Factory.
- 22 Furat-Karnaphully Carpet Factory Ltd.
- 23 The Crescent Jute Mills Co. Ltd.
- 24 Development of Decorative Fabric.
- 25 Daulatpur Jute Mills
- 26 Monowar Jute Mills**
- 27 Mills Furnishing Ltd.
- 28 Galfra Habib Mills Ltd
- 29 Jute-Fibre Glass Industries Ltd.
- *** Merged with other Company
- ** Handed to private sector

1.6 The following mills belong to Bangladesh Petroleum Corporation:

- 1 Eastern Refinery Ltd.(E R L)
- 2 Padma Oil Company Ltd.(Burma Eastern Limited)
- 3 Jamuna Oil Company Ltd.(J.O.C.L)
- 4 Meghna Petroleum Ltd.(MPL)
- 5 Standard Asiatic Oil Company Ltd.(SAOCL)
- 6 Eastern Lubricants Blenders Ltd.(ELBL)
- 7 L.P. Gas Limited (LPGL)
- 8 Asphaltic Bitumen Plant (ABP)

1.7 The following Enterprises belong to Bangladesh Oil, Gas and Mineral Corporation:

- 1 Bangladesh Gas Fields Co. Ltd.
- 2 Sylhet Gas Fields Ltd.
- 3 Titas Gas Transmission & Distribution Co. Ltd.
- 4 Bakhrabad Gas Systems Ltd.
- 5 Jalalabad Gas Transmission & Distribution System Ltd.
- 6 Rupantarita Prakritik Gas Company Ltd.
- 7 Bangladesh Petroleum Exploration Co. Ltd.
- 8 Gas Transmission Company Ltd.
- 9 Barapukuria Coal Mining Company Ltd
- 10 Maddhapara Granite Mining Company Ltd
- 11 Pashchimanchal Gas Company Ltd
- 12 Karnaphuli Gas Distribution Company Ltd
- 13 Sundarban Gas Company Ltd

Projects:

- 1 Muchai-Asuganj Compressor Station Installation Project.
- 2 Construction of Monohordi-Dhanua, Elenga_east Bank of Jamuna Bridge 30" dia x 120 km Gas Pipeline and Installation of Compressor Station at Ashuganj and Elenga
- 3 Appraisal of Gas Field (3D Seismic) (Titas Bakhrabad, Sylhet, Kailashtilla and Rashidpur) Project.
- 4 Construction of West Bank of Jamuna Bridge-Nalka, Hatikumrul-Iswardi-Bheramara 30" dia x 98.10 km Gas Transmission Pipeline.
- 5 Construction of Bonpara- Rajshahi Gas Transmission Pipeline.
- 6 Upgradation of Data Centre of BAPEX.
- 7 Construction of Bheramara- Khulna 20" dia x 162.50 Gas Transmission Pipeline.
- 8 Gas Seepage Control and Appraisal & Development of Titas Gas Field.
- 9 Supply Efficiency Improvement of Titas Gas Transmission and Distribution Company Ltd.
- 10 Gas Distribution Network in South- West Zone.
- 11 Construction of Bakhrabad-Siddhirganj Gas Transmission Pipeline.
- 12 Exploration and Production Capacity building of BAPEX.
- 13 Technical Assistance for Capacity Building of Energy and Mineral Resources Division (EMRD) of Ministry of Power, Energy and Resources and Petrobangla and its Companies.
- 14 Technical Assistance for Capacity Building of Energy and Mineral Resources Division (EMRD) of Ministry of Power, Energy and Resources and Petrobangla and its Companies.
- 14 Technical Assistance for Strengthening Planning and Management Capacity of EMRD and Petrobangla Group.
- 15 TA to review the approach for increasing the efficiency of gas utilization in certain major users.
- 16 Operation Capability Strengthening project (2nd Revised).
- 17 Mobarakpur Oil/Gas Exploration well drilling project.

- 18 Kapasia oil/Gas exploration well drilling (Revised).
- 19 Semutang Gas Field Development.
- 20 Sundalpur Oil/Gas Exploration well drilling project.
- 21 Srikaril Oil/Gas Exploration well drilling (well # 2) project.
- 22 Nabiganj Gas Supply Project.
- 23 Gas Transmission Capacity Expansion Project (Ashuganj- Bakhrabad).
- 24 Augmentation of Gas Production Under Fast Track Programme.
- 25 2D Sciesmic Survey Under Fast Track Programme.
- 26 Salda # 3, 4 & Fenchuganj # 4, 5 Gas Field's development Project.
- 27 Chandpur 150 MW Capacity Thermal Power Plant gas Supply Project.
- 28 Installation of 2nd MSTE Plant in Kailashtilla Gas Field.
- 29 Installation of a 3x1250 barrel Capacity Condensate Fraction Plant in Rashidpur Gas field.
- 30 Redevelopment of Bakhrabad Gas Field (1st Stage) (Bakhrabad # 2&5 Work over & Drilling of well#9)
- 31 New well drilling with process plant in Titas Gas Field (Well# 17&18).
- 32 Bapex Building Construction Project.
- 33 Construction of 24" dia 08 km pipeline from Titas Location 7 to AB Gas Transmission pipeline.
- 34 Construction of 20" x 1000 psig* 25 km parallel/ loop line from Monohrodi valve station to Narsingdi valve station. No-12.
- 35 Workover of Titas well #12
- 36 Installation of 750 barrels/day cap. Condensate fractionation plant in Kailastilla Field.

Foreign Oil/Gas Company:

- 1 SANTOS
- 2 CHEVRON
- 3 NAIKO
- 4 TULLOW
- 5 CAIRN ENERGY PLC
- 6 UNOCAL
- 7 TAXACO
- 8 SHELL
- 9 CONOCO PHILLIPS

2. List of Private Insurance Companies

- 1 Peoples Insurance Company Ltd.
- 2 Bangladesh General Insurance Company Ltd.
- 3 United Insurance Company Ltd.
- 4 National Life Insurance Company Ltd.
- 5 Green Delta Insurance Company Ltd.
- 6 Progoti Insurance Company Ltd.
- 7 Eastern Insurance Company Ltd.
- 8 Karnaphully Insurance Company Ltd.
- 9 Eastland Insurance Company Ltd.
- 10 Janata Insurance Company Ltd.
- 11 Phoenix Insurance Company Ltd.
- 12 Rupali Insurance Company Ltd.
- 13 Central Insurance Company Ltd.
- 14 Federal Insurance Company Ltd.
- 15 Reliance Insurance Ltd.
- 16 Delta life Insurance Company Ltd.
- 17 Purabi General Insurance Company Ltd.
- **18** Prime Insurance Company Ltd.
- 19 Sandhani Life Insurance Company Ltd.
- 20 American Life Insurance Company Ltd.
- 21 Bangladesh Co-operative Insurance Ltd.
- 22 Provati Insurance Company Ltd.
- 23 Northern General Insurance Company Ltd.
- 24 Meghna Life Insurance Company Ltd.
- 25 City General Insurance Company Ltd.
- 26 Mercantile Insurance Company Ltd.
- 27 Pioneer Insurance Company Ltd.
- 28 Bangladesh National Insurance Company Ltd.
- 29 Meghna Insurance Company Ltd.
- **30** Homeland Life Insurance Company Ltd.

- 31 Nitol Insurance Co. Ltd
- 32 Standard Insurance Ltd
- 33 South Asia Insurance Co. Ltd
- 34 Paramount Insurance Co. Ltd
- 35 Continental Insurance Ltd
- 36 Agrani Insurance Co. Ltd
- 37 Islami Insurance Bangladesh Ltd
- 38 Islami Commercial Insurance Co. Ltd
- 39 Global Insurance Ltd
- 40 Sonar Bangla Insurance Ltd
- 41 Express Insurance Ltd
- 42 Asia Insurance Ltd
- 43 Republic Insurance Co. Ltd
- 44 Crystal Insurance Co. Ltd
- 45 Sunflower Life Insurance Co. Ltd
- 46 Union Insurance Co. Ltd
- 47 Asia Pacific General Insurance Co. Ltd
- 48 Progressive Life Insurance Co. Ltd
- 49 Desh General Insurance Co. Ltd
- 50 Takaful Islami Insurance. Ltd
- 51 Fareast Islami Life Insurance Co. Ltd
- 52 Prime Islami Life Insurance Co. Ltd
- 53 Popular Life Insurance Co. Ltd
- 54 Padma Islami Life Insurance Ltd
- 55 Pragati Life Insurance Ltd.
- 56 Rupali Life Insurance Co. Ltd
- 57 Sun Life Insurance Co. Ltd
- 58 Baira Life Insurance Co. Ltd
- 59 Golden Life Insurance Co. Ltd
- 60 Dhaka Insurance Ltd.

3. List of Investment & Leasing Companies:-

- 1 Phoenix Finance and Investments Limited.
- 2 Uttara Finance & Investments Limited.
- **3** GSP Finance Company (Bangladesh) Limited.
- 4 Reliance Finance Limited.
- 5 Delta-Brac Housing Finance Corporation Ltd.
- 6 National Finance Ltd
- 7 Prime Finance & Investment Ltd.
- 8 Peoples Leasing & Financial Services Ltd.
- 9 Bay Leasing & Investment Limited.
- **10** Bangladesh Industrial Finance Company Limited.
- **11** IDLC Finance Limited.
- **12** United Leasing Company Limited.
- **13** Union Capital Limited.
- 14 Industrial Promotion & Development Company of Bangladesh.
- 15 The UAE- Bangladesh Investment Company Ltd
- 16 International Leasing and Financial Services Limited.
- **17** Fareast Finance & Investment Limited.
- **18** Premier Leasing & Finance Limited.
- 19 FAS Finance & Investment Limited.
- 20 Islami Finance & Investment Limited.
- 21 Industrial & Infrastructure Development Finance Company.
- 22 First Lease Finance & Investment Ltd.
- 23 Bangladesh Finance & Investment Co Ltd
- 24 National Housing Finance & Investment Limited.
- 25 Midas Financing Limited.
- 26 Saudi Bangladesh Industrial and Agricultural Investment Company Limited.
- 27 Lanka Bangla Finance Ltd
- 28 Infrastructure Development Company Limited.
- 29 Hajj Finance Company Limited.
- 30 Agrani SME Finance Co. Ltd.
- **31** Bangladesh Infrastructure Finance Fund Limited (BIFFL).

4 Description of some items on foreign exchange transactions :

4.1 Resident and Non-Resident:

A resident is a person; bank or firm who/which resides in Bangladesh. A non-resident is a person; bank or firm who/which resides outside Bangladesh. "A resident is a person who resides in Bangladesh for a minimum period of one year, or transfers his centre of economic interest to Bangladesh. Non-residents include Bangladesh nationals who go out of Bangladesh for a minimum period of one year, or transfer their centre of economic interest abroad". Non-residents include Bangladesh nationals who go out of Bangladesh for any purpose. A person is presumed to be ordinarily resident if he maintains a home in Bangladesh or resides in the country for a substantial part of each year or pays income tax as a resident of Bangladesh. On the other hand, the fact that a person gives an address in Bangladesh does not necessarily mean that he should be regarded as a resident if he is, in fact, only a temporary visitor and is ordinarily resident elsewhere.

4.2 Foreign Currency Accounts of Wage Earners:

Bangladesh nationals working and earning abroad including self employed Bangladeshi migrants proceeding abroad on employment may open foreign currency accounts even without initial deposits. They may operate the accounts themselves or nominate other persons in Bangladesh for this purpose. The accounts can be opened either in Pound Sterling, US Dollar, Euro or Japanese Yen at the option of the prospective account holder and maintained as long as the account holder desires. These accounts would ordinarily be fed from remittances by account holders themselves but funds sent by other wage earners may also be placed to the credit of such accounts. ADs may also raise credits to such accounts with the proceeds of convertible foreign exchange viz. currency notes, travelers' cheques, drafts etc. brought into Bangladesh by the account-holders while on temporary visit to Bangladesh provided such foreign exchange in excess of US\$ 5000 (or its equivalent) has been duly declared by them to the Customs on Form 'FMJ at the time of their arrival. Funds lying to the credit of FC accounts of Bangladesh nationals can be utilised for import of goods and commodities as per instructions issued by the CCI&E and Bangladesh Bank.

4.3 Retention Quota for Exporters:

a) Retention Quota for Merchandise Exporters:

- i) Merchandise exporters are entitled to a foreign exchange retention quota of 50% of repatriated F.O.B value of their exports. However, for exports of goods having high import content (low domestic value-added) like POL products including naphtha, furnace oil and bitumen, readymade garments made of imported fabrics, electronic goods etc, the retention quota is 10% of the repatriated F.O.B value.
- ii) Foreign exchange out of the retention quota may be maintained in FC accounts with the concerned ADs in US dollar, Pound Sterling, Euro or Japanese Yen upon realization of the export proceeds. Balances in these accounts may be used by the exporters for bonafide business purposes, such as business visits abroad, participation in export fairs and seminars, establishment and maintenance of offices abroad, import of raw materials, machineries and spares etc. without prior approval of Bangladesh Bank. It should be noted that since exporters will use foreign exchange from the retention quota for business visits abroad, no separate business travel quota will be admissible (other than for new exporters as per Para 7(i), Ch.12). Foreign exchange from the exporter's retention quota cannot be used for investment abroad by the exporter.
- iii) Foreign exchange out of exporter's retention quota may also be kept as interest bearing renewable term deposits with the concerned ADs in Bangladesh in US dollar, Pound Sterling, Euro or Japanese Yen, with minimum balances of US\$ 2,000 or its equivalent. Periods of such term deposits may be determined in accordance with normal banking practices/normal banking considerations. Interest on such deposits may be allowed at rates comparable to the prevailing Euro deposit rates for the relevant currency.

b) Retention Quota for Service Exporters:

Service exporters may retain 5% and software and data entry/processing exporters may retain 50% of their repatriated income as Retention Quota. Funds can be drawn from these accounts to meet expenses for bonafide business travel abroad.

However, foreign exchange earnings on account of indenting commission or agency commission for export from Bangladesh cannot be credited to such accounts since these incomes originate from Bangladesh sources.

4.4 **RFCD Accounts**:

Persons ordinarily resident in Bangladesh may open and maintain Resident Foreign Currency Deposit (RFCD) accounts with foreign exchange brought in at the time of their return from travel abroad. Any amount brought in with declaration to Customs Authorities in form FMJ and up to US\$ 5000 brought in without any declaration, can be credited to such accounts. However, proceeds of export of goods or services from Bangladesh or commission arising from business deals in Bangladesh shall not be credited to such accounts.

Balances in these accounts shall be freely transferable abroad; Fund from these accounts may also be issued to account-holders for the purpose of their foreign travels in the usual manner (i.e., with endorsement in passport and ticket, up to US\$ 2000 in the form of cash currency notes and the remainder in the form of TC or other currencies).

These accounts may be opened in US dollar, pound sterling, Euro or Japanese Yen and may be maintained as long as the account holders desire. While depositing foreign exchange for credit to such account the depositor shall furnish written declaration, mentioning the date of return from abroad and the amount of foreign exchange brought in, that the foreign exchange, (i) is not a receipt against export of goods or services from Bangladesh, (ii) is not a commission due from abroad arising from business deal in Bangladesh. The ADs will credit the foreign exchange presented by the depositor to the RFCD account only after examining the passport of the depositor and the FMJ form (if the amount exceeds the equivalent of \$ 5000) and after being satisfied about the correctness of the declaration.

Interest in foreign exchange shall be payable on balances in such accounts if the deposits are for a term of not less than one month and the balance is not less than US \$ 1000 or 500 Pound Sterling or its equivalent. The rate of interest shall be one-quarter percent (0.25 percent) less than the rate at which interest is paid on balances of bank in their foreign currency clearing accounts maintained with the Bangladesh Bank.

4.5 Convertible Taka Accounts of Foreigners:

ADs may open convertible Taka accounts in the names of foreign organizations/nationals viz., diplomatic missions, UN organizations, non-profit international bodies, foreign contractors and consultants engaged for specific projects under the Govt. semi Govt. agencies and the expatriate employees of such missions/organizations who are resident in Bangladesh.

These accounts may be credited with foreign currency brought in or remitted from abroad or transferred from a foreign currency account or another convertible Taka account. For transfer from another convertible Taka count, the taka amount from the transferor's account would be converted into foreign currency for transfer and credit to the recipient account by recon version into Taka. No money emanating from a business originating in Bangladesh and otherwise repatriable to Bangladesh can be credited to these accounts.

A convertible Taka account may be debited for payments in foreign currency abroad, for local expenses, for transfers to foreign currency accounts or other convertible Taka accounts or for credits to a non-convertible Taka account.

The ADs may open Taka STD(7-30 days special notice) accounts in the names of foreign diplomatic missions and their expatriate personnel, foreign airlines and shipping lines operating in Bangladesh, international non-profit organizations including charitable organizations, UN organizations and their respective expatriate personnel and pay interest thereon provided that the amount of interest accrued on balances of these accounts will be disbursed locally in non-convertible Taka and that no part of the earned interest will be remittable abroad at any stage.

4.6 Foreign Currency Accounts of Non-Residents:

The ADs may without prior approval of the Bangladesh Bank open foreign currency accounts in the names of (a) Bangladesh nationals residing abroad (b) foreign nationals residing abroad or in Bangladesh and also foreign firms registered abroad and operating in Bangladesh or abroad (c) Foreign missions and their expatriate employees. Foreign exchange earned through business done or services rendered in Bangladesh cannot be put into these accounts. Credits to a foreign currency account may be made against inward remittance of foreign exchange in any form or transfer from another foreign currency account or non-resident Taka accounts of banks abroad. Bangladesh Bank may specially allow opening of foreign currency accounts not covered by this general authorization.

Payments may be made freely abroad from these foreign currency accounts to the extent of balances lying therein. Local disbursements may also be made freely in Taka from such foreign currency accounts.

The ADs maintaining foreign currency accounts under the authority can pay interest on such accounts provided the accounts are maintained in the form of term deposits for a minimum period of 90 days. Rates of interest payable on such accounts should normally be comparable with the rates available on similar accounts maintained abroad.

4.7 NFCD Accounts:

All non-resident Bangladesh nationals and persons of Bangladesh origin including those having dual nationality and ordinarily residing abroad may maintain interest bearing time deposit accounts named "Non-Resident Foreign Currency Deposit (NFCD) Account" with the ADs.

Bangladesh nationals serving with Embassies/High Commissions of Bangladesh in foreign countries and also the officers/staff of the Government/semi-Government departments/nationalized banks and employees of body corporate posted abroad or deputed with International and Regional agencies like IMF, World Bank, IDB, ADB etc. during their assignments abroad may open such accounts. Crewmembers of the Bangladeshi shipping companies are not entitled to open such accounts, but shore staff posted abroad may open such accounts. Accounts may also be opened with funds transferred from existing foreign currency accounts maintained by the wage earners with the ADs in Bangladesh.

The accounts are in the nature of term deposits maturing after one month, three months, six months and one year. The accounts may be maintained in US dollar, pound sterling, Euro or Japanese Yen; initially with minimum amount of US\$ 1000 or pound sterling 500 or equivalent. Accounts may be opened against remittances in other convertible currencies after conversion of those into US Dollar, pound sterling, Euro or Japanese yen.

These Accounts may be maintained as long as the Account-holders desire. Eligible persons are also allowed to open such Accounts at any time after their return to Bangladesh.

4.8 Non-Resident Taka Accounts of Foreign Bank Branches and Correspondents:

The Taka accounts of all foreign bank branches or correspondents outside Bangladesh are regarded as non-resident accounts. The accounts of different branches of the same bank situated in different countries must be identified separately and the accounts of each branch or group of branches in one country should be designated as accounts of that country.

ADs may freely open or continue to maintain Non-Resident Taka Accounts in the names of their overseas branches and correspondents against inward remittance in convertible currencies only. Transfer between non-resident Taka accounts are permitted freely. Approved foreign currency may also be sold to non-resident bank branches and correspondents provided the remittance is charged against credit balances held in the non-resident Taka account. Non-resident Taka accounts may be opened with initial deposits sent from abroad in a freely convertible currency. New non-resident Taka accounts opened by the ADs must be reported to the Bangladesh Bank with details.

4.9 Clearing Arrangement with Bangladesh Bank.

Bangladesh Bank operates a foreign currency clearing system enabling the AD banks to settle their mutual claims in US dollar, Pound Sterling, Euro and Japanese Yen arising from interbank transaction; to economize the time and cost involved in settlements through correspondents abroad. Under this arrangement, AD banks maintain clearing accounts with the BB in US dollar, pound sterling, Euro and Japanese yen. Apart from the purpose of settlement with other ADs, these accounts may also be used for transfers to and from correspondents abroad.

Settlement of the balances lying in each of the clearing accounts take place at the end of each month. The Bangladesh Bank charges interest on the debit balance in an account on daily product basis and debit the bank's account at the end of each month and pays interest on the amount of credit balance at the rates prescribed from time to time.

Operation of the clearing system in centralized in the International Department of Bangladesh Bank, Head Office, Dhaka; but the ADs in other centers may transfer funds to other banks through their head/main office in Dhaka.