Quarterly Review Report on Green Banking Activities of Banks & Financial Institutions and Green Refinance Activities of Bangladesh Bank

April - June, 2016



Sustainable Finance Department Bangladesh Bank Head Office

1. Introduction:

Environmental Risk Management Guidelines for Banks and financial Institutions (FIs) issued vide BRPD Circular No.01/2011 to assess environmental risk in their credit and Policy Guidelines for Green Banking for Banks issued vide BRPD Circular 02/2011. In 2012, Bangladesh Bank introduced a uniform reporting format for reporting green banking activities in a structured manner for banks. In 2013, Policy Guidelines for Green Banking was also issued (GBCSRD Circular No. 04/2013 and GBCSRD Circular Letter No. 05/2013) to the Financial Institutions (FIs)¹ and the banks scheduled in 2013 where they were brought under the structured reporting system as well. To expedite the ongoing initiatives of banks and FIs at faster pace for sustaining the environment compatible to climate change risk, minimum target of direct green finance is set at 5% of the total loan disbursement/investment from January 2016 onwards for all banks and FIs (GBCSRD Circular No. 04/2014).

Banks and FIs were instructed to form a 'Climate Risk Fund' according to the above mentioned policy guidelines for green banking. To ensure the movement towards sustainability against the climate change, Banks and FIs shall allocate at least 10% of their Corporate Social Responsibility budget for Climate Risk Fund & this funding can be done in both ways- by providing grants or financing at reduced rate of interest (GBCSRD Circular No. 04/2015). Meanwhile, Banks & FIs have been instructed to set up Solid Waste Management System, Rainwater Harvesting and Solar Power Panel in their newly constructed or arranged building infrastructure (SFD Circular No. 01/2016).

To broaden the financing avenue for green products like solar energy, bio-gas plant and effluent treatment plant, etc., BB established a revolving refinance scheme amounting to Taka. 2 billion (200 crore) from its own fund for solar energy, Bio-gas and Effluent Treatment Plant (ETP) in 2009. BB enhanced the product line to 50 under 11 categories (Renewable Energy, Energy Efficiency, Solid Waste Management, Liquid Waste Management, Alternative Energy, Fire Burnt Brick, Non Fire Block Brick, Recycling & Recyclable Product, Green Industry, Ensuring Safety & Work Environment of Factories and Miscellaneous) since 2009 till date.

An on lending scheme namely "Financing Brick Kiln Efficiency Improvement Project", was established in BB supported by ADB with a view to reducing greenhouse gas emissions and refine particulate pollution from brick fields throughout the country and building environment friendly brick fields through development of efficiency of brick kiln with usage of appropriate technology and energy in 2012. In this scheme, total amount of loan from ADB is 50.00 million USD/converted to equivalent BDT for local use. It has two parts: Part-A: 30.00 million USD for conversion of Fixed Chimney Kiln (FCK) to Improved Zigzag Kiln and Part-B: 20.00 million USD for establishment of new Vertical Shaft Brick Kiln (VSBK), Hybrid Hoffman Kiln (HHK) and Tunnel Kiln.

In September 2014, BB introduced a refinance scheme funded by liquidity of Shariah based banks and FIs in excess of their requirement which will be explicitly utilized for direct green finance of the said banks and FIs. These banks and FIs can utilize this fund for financing in the 50 products identified under BB Refinance scheme according to GBCSRD Circular No. 06/2014. Under this scheme, 4 banks and 1 FI have signed participation agreement with BB till June 30, 2016.

¹ Financial Institutions licensed under Financial Institutions Act, 1993.

Bangladesh Bank (BB) intends to provide long term financing for private sector firms, mainly midsize manufacturing firms under the Financial Sector Support Project (FSSP) financed by the International Development Association (IDA). An Environmental and Social Management Framework (ESMF) has been developed to ensure the sustainability of financing of this facility (FE Circular No. 18/2015).

The latest step of Bangladesh bank in fostering sustainable finance is to create Green Transformation Fund. In February 2016, BB has announced its intention to create a new longer term refinancing window naming Green Transformation Fund (GTF) of 200 million USD. The fund will be used to ensure sustainable growth in export oriented textile and leather sectors conducive to transformation of green economy in the country (FE Circular No. 02/2016).

This review report has highlighted the activities of refinance schemes of BB. Thus, this review report is the consolidated reflection of the quarterly reports of all scheduled banks and FIs of April-June, 2016 and the activities of refinance schemes of BB for green products of the same quarter.

2. Review on Green Banking Activities of Banks and Financial Institutions (FIs)

2.1. Policy Formulation and Governance:

All 56 banks and 32 of 33 FIs (Recently licensed FI named CAPM Venture Capital and Finance Limited has not started their activities yet) have formed their own Green Banking Policy Guidelines as well as have prepared own Green Office Guide for conducting their in-house green activities approved by their respective Board of Directors/Competent authority. They also have their own Green Banking Unit (GBU) for pursuing Green Banking activities.

2.2. Allocation and Utilization of Fund for Green Banking Activities:

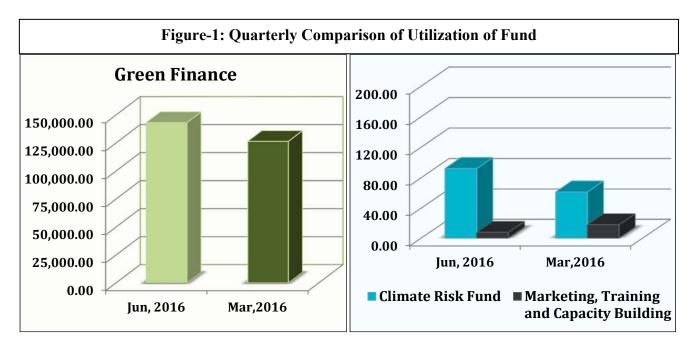
The snapshot of allocation and utilization by banks and FIs in Green Finance, Climate Risk Fund as well as Marketing, Training and Capacity Building in June 2016 quarter is shown in Table-1

Table-1. Anotation and Othzation of Fund for Orten Danking Activities								
Annual Allocation of Fund, 2016					Utilizatio		ls, April-Jun	e,2016 (in
		(in mill	ion Taka)			milli	on Taka)	
	Green	Climate	Marketing,	Total	Green	Climate	Marketing,	Total
Type of	Finance	Risk	Training		Finance	Risk	Training	
		Fund	and			Fund	and	
Bank/FI		Fund	Capacity			Fund	Capacity	
			Building				Building	
SOCBs (06)	8,946.81	69.00	111.31	9,127.13	694.30	0.00	0.00	694.30
SDBs (02)	60.00	0.20	0.10	60.30	4.05	0.00	0.00	4.05
PCBs (39)	262,434.75	386.35	286.56	263,107.66	117,368.75	80.69	7.07	117,456.51
FCBs (09)	67,125.75	126.75	65.20	67,317.70	19,986.06	11.08	0.00	19,997.14
Total	338,567.31	582.30	463.17	339,612.79	138,053.16	91.77	7.07	138,152.00
FIs (32)	20,366.76	46.13	23.89	20,436.78	5,157.72	0.01	0.44	5,158.17
Grand Total	358,934.07	628.43	487.06	360,049.56	143,210.88	91.78	7.51	143,310.17

Table-1: Allocation and Utilization of Fund for Green Banking Activities

Table-2: Utilization of Climate Risk Fund (in million taka)				
Type of Bank/FI	Event	Project		
SOCBs (06)	0.00	0.00		
SDBs (02)	0.00	0.00		
PCBs (39)	79.99	0.70		
FCBs (09)	0.23	10.85		
Total	80.22	11.55		
FIs (32)	0.01	0.00		
Grand Total	80.23	11.55		

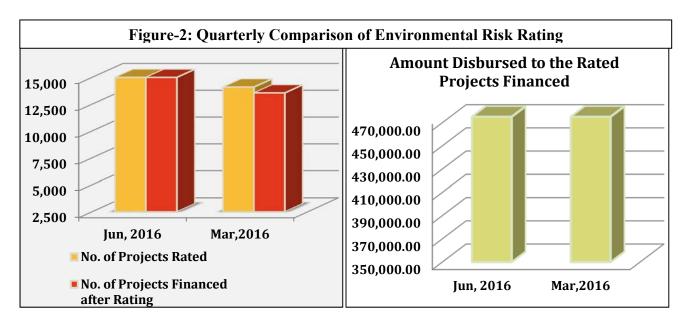
The quarterly shift from March 2016 to June 2016 evidences an upward trend in respect of utilization of fund as shown in Figure-1.



2.3. Environmental Risk Rating (ERR):

	Table-3: Environmental Risk Rating							
Type of Bank/FI	No. of ProjectsNo. ofApplicable forProjectsEDDRated		No. of Rated Projects Financed	Amount disbursed in Rated projects (in million taka)				
SOCBs (06)	596	555	550	13,707				
SDBs (02)	16	16	16	588				
PCBs (39)	19,057	16,256	14,844	491,883				
FCBs (09)	779	854	472	34,555				
Total	20,448	17,681	15,882	540,733.51				
FIs (32)	829	852	852	37,293.74				
Grand Total	21,277	18,533	16,734	578,027.25				

50 Banks out of 56 and 27 FIs out of 32 have conducted environmental risk rating in the reporting quarter. According to that, in this quarter number of Projects applicable for Environmental Due Diligence (EDD) rating is 21,277; number of projects rated is 18,533; number of rated project financed is 16,734 and amount disbursed in rated projects is 5,78,027.25 million taka. The quarterly shift of ERR by banks and FIs is showing a consistent trend (Figure-2).



2.4. In-house Environment Management:

Table-4: Solar Powered Branches and ATM/SME Units					
Type of Bank/FI	No. of Branches	No. of branches powered by Solar Energy	No. of ATM/SME units powered by Solar Energy		
SOCBs (06)	3716	38	0		
SDBs (02)	1410	0	0		
PCBs (39)	4343	451	245		
FCBs (09)	75	4	6		
Total	9544	493	251		
FIs (32)	203	3	2		
Grand Total	9747	496	253		

2.5. Green Finance:

44 Banks out of 56 and 14 FIs out of 32 have had exposure in green finance, either direct (41 Banks, 10 FIs) or indirect (30 Banks, 7 FIs) mode in the reporting quarter. Total amount invested as green finance has been Tk. 143,210.88 million in April-June 2016 quarter. Though green financing is on upward mode, still Banks and FIs are concentrated in Indirect Green Finance. In this quarter, direct green finance by Banks and FIs is 6.07% of total green finance and 0.53% of total funded loan disbursement. A brief picture of green finance by Banks and FIs is shown in Table-5, Table-6 and Table-7:

	Category of Green Finance						
Type of Bank/FI	Renewable Energy	Energy Efficiency	Solid Waste Management	Liquid Waste Management	Alternative Energy	Fire Burnt Brick	
SOCBs (06)	10.08	0.00	0.00	11.29	0.00	46.71	
SDBs (02)	4.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
PCBs (39)	403.01	838.67	0.00	1,885.12	16.62	1,278.04	
FCBs (09)	19.97	0.00	0.00	33.27	0.00	0.00	
Total	437.11	838.67	0.00	1,929.68	16.62	1,324.75	
FIs (32)	474.37	22.20	0.00	57.00	9.20	688.97	
Grand Total	911.48	860.87	0.00	1,986.68	25.82	2,013.72	

Table-5: Direct Green Finance (in million Taka)

Table-5: Direct Green Finance (in million Taka)- Table Continued

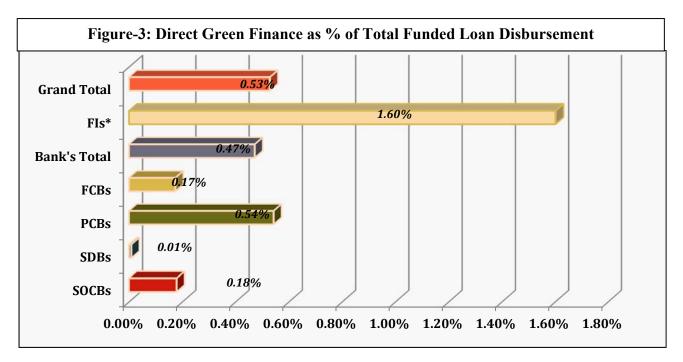
	Category of Green Finance						
Type of Bank/FI	Non Fire Block Brick	Recycling & Recyclable Product	Green Industry	Safety and Security of Factory	Misc.	Others	
SOCBs (06)	0.00	79.40	0.00	0.00	2.50	69.62	
SDBs (02)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
PCBs (39)	30.84	638.55	836.99	986.89	1.35	30.00	
FCBs (09)	0.00	77.00	42.88	13.75	0.00	0.42	
Total	30.84	794.95	879.87	1,000.64	3.85	100.04	
FIs (32)	0.00	0.00	45.00	26.50	0.00	6.37	
Grand Total	30.84	794.95	924.87	1,027.14	3.85	106.41	

Table-6: Green Finance (in million Taka)

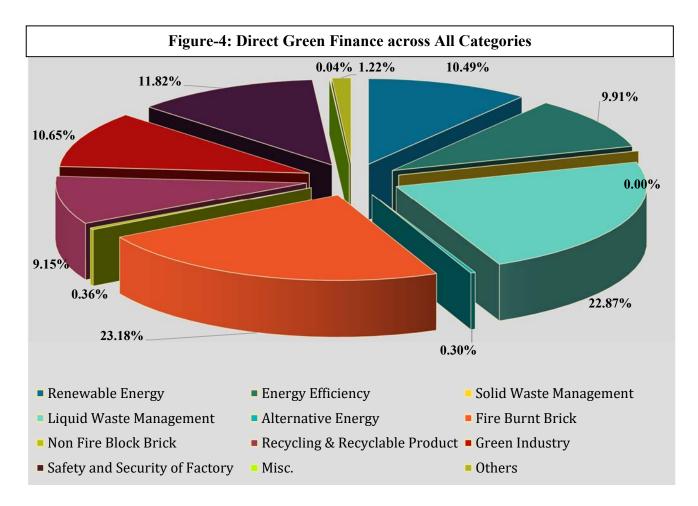
Type of Bank/FI	Direct Green Finance	Indirect Green Finance	Total Green Finance
SOCBs (06)	219.60	474.70	694.30
SDBs (02)	4.05	0.00	4.05
PCBs (39)	6,946.08	110,422.67	117,368.75
FCBs (09)	187.29	19,798.77	19,986.06
Total	7,357.02	130,696.14	138,053.16
FIs (32)	1,329.61	3,828.11	5,157.72
Grand Total	8,686.63	134,524.25	143,210.88

Table-7: Direct Green Finance as % of Total Finance

Type of Bank/FI	As % of Total Green Finance	As % of Total Funded Loan Disbursement
SOCBs (06)	31.63%	0.18%
SDBs (02)	100.00%	0.01%
PCBs (39)	5.92%	0.54%
FCBs (09)	0.94%	0.17%
Total	5.33%	0.47%
FIs (32)	25.78%	1.60%
Grand Total	6.07%	0.53%



*If we consider FIs except Infrastructure Development Company Ltd (IDCOL), then direct green finance of FIs became 0.90% of total loan disbursement.

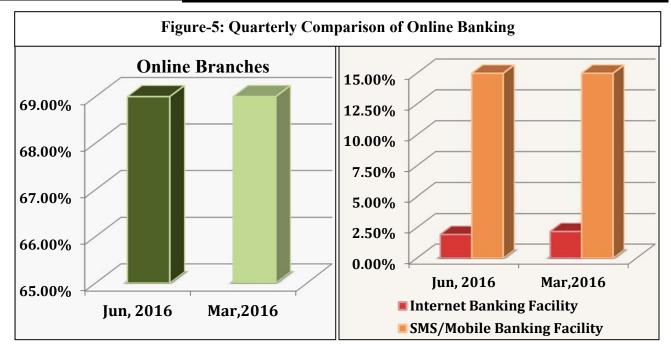


2.6. Online Banking:

55 Banks out of 56 have at least one online branch and 41 banks have introduced internet banking facility up to June 2016. No significant progress has been observed in the expansion of online branches in the previous quarters. Moreover, SMS/mobile banking facility has been observed a little varied than the previous quarter (Figure-5).

Table-8: Online Banking (on June 30, 2016)						
Toma dDaala	No. of ATM		No. of Total	No. of Branches with	% of Online	
Type of Bank	Own	Shared	Branches	online coverage	Branches	
SOCBs (06)	165	9,653	3,715	2,624	70.63%	
SDBs (02)	0	3	1,410	127	9.01%	
PCBs (39)	8,034	65,747	4,343	4,341	99.95%	
FCBs (09)	131	4,207	75	75	100.00%	
Grand Total	8,330	79,610	9,543	7,167	75.10%	

Table-9:	Table-9: Internet and Mobile/SMS Banking (on June 30, 2016)							
Type of Bank	No. of Total Accounts	No. of Accounts facilitated with Internet Banking	% of Accounts facilitated with Internet Banking	No. of Accounts facilitated with Mobile/SMS Banking	% of Accounts facilitated with Mobile/SMS Banking			
SOCBs (06)	38,802,697	61	0.00%	181,097	0.47%			
SDBs (02)	10,278,773	0	0.00%	10,920	0.11%			
PCBs (39)	40,287,147	1,584,238	3.93%	13,798,990	34.25%			
FCBs (09)	409,096	156,889	38.35%	207,824	50.80%			
Grand Total	89,777,713	1,741,188	1.94%	14,198,831	15.82%			



2.7. Training, Promotion and Disclosure:

32 Banks out of 56 have arranged 253 training programs concerning green banking where total number of participants was 6,186. On the other hand, 5 FIs out of 32 have arranged 11 training programs concerning green banking where total number of participants was 68. A snapshot on training in April-June, 2016 quarter is given below:

Table-10: Training in April-June, 2016				
Type of Bank/FI	No. of Programs	No. of Participants		
SOCBs (06)	20	400		
SDBs (02)	2	60		
PCBs (39)	227	5,600		
FCBs (09)	4	126		
Total	253	6,186		
FIs (32)	11	68		
Grand Total	264	6254		

7 Banks and 3 FIs have arranged Green Events in April-June, 2016 quarter. Up to June, 2016, 45 Banks and 15 FIs have pursued disclosure on green banking in their annual report; 41 Banks and 13 FIs have put green banking disclosure in their website. 17 Banks and 5 FIs have disclosed their green banking activities in the media; 11 Banks and 2 FIs have prepared Independent Report on green banking activities.

2.8.	Major Green Bai	nking Activities at a G	lance in April-June, 2016:	

Issue	Bank	FI
Number of banks/FIs having Green banking unit	56	32
Number of banks/FIs having Green banking policy	56	32
Number of banks/FIs having Green office guide	56	32
Number of environmental risk rated projects	17,681	852
Number of environmental risk rated projects and financed	15,882	852
Amount disbursed against rated projects (in million Taka)	540,733.51	37,293.74
Number of solar powered branches	493	3
Number of solar powered ATM/SME units	251	2
Online branches (as % of total branches)	75.10%	N/A
Amount disbursed as green finance (in million Taka)	138,053.16	5,157.72
Direct green finance as % of total funded loan disbursement	0.47%	1.60%
Amount utilized from climate risk fund (in million Taka)	91.77	0.01
Amount utilized for green marketing, training and development	7.07	0.44
(in million Taka)		

3. Review on Green Refinance Activities of BB:

3.1. BB Refinance Scheme for Renewable Energy & Environment Friendly Financeable Sectors:

Promotion of renewable energy & environmental friendly financial activity of Bangladesh is the main objective of this fund. Refinance facilities are extended to the participating Banks and Financial Institutions (PFIs) in this purpose. 39 banks and 19 Financial Institutions so far have signed participation agreement with Bangladesh Bank. The disbursement scenario of this scheme during April-June, 2016 quarter is furnished below:

Table-11: Sub-category/ Product wise Disbursement			
SL. No	Sub-category/ Product	Taka in million	
1	Biogas	20.15	
2	ETP	31.56	
3	SHS	6.65	
4	Vermicompost	0.25	
	Total Disbursement	58.61	

3.2. ADB Supported Financing Brick Kiln Efficiency Improvement project:

"Financing Brick Kiln Efficiency Improvement Project" has been established in Bangladesh Bank under financing of Asian Development Bank (ADB) for reducing greenhouse gas emissions and fine particulate pollution from brick fields of the country and building environment friendly brick field through efficiency development of brick kiln with appropriate use of energy. Relending facilities are extended to the Participatory Banks and Financial Institutions (PFIs) in this purpose. 35 banks and 19 financial institutions so far have signed participation agreement with Bangladesh Bank. Upto June, 2016, Bangladesh Bank has released total USD 16.21 million (BDT 125.95 crore) to 5 PFIs against their financing for eight sub projects. Liquidation application has been completed through ADB for the said amount. ADB has extended the project by 15(fifteen) months i.e. March 31, 2017.

4. Concluding Remarks:

The green banking activities of Banks and FIs in the quarter ended on June 30, 2016 evidences increasing scenario in total green Finance for both Banks and FIs comparing the previous quarter. This increase has been pushed up by indirect Green Finance increasing from Tk. 119.21 billion to Tk. 134.52 billion. Although not so significant as Indirect Green Finance, Direct Green Finance also increased from Tk. 7.23 billion to Tk. 8.69 billion. The amount of investment and expenditure in direct green finance of banks and FIs will expectedly be heightened in the upcoming years. Thus, BB anticipates the more rigorous and effective performance of banks and FIs in mainstreaming green banking activities especially in direct green finance.

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